

Multi-constituent chemical data assimilation and AQ-GHG synergies

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1. Global EnKF data assimilation systems

- Concentrations + emissions from multi-constituent retrievals
- Tropospheric chemistry reanalysis (2005-2017)
- Multi-model (incl. GEOS-Chem) EnKF inter-comparison

2. AQ-GHG synergies

- through OH coupling (CH₄, O₃)
- joint emission optimization for NO_x+CO+CO₂
- transport error diagnostics, combustion process

3. AQ-GHG OSSEs

Tropospheric chemistry reanalyses (TCR)

	TCR-1	TCR-2	MACCRA	CAMSiRA
Period	2005-2012	2005-2017	2003-2012	2003-2015
Horizontal resolution	2.8°	1.1°	80 km	110 km
Vertical resolution	32 layers to 4 hPa (sigma)	32 layers to 4 hPa (hybrid)	60 layers to 0.1 hPa	60 layers to 0.1 hPa
Forecast model	CCSR/NIES/FRCGC AGCM-CHASER	MIROC-Chem	C-IFS MOZART-3	C-IFS CB05/ Cariolle ozone
Assimilation scheme	EnKF	EnKF	4D-VAR (w/ bias correction)	4D-VAR (w/ bias correction)
Assimilated measurements	OMI (DOMINO2), TES (v5), MOPITT (v6 NIR), MLS (3.3)	OMI (QA4ECV, PCA), SCIAMACHY, GOME-2 (QA4ECV), TES (v6), MOPITT (v7 TIR/NIR), MLS (v4.2)	GOME, MIPAS, MLS, OMI, SBUV/2, SCIAMACHY, IASI, MOPITT, MODIS	GOME, MIPAS, MLS, OMI, SBUV/2, SCIAMACHY, IASI, MOPITT, MODIS
Assimilated species	O3, CO, NO2, HNO3	O3, CO, NO2, SO2, HNO3	O3, CO, AOD	O3, CO, AOD
State vector	Concentrations of 35 species + emissions (NOx, CO, LNOx)	Concentrations of 35 species + emissions (NOx, SO2, diurnal variability, CO, LNOx)	Concentrations	Concentrations
Reference	Miyazaki et al. 2015	Miyazaki et al. in prep	Inness et al., 2013	Flemming et al., 2017

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- Multiple-species assimilation provides comprehensive constraints on emissions while improving chemical lifetimes (OH) and reducing model errors
- The improved representations of the emission variability benefit the atmospheric concentration analysis through a reduction in model forecast error.

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Tropospheric Chemistry Reanalysis (TCR-2)

2005

2010

2015

2017

OMI
NO₂

row anomaly

SCIAMACHY
NO₂

GOME-2
NO₂

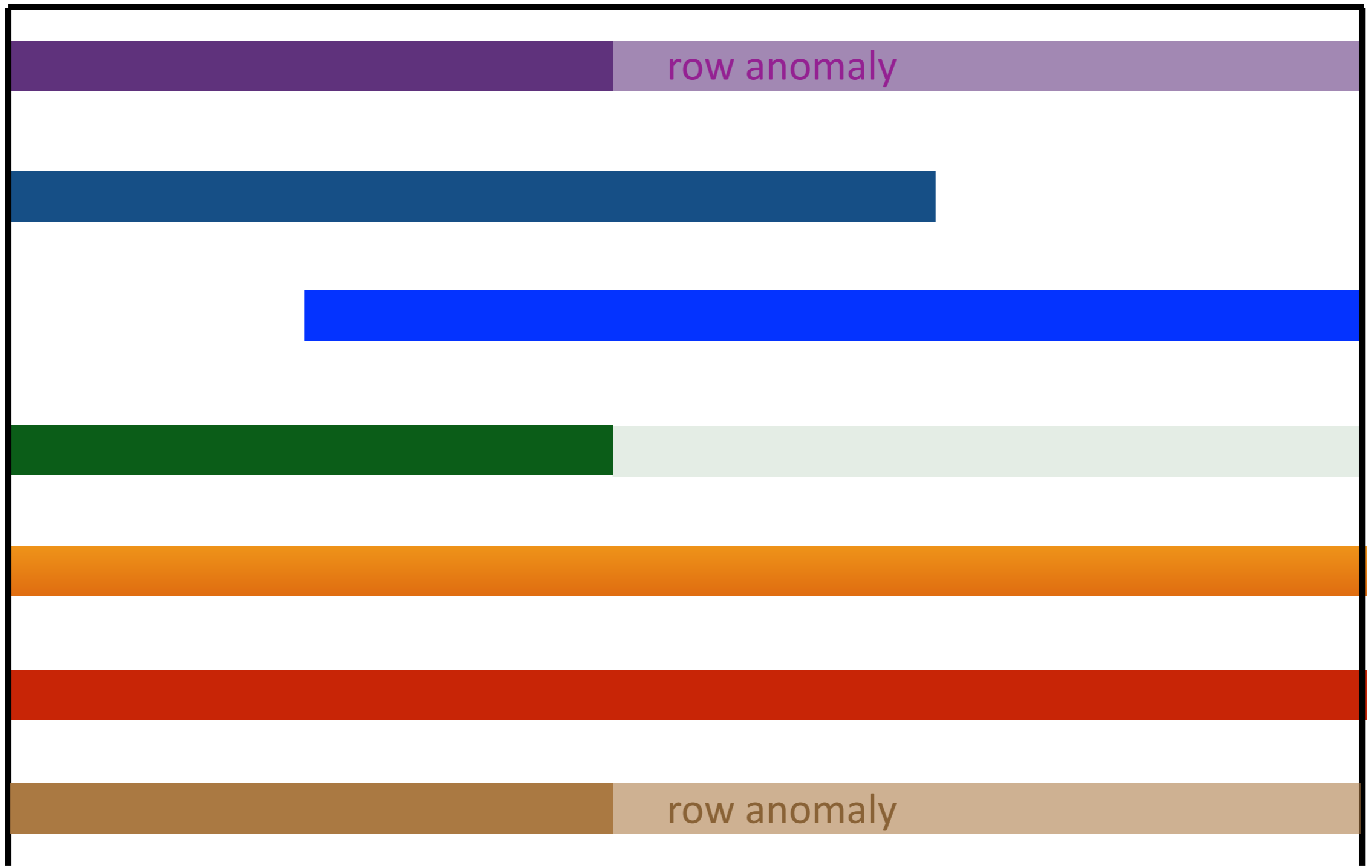
TES
O₃

MLS
O₃/HNO₃

MOPITT
CO

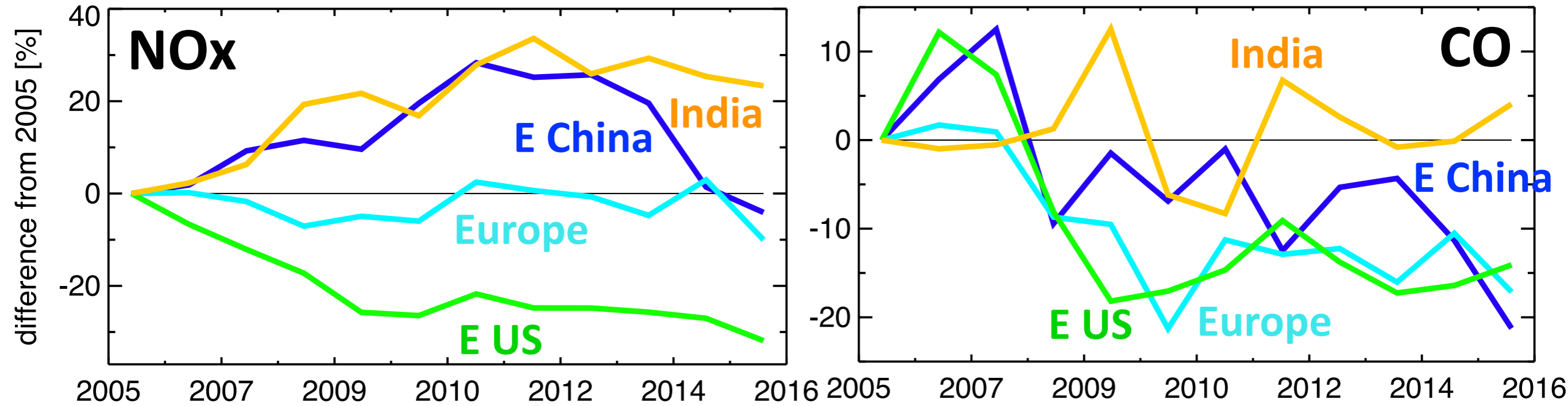
OMI
SO₂

row anomaly



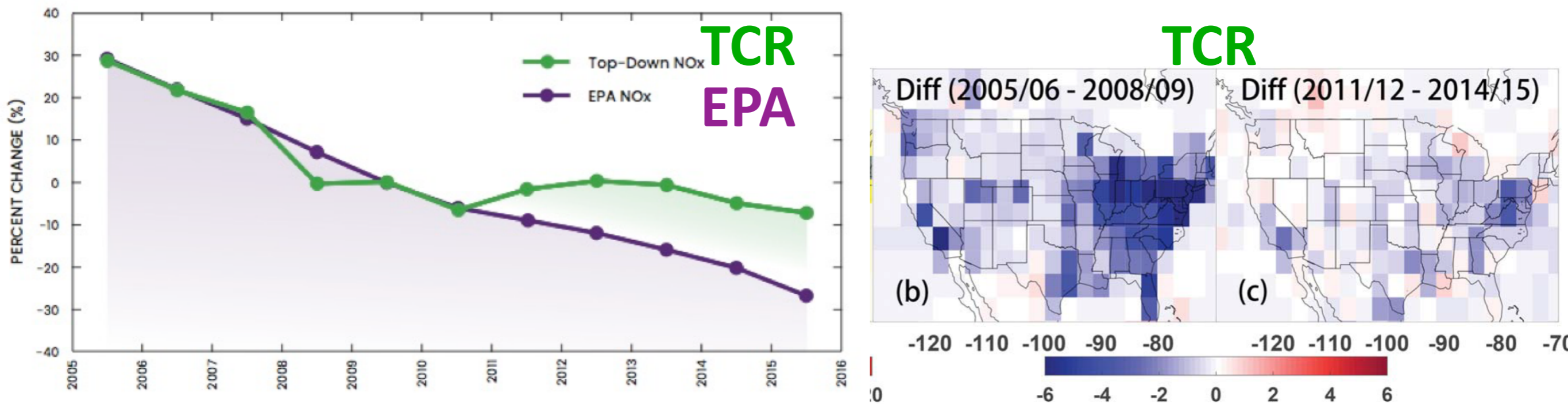
Global NOx and CO trends from TCR

Miyazaki et al., ACP, 2017



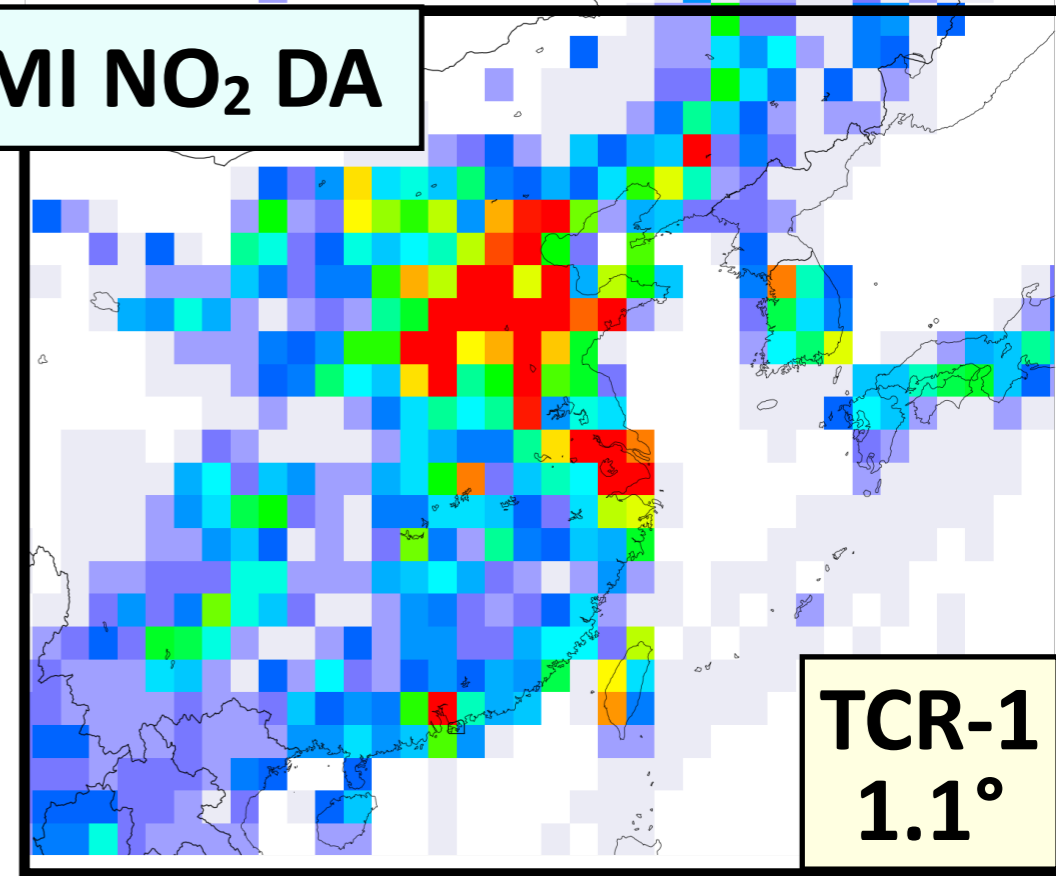
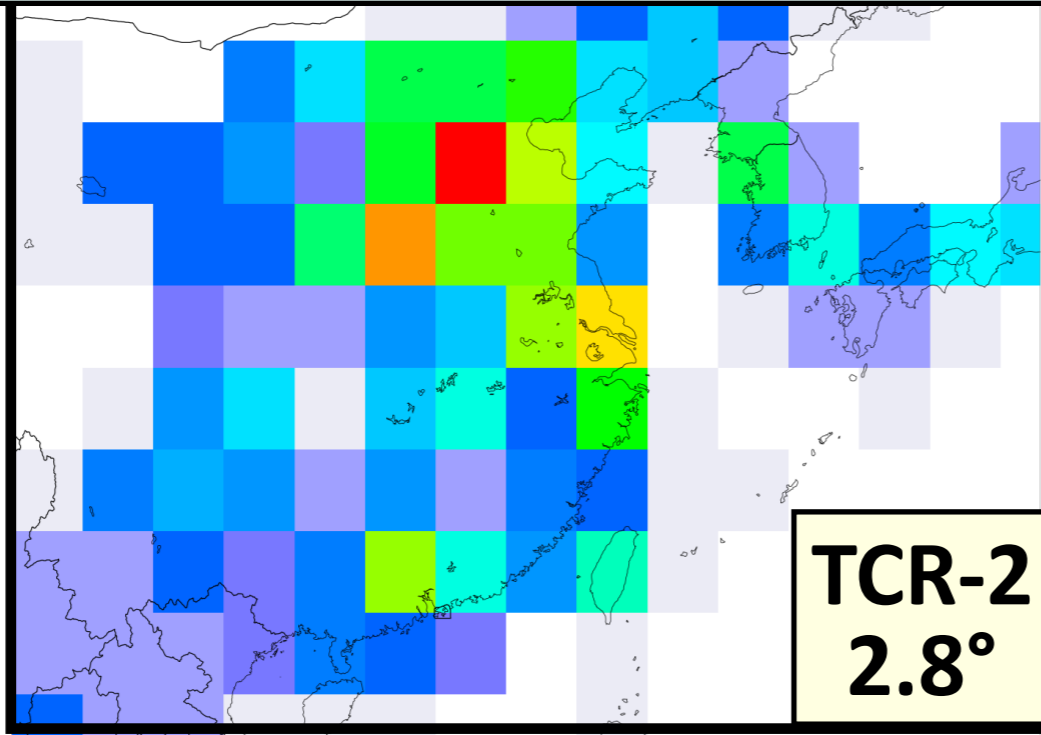
Unexpected slowdown of US pollutant emission reduction

Jiang et al., PNAS, 2018

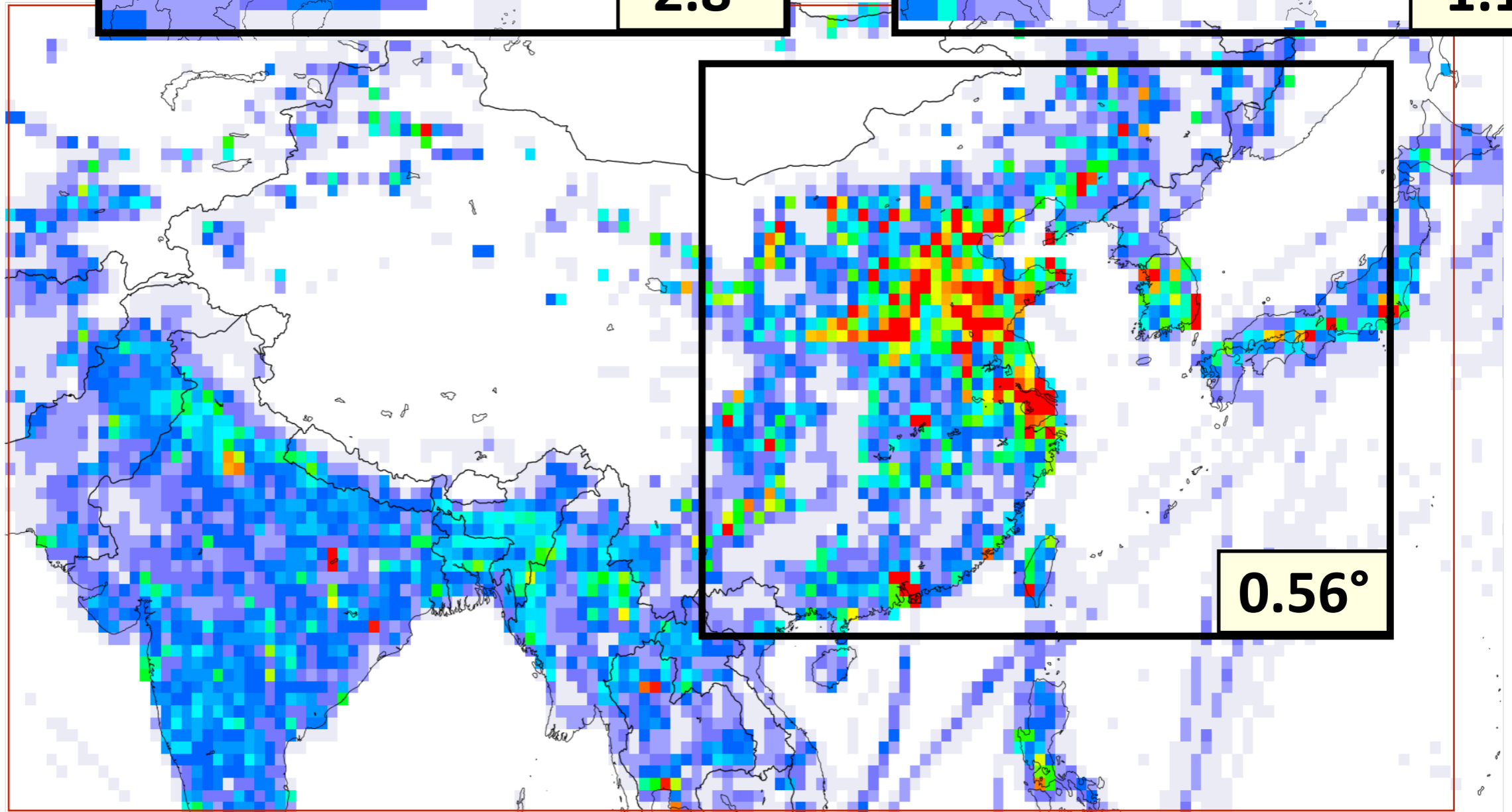
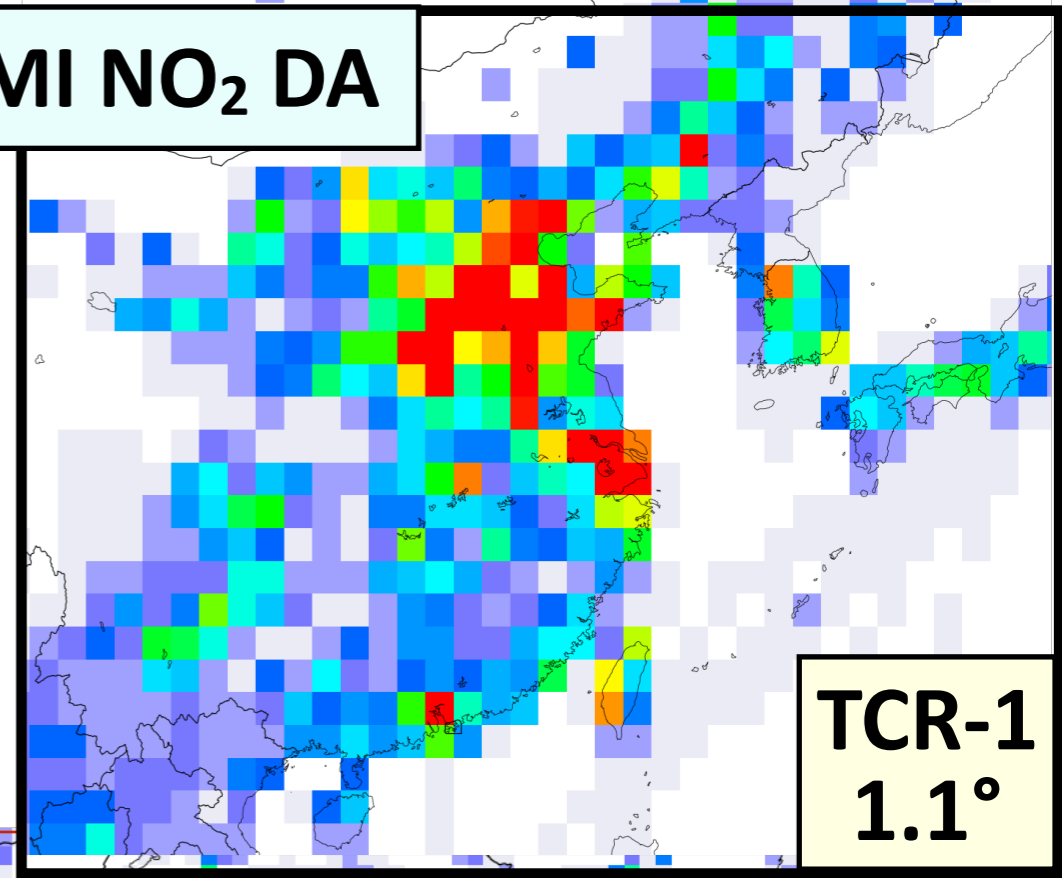
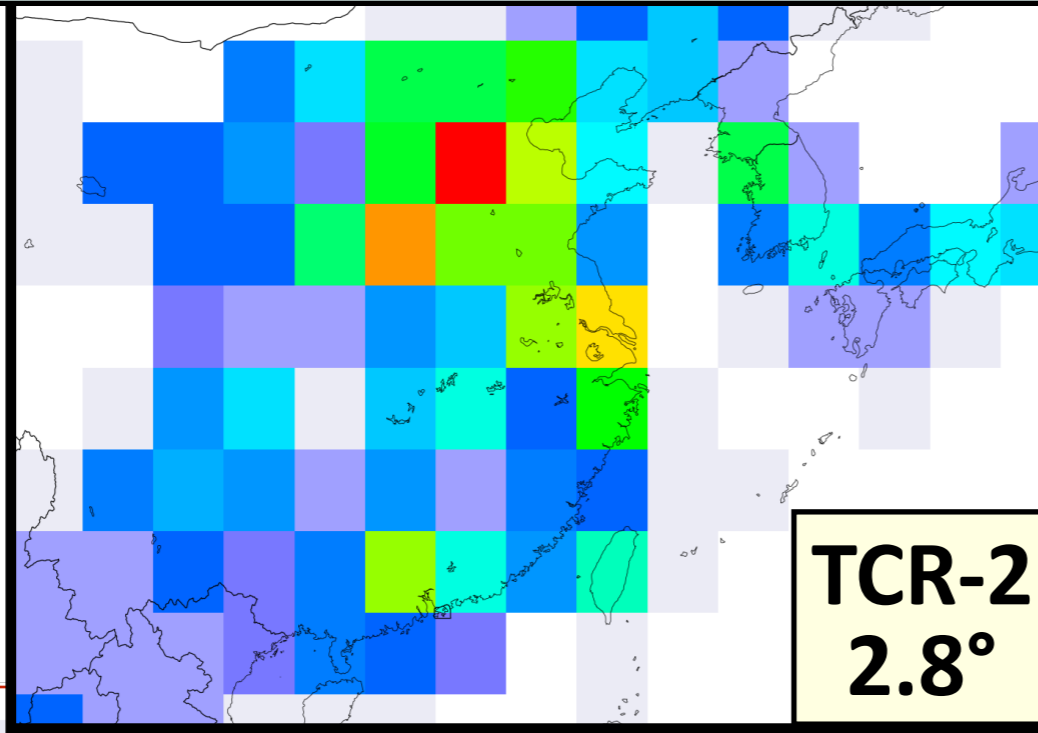


Top-down emission (TCR) estimates show that the decline has slowed dramatically in recent years.

Estimated NOx emissions from QA4ECV OMI NO₂ DA

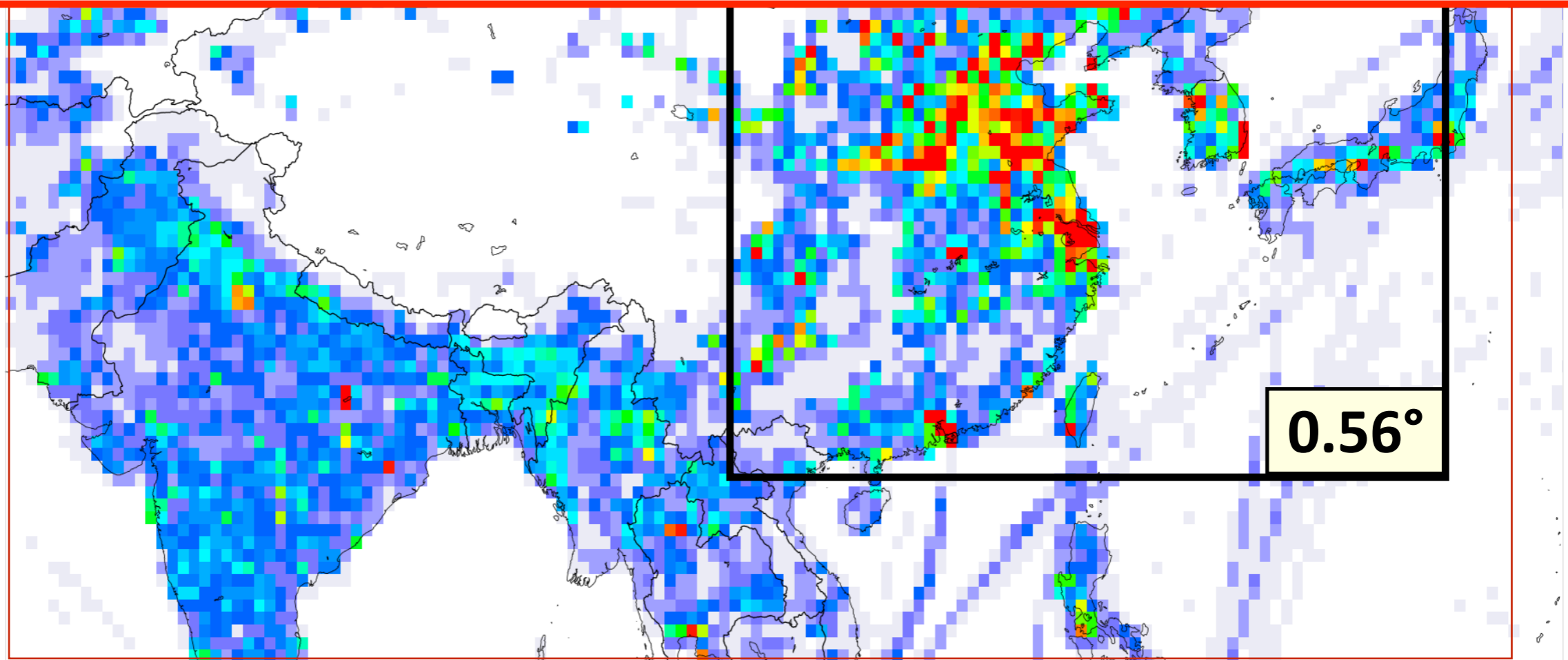


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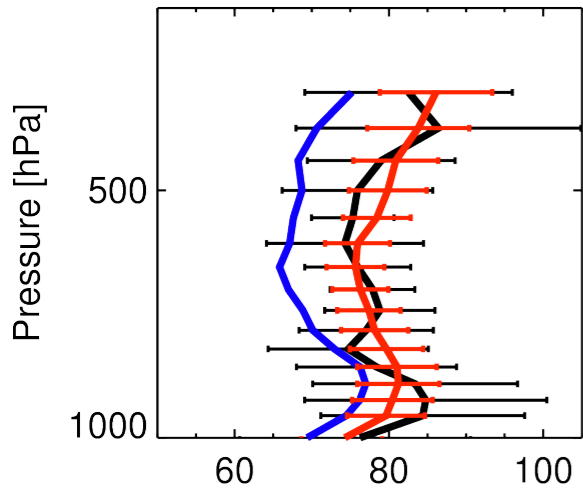


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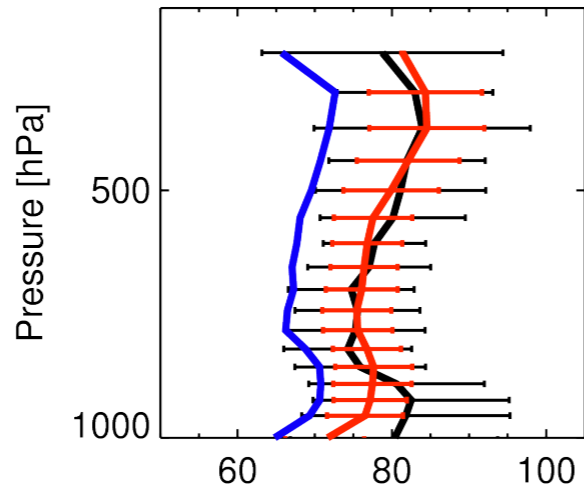
- [1.1° TCR-2 for 2005-2017](#): will be released soon. For decadal atmospheric composition variability at megacity-scale
- [0.56° DA](#): multi-constituent (NO_x, CO, SO₂, O₃, HCHO) data from TROPOMI and 3-GEOs
- Aerosol and GHG DA may be included in the future



O₃ (Seoul)

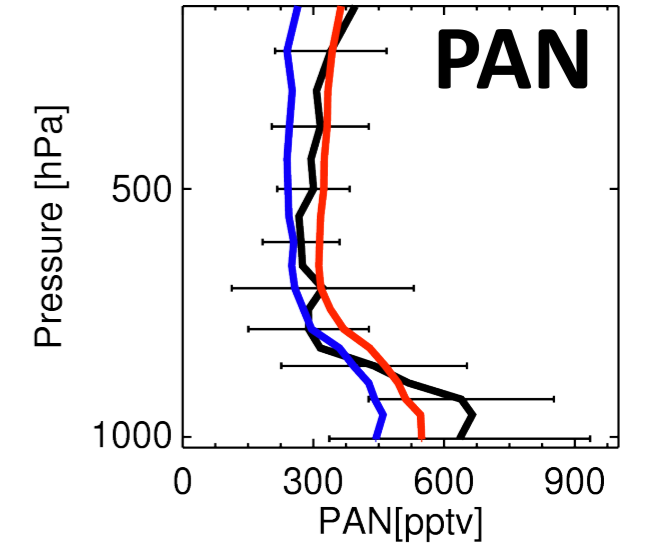
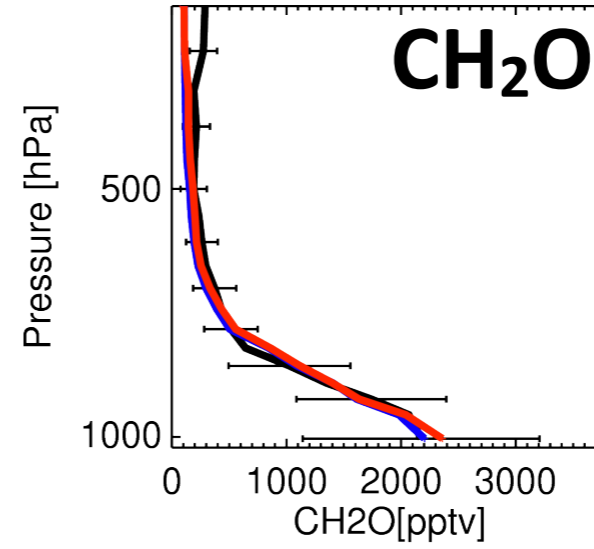
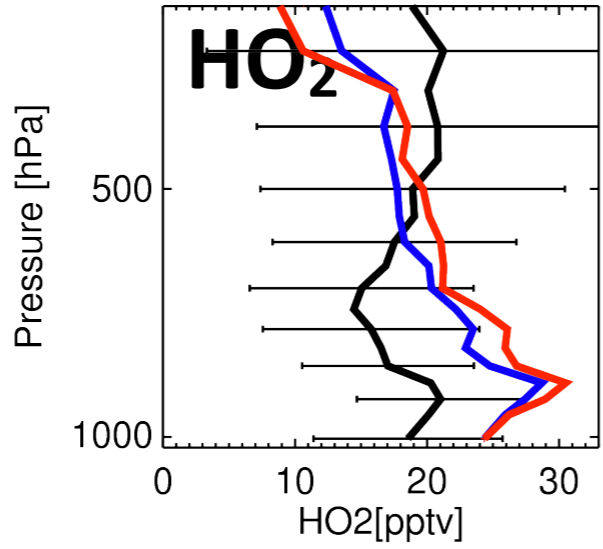
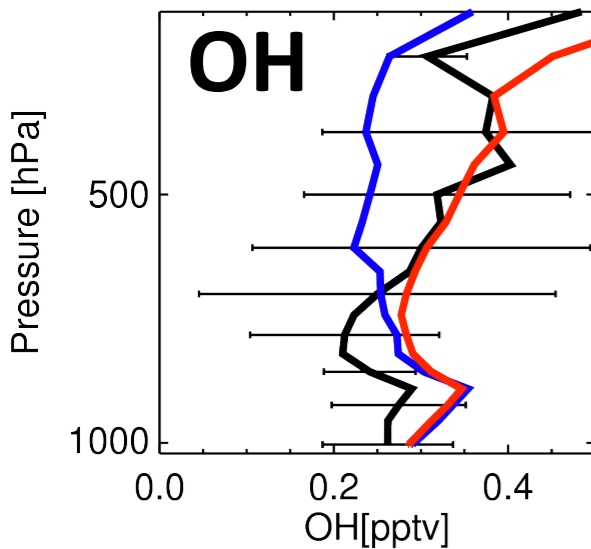
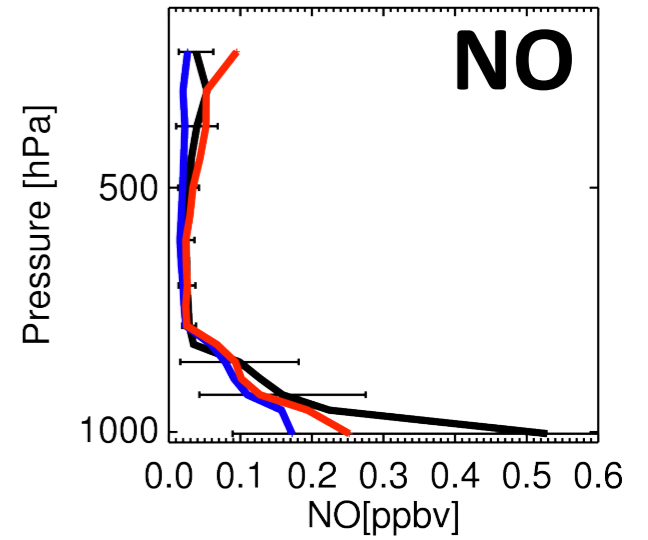
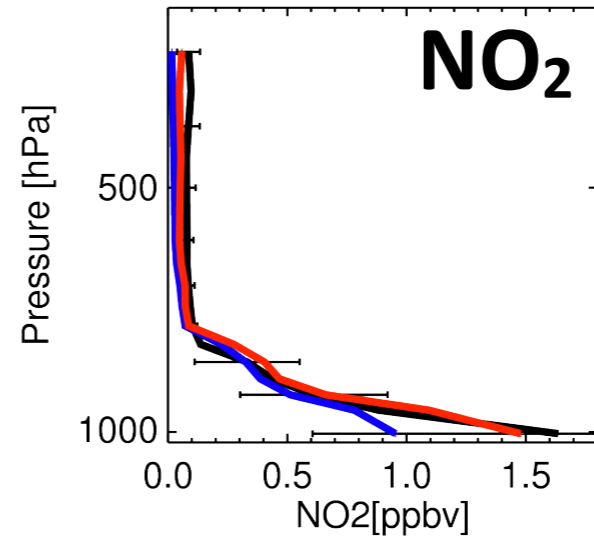
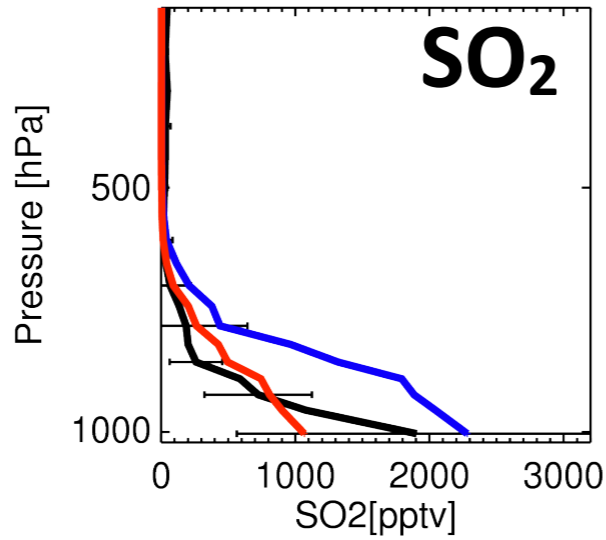
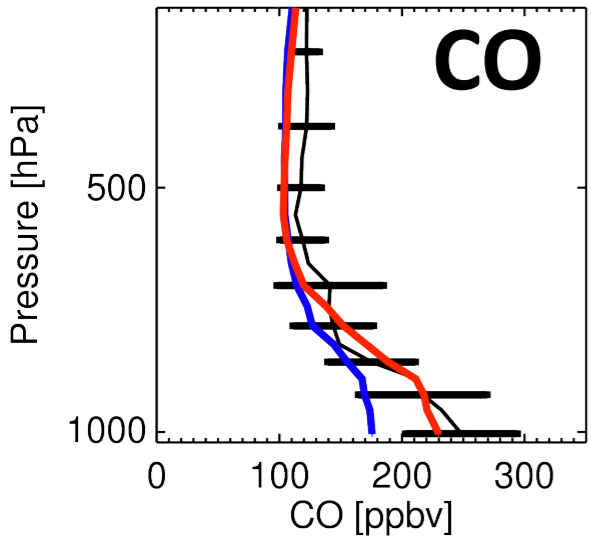


O₃ (excl Seoul)



**TCR-2 validation:
Mean DC-8 profiles**

KORUS-AQ logo featuring the Korean flag colors and a globe.



Observation Model TCR-2

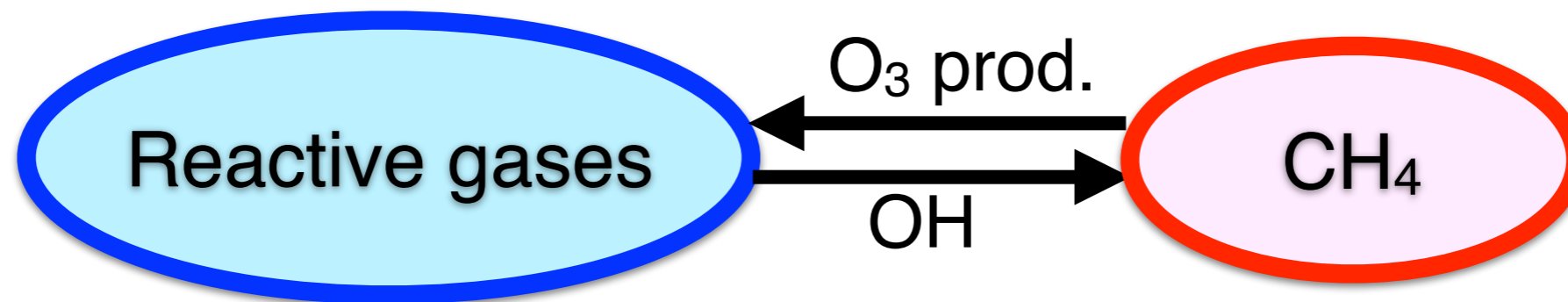
Miyazaki et al., submitted

AQ-GHG synergies



(from monthly to decadal scales)

TCR + any CTMs (CH₄ inversion)



OMI, TES, MLS
SCIAMACHY,
GOME-2, MOPITT,
TROPOMI
(NO_x, CO, SO₂, O₃, HCHO)

GOSAT
TROPOMI

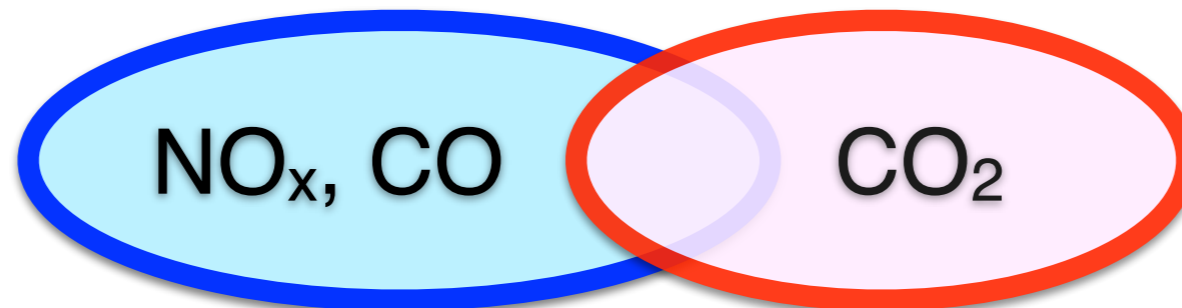
AQ-GHG synergies

NO_x-CO-CO₂ joint emission inversion

Transport error diagnostics

Changes in composition due to anthropogenic combustion

TCR + CO₂ inversions (JAMSTEC and others)



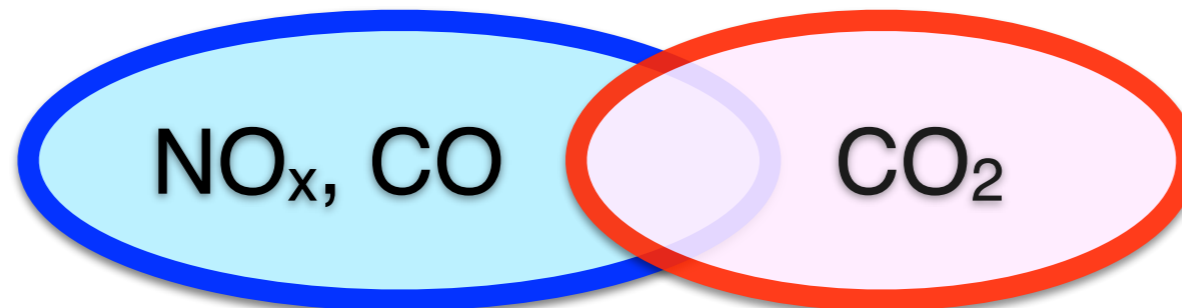
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	GOSAT	GOSAT-2	GOSAT-3
Species	CO ₂ , CH ₄	CO ₂ , CH ₄ , CO	????
OSSE	No	No	Yes?

	1. GEOS-Chem	2. CHASER (TCR-1)	3. MIROC	4. MIROC-H (TCR-2)
Horizontal resolution	2°x2.5°	2.8°x2.8°	2.8°x2.8°	1.1°x1.1°
Vertical resolution	47 layers to 0.1 hPa (hybrid)	32 layers to 4 hPa (sigma)	32 layers to 4 hPa (hybrid)	32 layers to 4 hPa (hybrid)
Forecast model	GEOS-Chem v9 (adjoint v35)	CCSR/NIES/FRCGC AGCM-CHASER	MIROC-Chem	MIROC-Chem
Chemistry	43 species, 318 reactions	47 species, 88 reactions	92 species, 262 reactions	92 species, 262 reactions
Met data	GEOS-5	Nudged to NCEP-DOE/AMIP-2	Nudged to ERA-Interim	Nudged to ERA-Interim
A priori emissions	EDGAR, NEI2008, RETRO, GFED2,	EDGAR 4.2, GFED 3.1, GEIA	EDGAR 4.2, GFED 3.1, GEIA	HTAP2, GFED4, GEIA
Assimilated measurements	OMI (DOMINO2), TES (v5), MOPITT (v6 NIR), MLS (3.3)	OMI (DOMINO2), TES (v5), MOPITT (v6 NIR), MLS (3.3)	OMI (DOMINO2), TES (v5), MOPITT (v6 NIR), MLS (3.3)	OMI (QA4ECV, PCA), SCIAMACHY, GOME-2 (QA4ECV), TES (v6), MOPITT (v7J), MLS (v4.2)
Assimilated species	O3, CO, NO2, HNO3	O3, CO, NO2, HNO3	O3, CO, NO2, HNO3	O3, CO, NO2, SO2, HNO3
State vector	Concentrations of 43 species + emissions (NO _x , CO, LNO _x)	Concentrations of 35 species + emissions (NO _x , diurnal variability, CO, LNO _x)	Concentrations of 35 species + emissions (NO _x , diurnal variability, CO, LNO _x)	Concentrations of 35 species + emissions (NO _x , diurnal variability, CO, SO2, LNO _x)
Reference	Miyazaki et al. 2018b (in prep.)	Miyazaki et al. 2012a,b 2013, 2014, 2015	Miyazaki et al. 2017	Miyazaki et al. 2018a (in prep.) ¹⁰

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Assimilated species	O3, CO, NO2, HNO3	O3, CO, NO2, HNO3	O3, CO, NO2, HNO3	O3, CO, NO2, SO2, HNO3

Concentrations of 25

Observation sensitivity assessment based on multi-model DA systems would help to evaluate the value of observing systems

Reference	Miyazaki et al. 2018b (in prep.)	Miyazaki et al. 2012a,b 2013, 2014, 2015	Miyazaki et al. 2017	Miyazaki et al. 2018a (in prep.) ¹⁰
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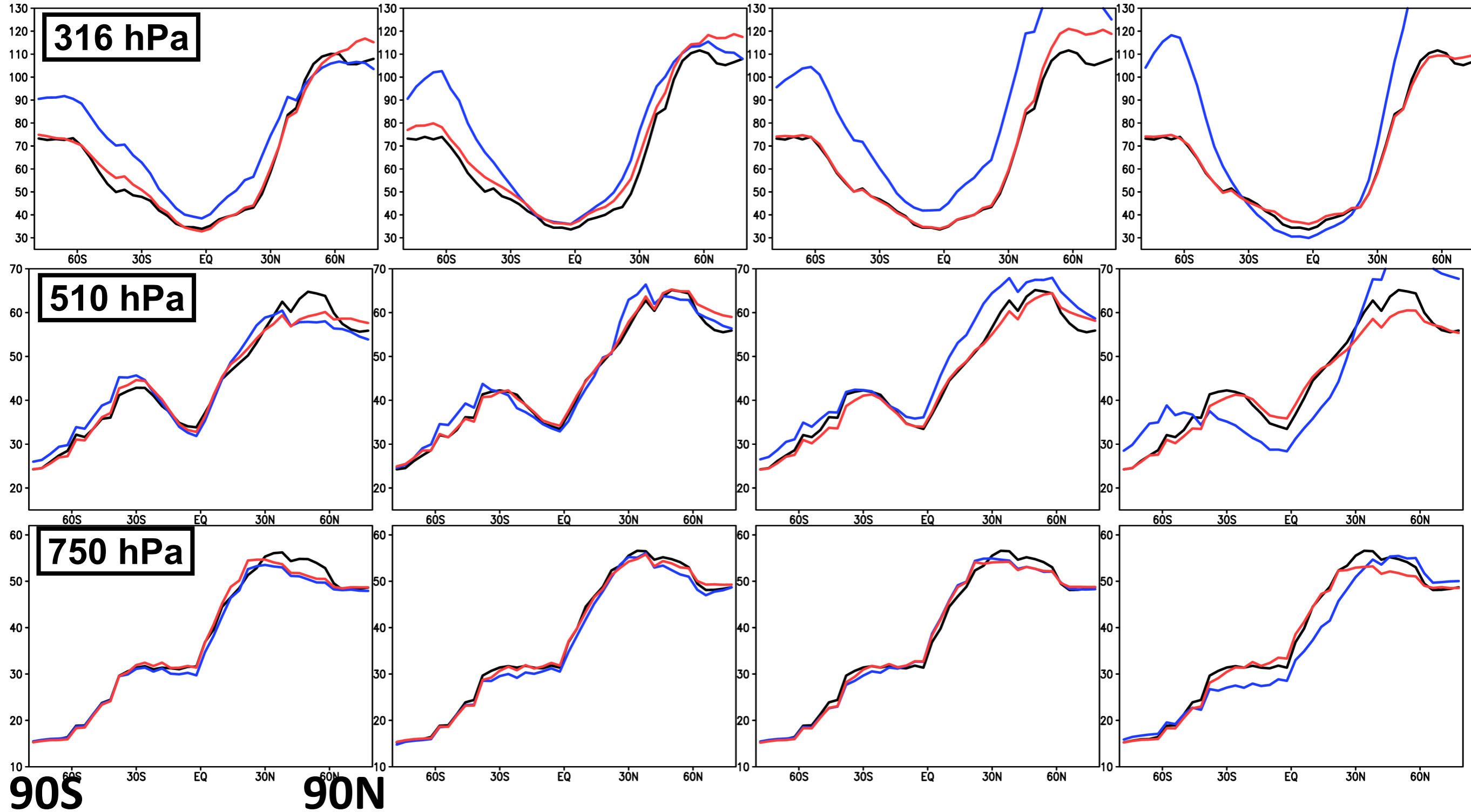
TES ozone (ppbv): zonal mean

GC

CHASER (TCR-1)

MIROC

MIROC-H (TCR-2)



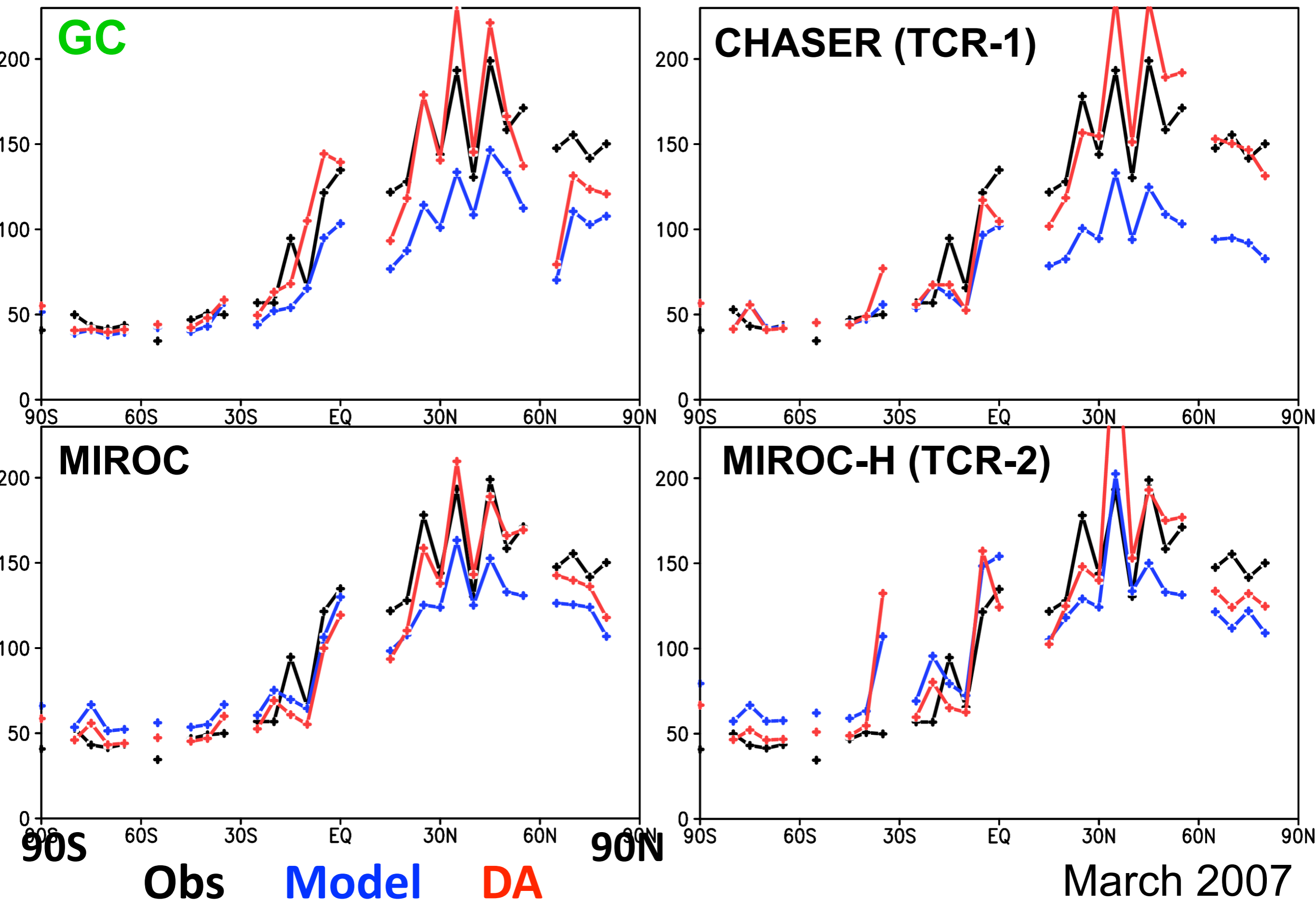
Obs

Model

DA

March 2007

WDCGG surface CO (ppbv): zonal mean



Emissions

A priori

GC

CHASER

MIROC

MIROC-H

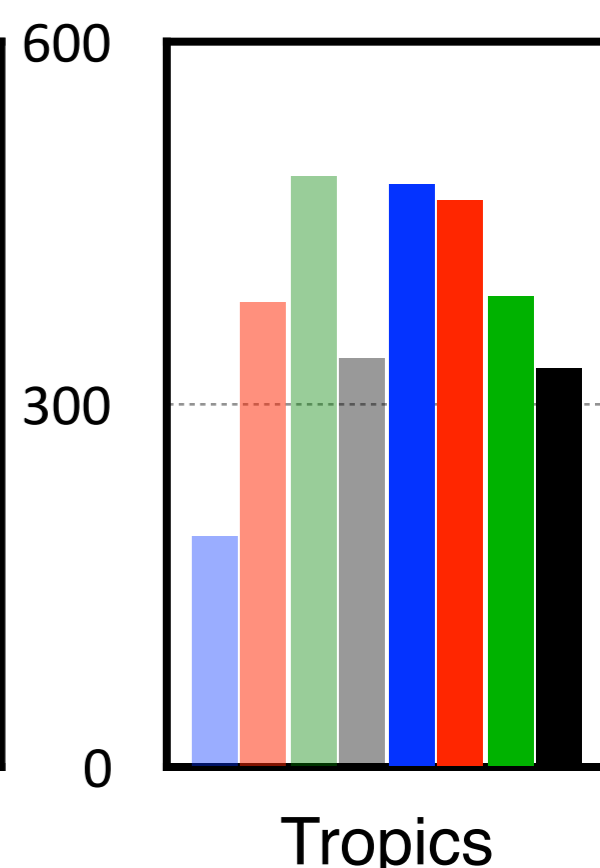
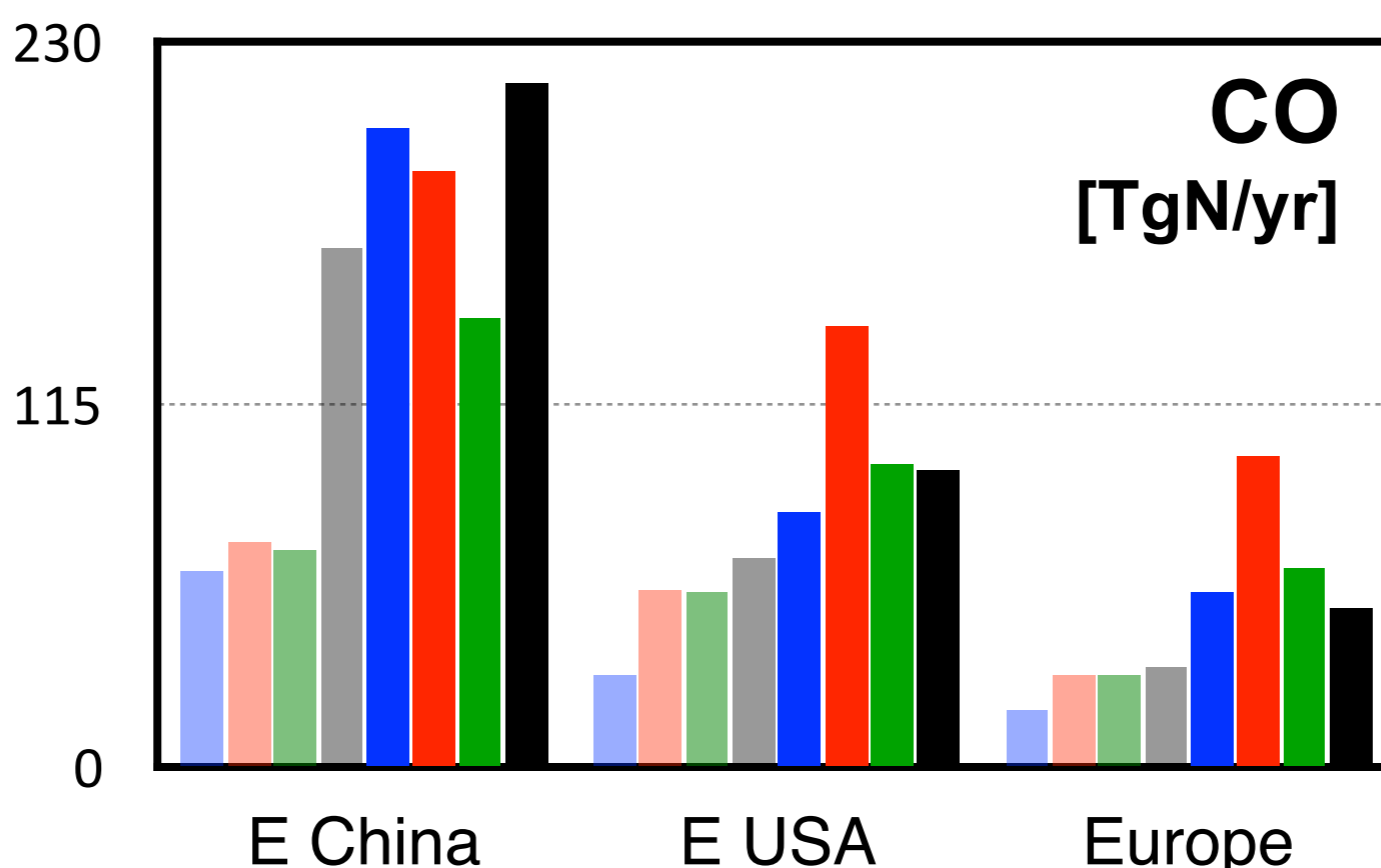
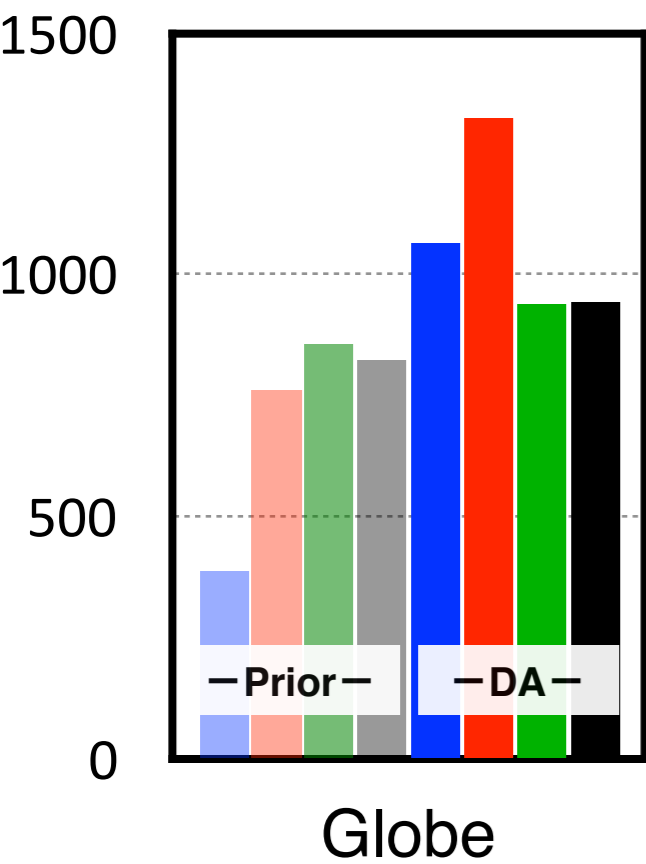
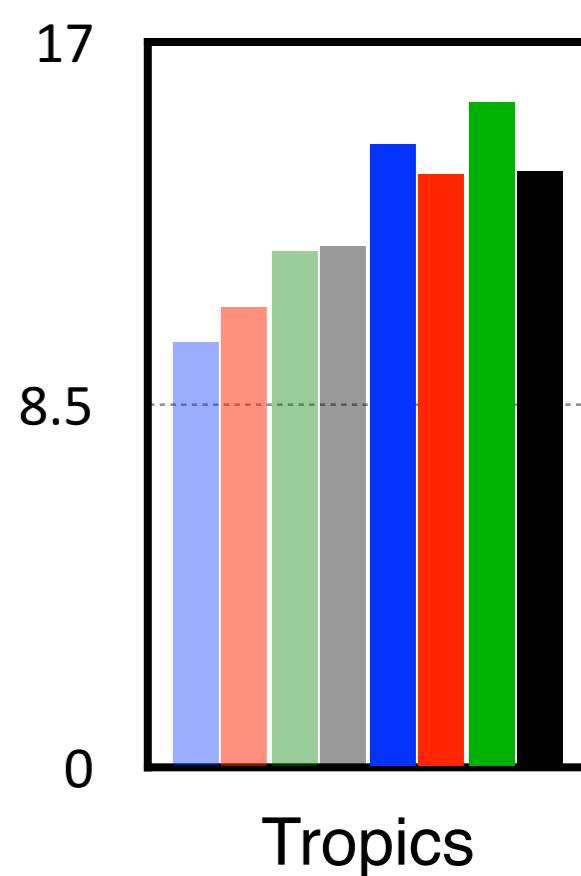
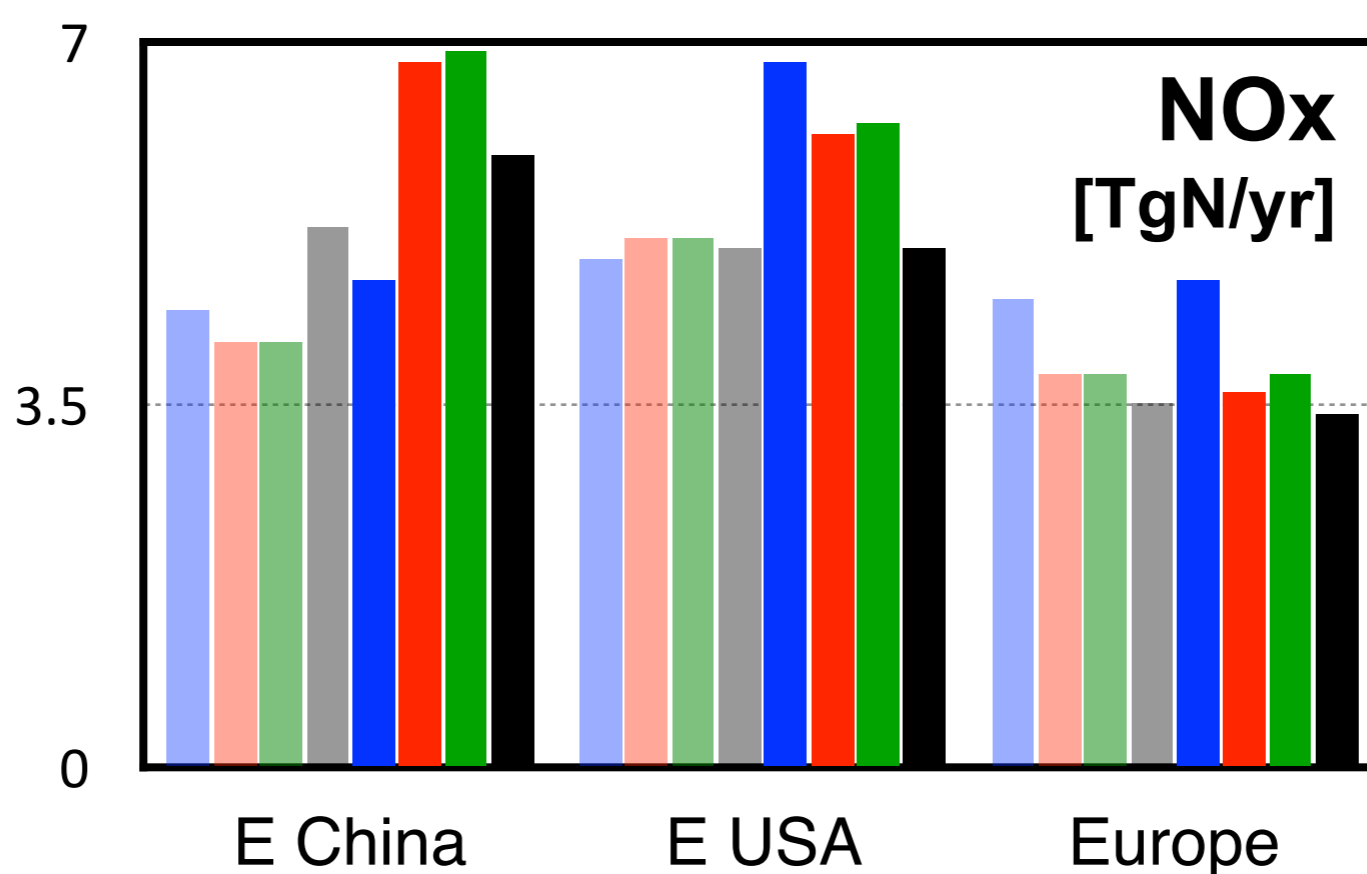
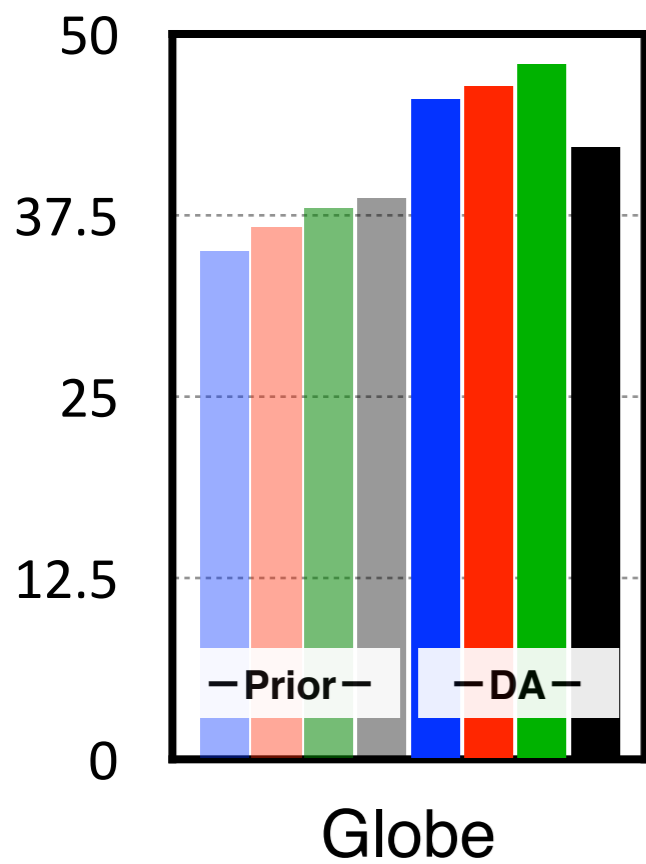
A posteriori

GC DA

CHASER DA

MIROC DA

MIROC-H DA



OH at 700 hPa

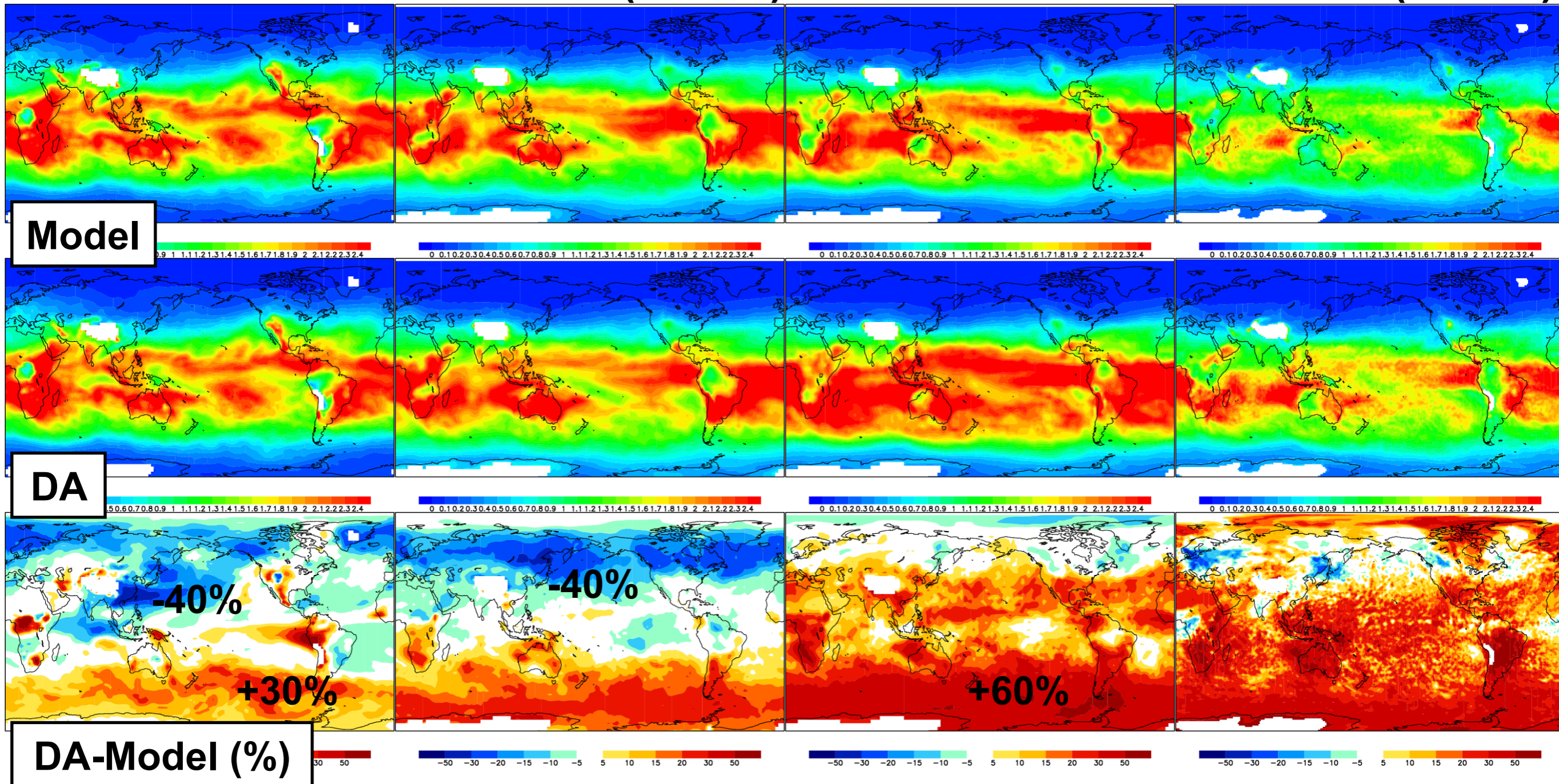
March 2007

GC

CHASER (TCR-1)

MIROC

MIROC-H (TCR-2)



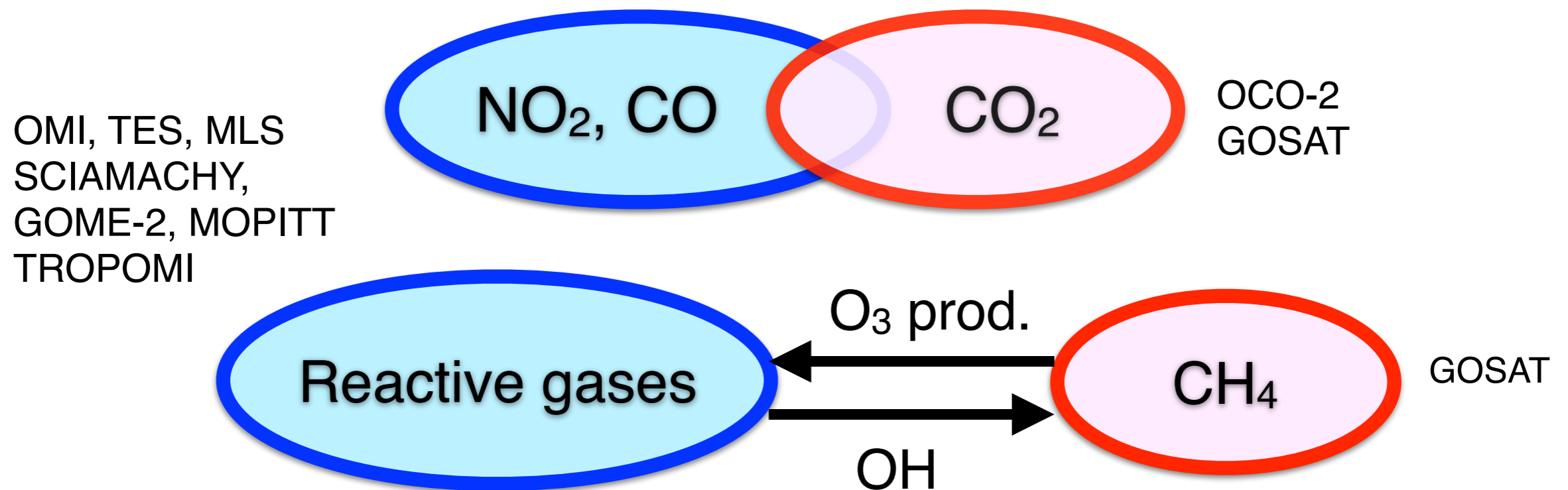
- Multi-constituent DA decreased NH/SH OH ratio (by 4-12%) in all systems
- Better agreements among the models after DA

AQ-GHG synergies

GEOS-Chem-EnKF + CMS flux

NO_x-CO-CO₂ joint emission inversion

Changes in composition due to anthropogenic combustion

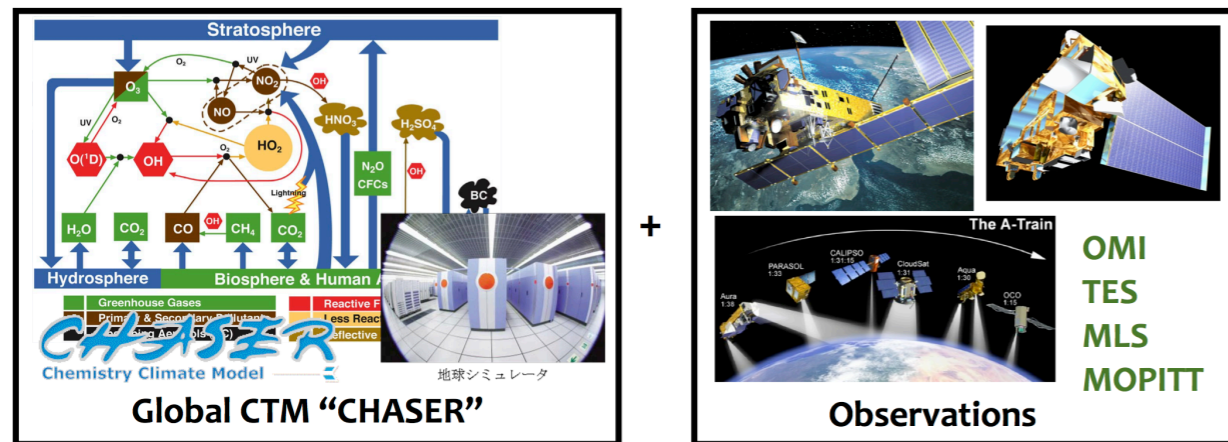


High computer efficiency of GEOS-Chem-EnKF → High resolution GCHP

Contributions to AQ-GHG OSSEs

- If the nature run is not realistic, OSSEs could produce biased information (e.g., through non-linear chemistry).
- Chemical reanalysis fields could be used as a nature run, and to evaluate the observation impacts under realistic conditions.

Truth= Chemical reanalysis



Ensemble Kalman Filter
Data Assimilation



Future sensors
or idealized cases

Synthetic obs

Chemical DA

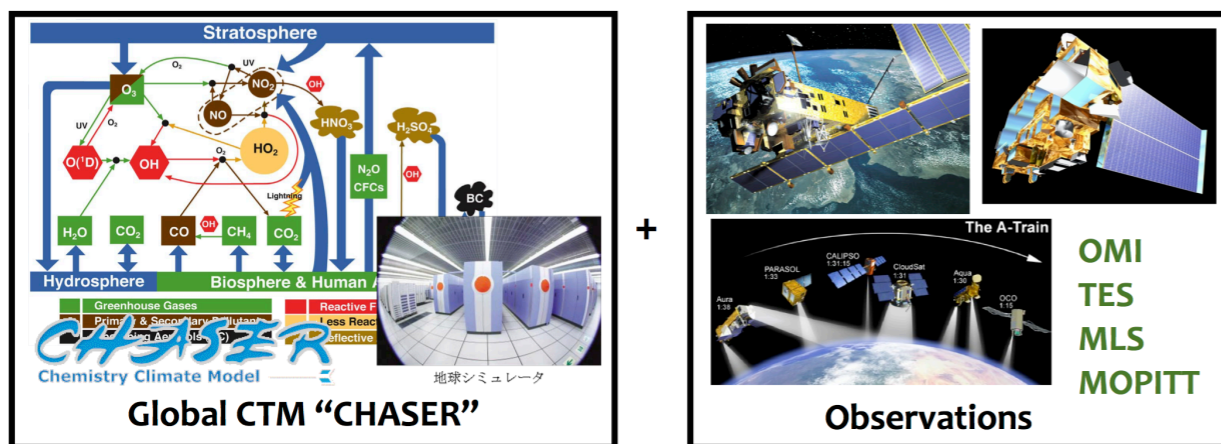
Validation

- with different emissions
- Cross-OSSE avoid over-optimistic results

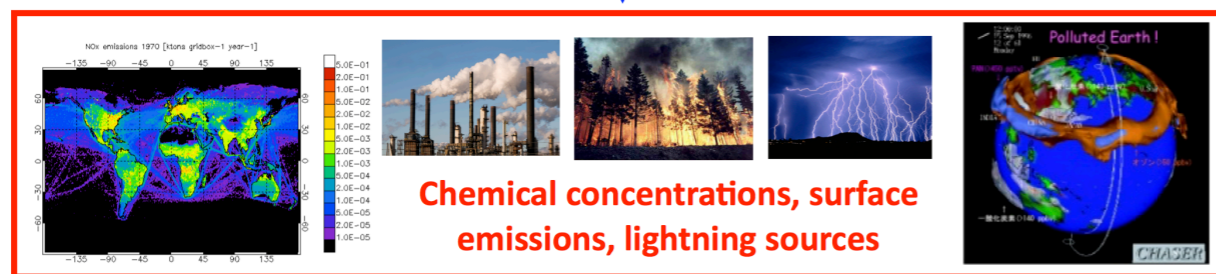
Contributions to AQ-GHG OSSEs

- The multi-constituent DA framework can be used to produce synthetic observations for current observing systems and to explore the ideal potential of current observing systems

Truth= Chemical reanalysis



Ensemble Kalman Filter
Data Assimilation



Validation
Sonde etc

Existing real obs
(x,y,t,AK,R, a priori)

Synthetic obs

CHASER-based
DA

Validation

Compare

- DA/OSSE calibration
- Retrieval/DA problems

Summary

- An updated chemistry reanalysis, TCR-2, will be released soon.
- A global 0.56° resolution DA system will be used to assimilate multi-constituent retrievals from TROPOMI and 3-GEOs.
- Multi-constituent DA systems will be extended to AQ-GHG synergies.

AQ system	TCR	TCR	GEOS-Chem-EnKF
GHG system	CO ₂ inversion	any CTM (CH ₄)	CMS-flux
OH coupling	×	○	×
Joint emission opt	○	×	△
Combustion process	○	△	○
Satellite	○	○ (TROPOMI)	○ (OCO-2)
High resolution	△ (○AQ)	△ (○AQ)	△ (GCHP)

- Multi-model based EnKF DA systems and chemical reanalysis would help to (better) evaluate the observation impacts.