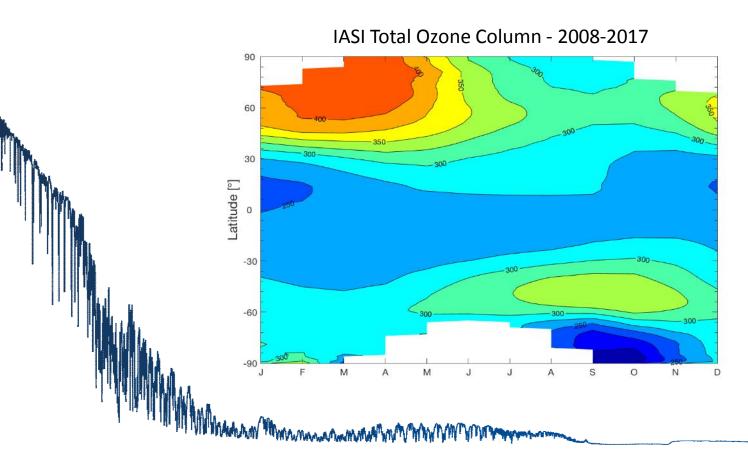
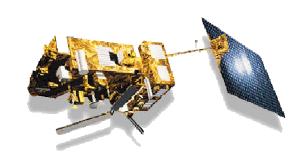
IASI ozone profiles





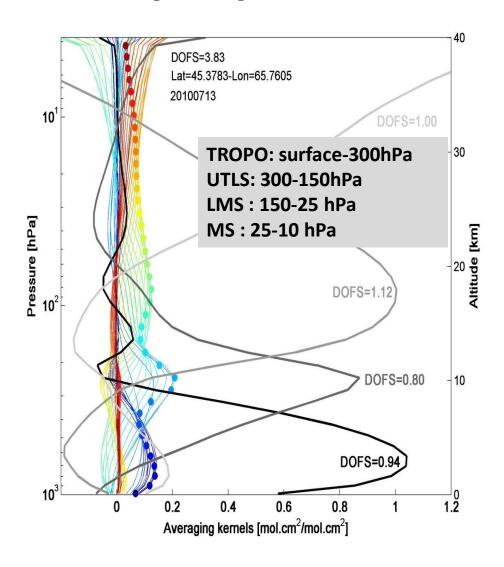


Anne Boynard (LATMOS) and Catherine Wespes (ULB)





IASI – ozone [FORLI]







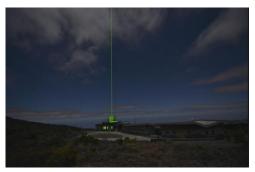




Ozone validation total columns, partial columns and profiles



satellite (GOME-2)









Ground-based (lidar, NDACC/FTS, SAOZ, sondes)



Validation of IASI Ozone retrieved with FORLI

https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-2017-461
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Abstract
Discussion

Research article

Validation of the IASI FORLI/Eumetsat ozone products using satellite (GOME-2), ground-based (Brewer-Dobson, SAOZ) and ozonesonde measurements

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Received: 22 Dec 2017 - Accepted for review: 14 Jan 2018 - Discussion started: 22 Jan 2018

Abstract. This paper assesses the quality of IASI/Metop-A (IASI-A) and IASI/Metop-B (IASI-B) ozone (O₃) products (total and partial O₃ columns) retrieved with the Fast Optimal Retrievals on Layers for IASI Ozone (FORLI-O₃) v20151001 software for nine years (2008–2017) through an extensive inter-comparison and validation exercise using independent observations (satellite, ground-based and ozonesonde). IASI-A and IASI-B Total O₃ Columns (TOCs) are generally consistent, with a global mean difference less than 0.3 % for both day- and nighttime measurements, IASI-A being slightly higher than IASI-B. A global difference less than 2.4 % is found for the tropospheric (TROPO) O₃ column product (IASI-A being lower than IASI-B), which is partly due to a temporary issue related to IASI-A viewing angle in 2015. Our validation shows that IASI-A and IASI-B TOCs are consistent with GOME-2, Dobson, Brewer and SAOZ retrieved ones, with global mean differences in the range 0.1–2 % depending on the instruments. The IASI-A and ground-based TOC comparison for the period 2008–July 2017 shows good long-term stability (negative trends within 3 % decade⁻¹). The comparison results between IASI-A and IASI-B against smoothed ozonesonde partial O₃ columns vary in altitude and latitude, with maximum standard deviation for the 300–150 hPa column (20–40 %) due to strong ozone variability and a priori uncertainty. The worst agreement with the ozonesondes and with UV-vis retrieved TOC [satellite and ground] is found at the southern high latitudes. Compared to ozonesonde data, IASI-A and IASI-B O₃ products overestimate the O₃ abundance in the stratosphere (up to 20 % for the 150–25 hPa column) and underestimates the O₃ abundance in the troposphere (within 10 % for the mid-latitudes and ~ 18 % for the tropics). Based on the period 2011–2016, non-significant drift is found for the northern hemispheric tropospheric columns while a small drift prevails for the period before 2011.

Citation: Boynard, A., Hurtmans, D., Garane, K., Goutail, F., Hadji-Lazaro, J., Koukouli, M. E., Wespes, C., Keppens, A., Pommereau, J.-P., Pazmino, A., Balis, D., Loyola, D., Valks, P., Coheur, P.-F., and Clerbaux, C.: Validation of the IAST FORLI/Eumetsat ozone products using satellite (GOME-2), ground-based (Brewer-Dobson, SAO2) and ozonesonde measurements, Atmos. Meas. Tech. Discuss., https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-2017-461, in review, 2018.

This discussion paper is a preprint. It is a manuscript under review for the journal Atmospheric Measurement Techniques (AMT).

"IASI-A/IASI-B Ozone intercomparison (total and

tropospheric column)

Discussion papers

22 Jan 2018

Review status

- " IASI Total Ozone validation (GOME-2, Brewer/Dobson)
- "IASI ozone partial column validation (ozonesonde)



Year

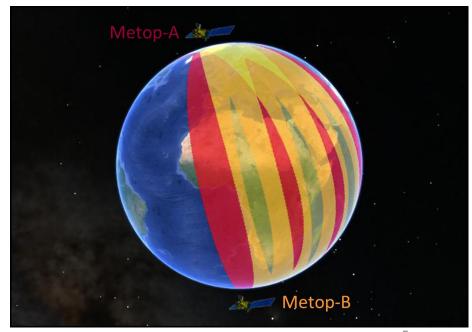
Intercomparison between IASI-A and IASI-B May 2013 – July 2017

Relative Difference for the Total Ozone Column Daytime Nighttime 90 1.6 60 60 1.2, 1.2, 0.8 0.8 Latitude [°] 0.4 0.4 0 -0.4 -0.4 -0.8 -0.8 -1.2 -1.2-60 -60 -1.6 -1.6 2014 2017 2014

Year

Relative difference=(IASIA-IASIB)/IASIA

Differences within 0.4%

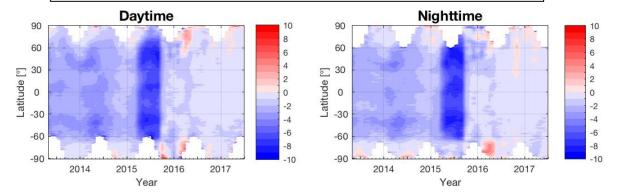




Intercomparison between IASI-A and IASI-B May 2013 – July 2017

Relative Difference for the Total Ozone Column Daytime Nighttime 90 Differences within 0.4% 1.6 60 60 1.2, 1.2, 0.8 0.8 Latitude [°] 0.4 0.4 0 0 -0.4 -0.4 -0.8 -0.8 -1.2 -1.2-60 -60 -1.6 -1.6 2015 2016 2017 2014 2014 2015 2016 Year Year

Relative Difference for the surface-300hPa column

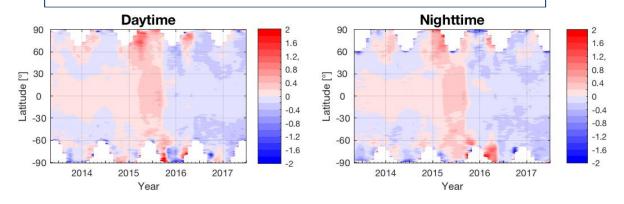


Differences within 2%



Intercomparison between IASI-A and IASI-B May 2013 – July 2017

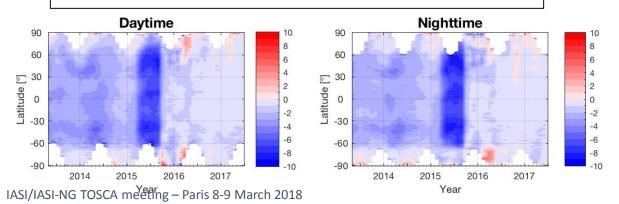




Differences within 0.4%

- Apr.-Sep. 2015: Error in the IASI-A pixel registration, (IASI-A viewing angle modified) => corrected in September
- October 2015: stop of the compensation of the cube corner movements

Relative Difference for the surface-300hPa column

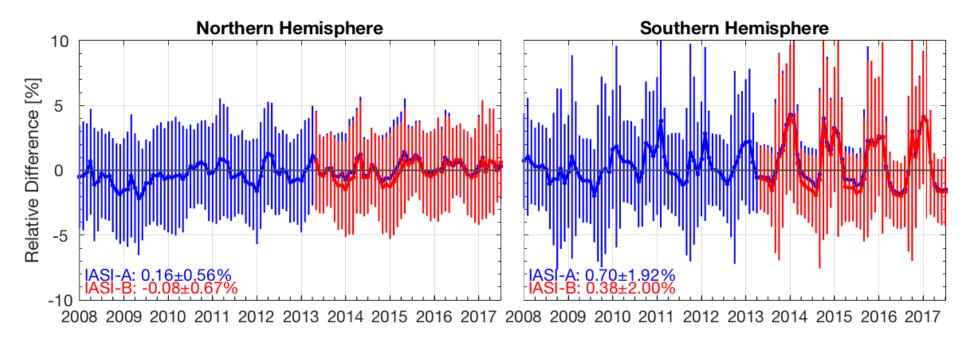


Differences within 2%



Validation of IASI TOC with DLR GOME-2A data (1/2)

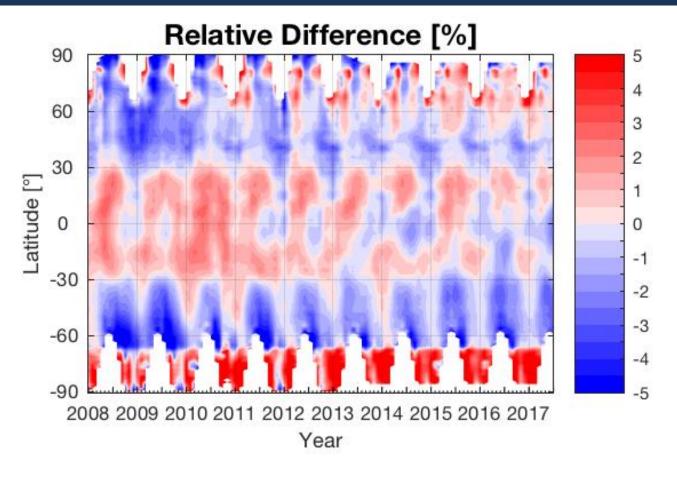
relative difference=(IASI-GOME-2A)/GOME-2A



- Pronounced seasonality in the difference in the SH
- " Largest differences being found during austral summer (> 4%)
- Lowest differences during the austral winter



Validation of IASI TOC with DLR GOME-2A data (2/2)



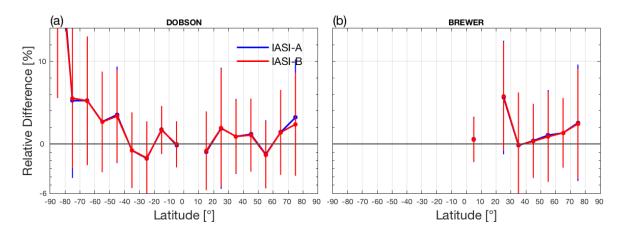
relative difference=(IASI-GOME-2A)/GOME-2A

- Lowest differences in the mid-latitudes and tropics
- Largest differences in the polar regions(>>5% over Antarctica)



Validation of IASI TOC with Brewer/Dobson data (1/2)

Coincidence criterium: 50km around the station

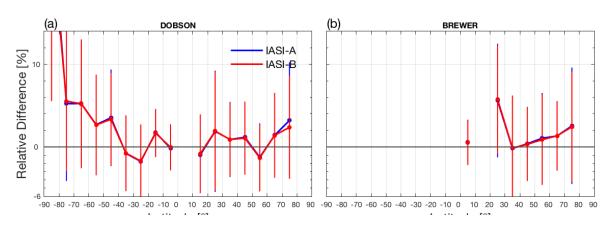


- " Lowest differences found in the Northern hemisphere (NH) (generally within 1%)
- " Largest differences are found in Antarctic (beyond 20%).

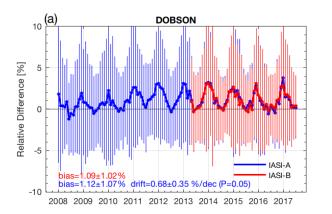


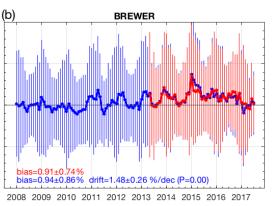
Validation of IASI TOC with Brewer/Dobson data (2/2)

Coincidence criterium: 50km around the station



- " Lowest differences found in the Northern hemisphere (NH) (generally within 1%)
- " Largest differences are found in Antarctic (beyond 20%).





Overall bias (NH):

- " Dobson: \sim 1 \pm 1% / Brewer: \sim 0.5 \pm 1%.
- "Seasonal variability visible (Dobson spectrometer depends on stratospheric effective temperature (Koukouli et al., 2015))
- No significant trend in the difference for the total ozone column



Validation of IASI O3 partial columns with ozonesonde data

Coincidence criteria:

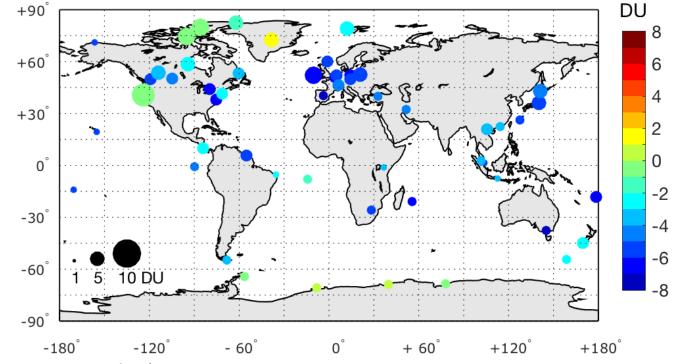
" 100km search radius

″ ±6 h

TROPO: surface-300hPa

UTLS: 300-150hPa LMS: 150-25 hPa

MS: 25-10 hPa

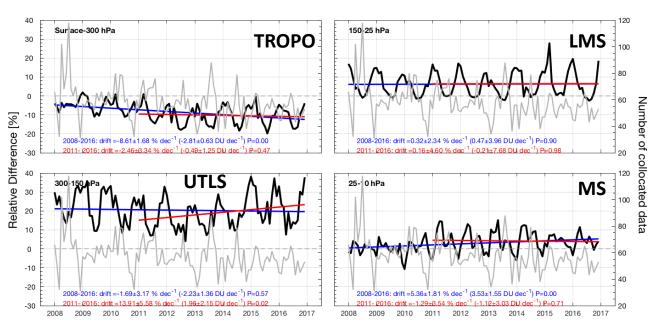


Tropospheric ozone:

- " Negative bias in the middle latitudes and the tropics (around -10%)
- " Positive bias in polar regions (around 4%)



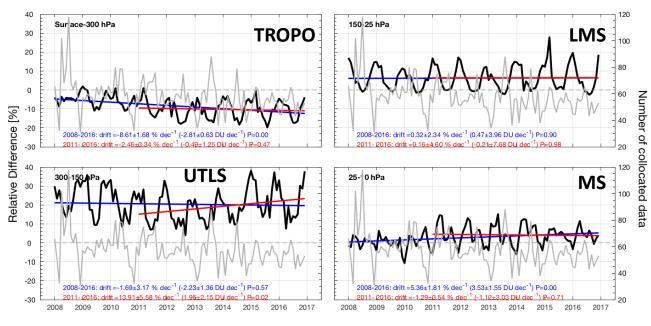
Validation of IASI O3 partial columns with ozonesonde data



- Pronounced seasonality for UTLS and LMS (less visible for the TROPO column)
- " Largest differences for the UTLS column (up to 30% during winter)



Validation of IASI O3 partial columns with ozonesonde data



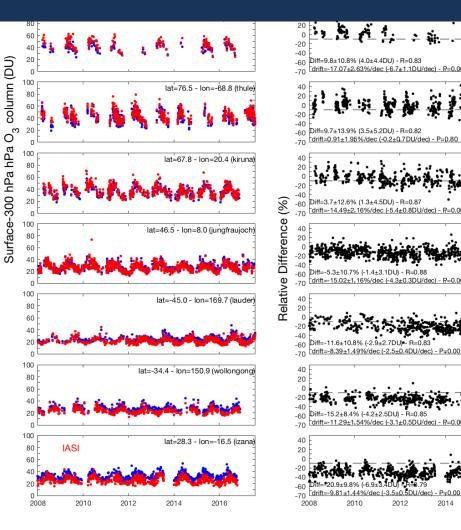
- Pronounced seasonality for UTLS and LMS (less visible for the TROPO column)
- " Largest differences for the UTLS column (up to 30% during winter)

- Significant trends in the differences for the period 2008-2016:
 - > TROPO: 8.6%/dec
 - ➤ MS: 5.4%/dec
- Trends become unsignificant for the period 2011-2016

⇒ Reasons for this « artificial » trends still not clear and further investigations are needed



Validation of IASI O3 partial columns with NDACC data



IASI-A versus FTIR Ozone surface-300 hPa partial Column

- Good agreement between FTIR and IASI tropospheric ozone (correlation coefficient>0.82 except for Izana)
- Compared to FTIR, IASI tropospheric ozone is positively biased in the high latitudes by 3.7% (Kiruna) to 9.8% (Ny-Alesund/Thule) and negatively biased in the middle latitudes (-11.6 to -5.3%) and tropics (-20.9% to -15.2%)
- " Worst agreement is for Izana



> 2018



2019

ULB LATM S

2021

Operational distribution of IASI products

2020

