

Working Group Calibration & Validation

Terrain Mapping SubGroup and DEMIX Update

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CEOS WGCV #48, Virtual MeetingSession
Hosted by Webex
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TMSG status



- Proceedings of the Terrain Mapping SubGroup (TMSG)
 - Revival plans started second half 2019
 - Invitation email sent to last available participant list in January 2020
 - as of Oct 26th 2020:
 - 57(50) subscriptions
 - 13(13) countries
 - ~50% with CEOS background
 - ~30% Geomorphometry.org
 - 35(30) expressed interest in the intercomparison exercise DEMIX
 - First plenary meeting is envisaged for early December 2020 (virtual)

Subscription page: https://ec.europa.eu/eusurvey/runner/WGCV-TMSG_membership





Development:

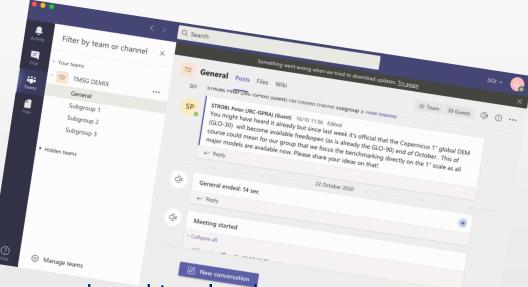
- DEMIX call for participation issued 5 May 2020
- Kick-off meeting held with 26 participants on 26&30 June 2020

30 participants active (CAS, DLR, EC, ESA, JAXA, NASA, USGS) + domain experts & industry

Intermediate results:

A TEAMS channel under DOI auspices (thanks USGS!)

- Three sub-groups are set-up:
 - 1) terminology and analytical basis
 - 2) algorithms and software open source tool box
 - 3) platforms and processing
- Each group received at least 7 contributors and has been assigned two leads
- Sub-groups 1 & 2 are meeting on a bi-weekly schedule



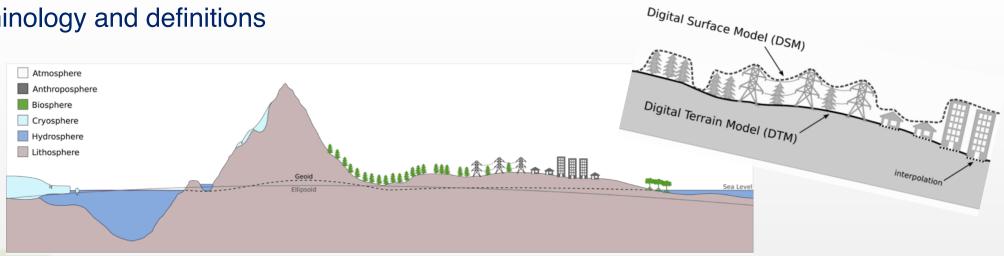




First results:

Revised terminology and definitions

Examples:



DEM

(digital elevation model): general term for a digital representation of a topographic surface in form of a georectified area-based grid, composed of elevations on the Earth. DEMs use raster file storage formats. Alternative structures for digital topography, like triangulated irregular networks (TINs), contours, and point clouds are not DEMs because they are not grids.

DSM

(digital surface model): a DEM that records the lower boundary of the atmosphere (and either the lithosphere, hydrosphere, cryosphere or anthroposphere)

DTM

(digital terrain model): a DEM that records the boundary between the lithosphere and the atmosphere, without biosphere and anthroposphere. The treatment of hydrosphere, cryosphere, and voids (e.g. excluded buildings, water and trees) must be specified and clearly localised e.g. by respective masks.





Challenges:

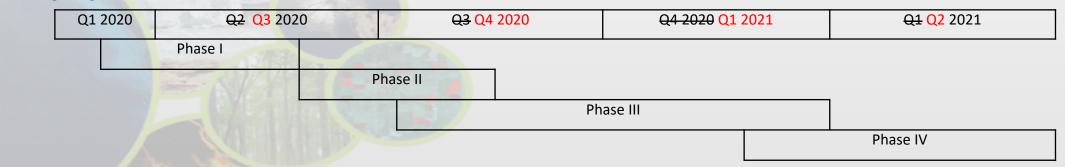
- Keeping group together and maintaining impetus
- (Enhancing visibility)
- New data: the Copernicus 1" global DEM (GLO-30) will become available free&open soon!
- Re-focussing of the benchmarking directly on the 1" scale
 -> order of magnitude increase in data and processing
- Search for suitable test areas and reference data
- Allocation of platform resources (ESA-Visioterra, CEOS-EAIL, other?)





- DEMIX to be performed in 4 phases
 - I. General agreement among main contributors (data owners) on approach & scope; Call for expression of interest to further partners (commercial tbd); circulation of JRC Workshop report (in preparation) & selection of base (Δx, Δy, Δz) & extended (slope, aspect, morphology) testing methods and algorithms; Identification of suitable test areas (at least 1 per continent);
 - II. Cross-comparison of all participating data sets on test areas and, if feasible, identification of a reference dataset (at DGED L1). If available and where applicable cross-comparison to suitable orthorectified (reference?) imagery (Sentinel-2?); Workshop to exchange experiences from the test areas and agree on details of an eventual global roll-out;
 - III. Feasibility testing & potential global roll out of at least base tests & determination of suitable aggregation scale for reporting;
 - IV. Calculation of agreed comparison metrics for all candidates and publication of results.

Timeline







Thank you for your attention!
Any questions?

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