



Agency Report

JAXA Earth Observation Programs

WGISS-47 @ NOAA, Silver Spring

April 29th – May 2nd, 2019

Makoto NATSUISAKA, Yosuke IKEHATA, Kaori KUROIWA, and Masatoshi TAGA

Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA)

Satellite Applications and Operations Center (SAOC)

Space Technology Directorate I

JAXA's Past, Current and Future EO Satellites/Sensors

Successfully launched
on Oct. 29th, 2018

GOSAT-2
(JFY 2018)

GCOM-C (Shikisai)
(CY 2017)

ALOS-2 (Daichi-2)
(CY 2014)

GPM/DPR
(CY 2014)

Aqua/AMSR-E
(CY 2002)

ALOS (DAICHI)
(CY 2006)

ADEOS/ADEOS-II
(CY 1996/CY 2002)

TRMM/PR
(CY 1997)

JERS-1
(CY 1992)

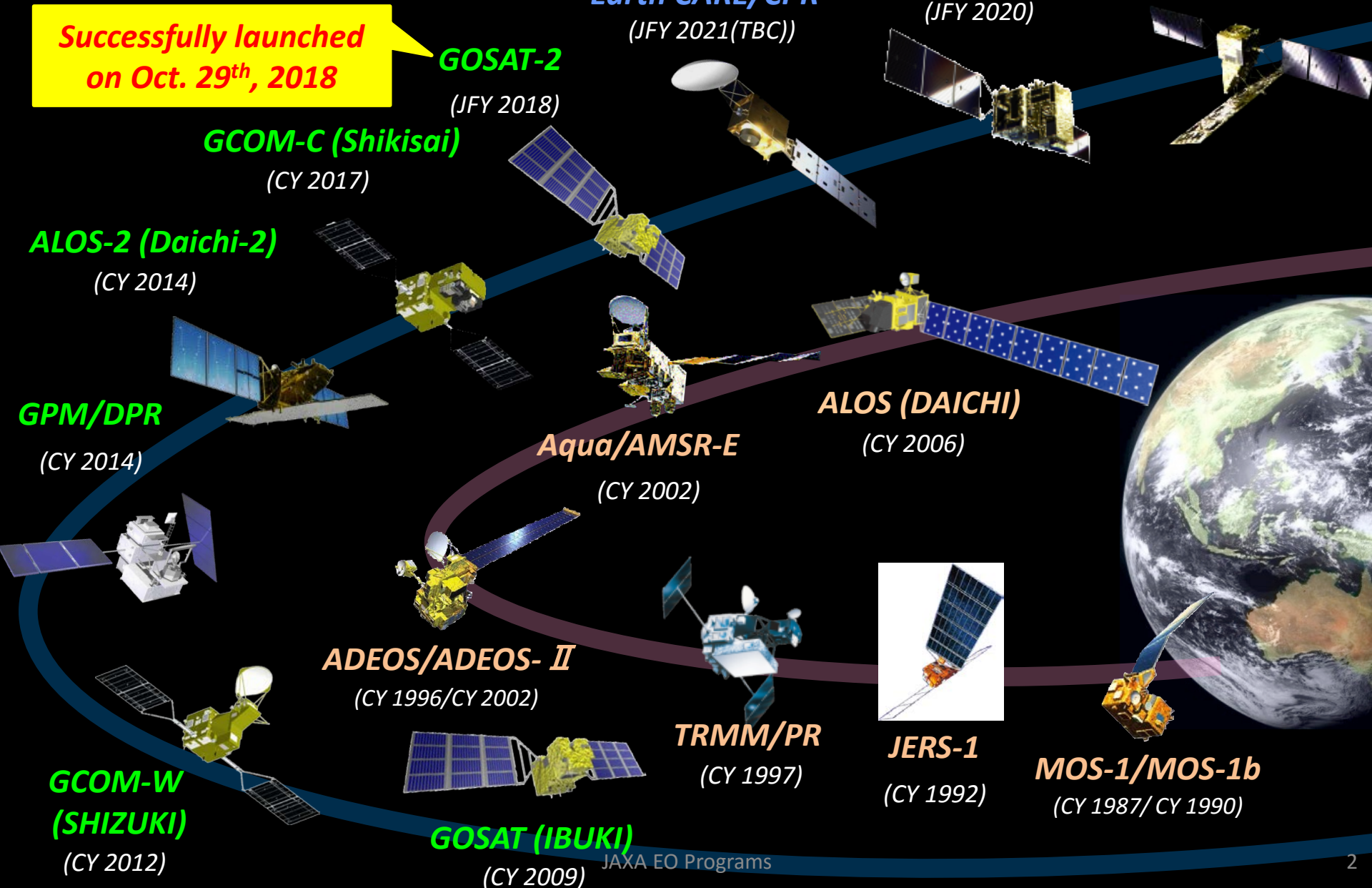
GCOM-W (SHIZUKI)
(CY 2012)

GOSAT (IBUKI)
(CY 2009)

JAXA EO Programs

**Advanced Optical
Satellite**
(JFY 2020)

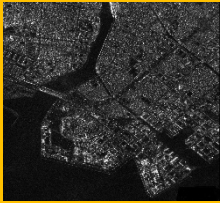
**Advanced Radar
Satellite**
(JFY 2020)





JAXA newly developed EO utilization programs in April 2018.

National Security



Disaster Risks Management



Climate Change



High Resolution Satellites



ALOS Series Missions

Global Monitoring Satellites



GOSAT, GCOM-W and GCOM-C Series Missions;
GPM and EarthCARE

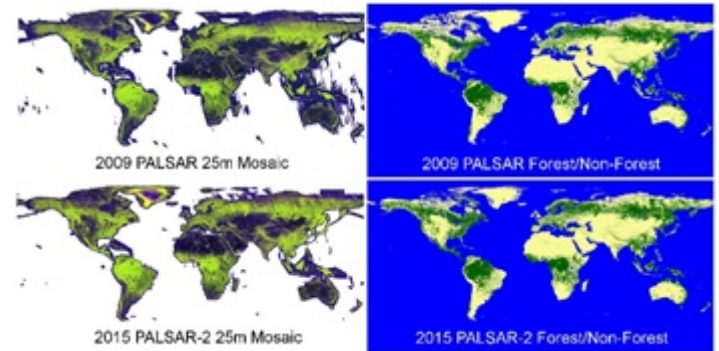
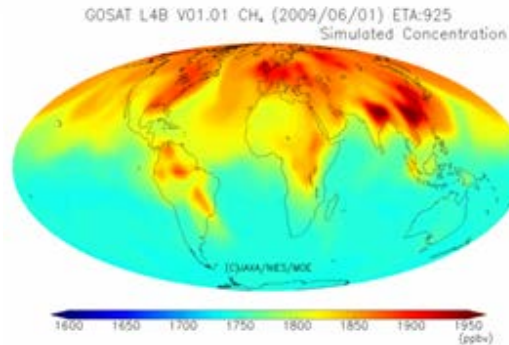
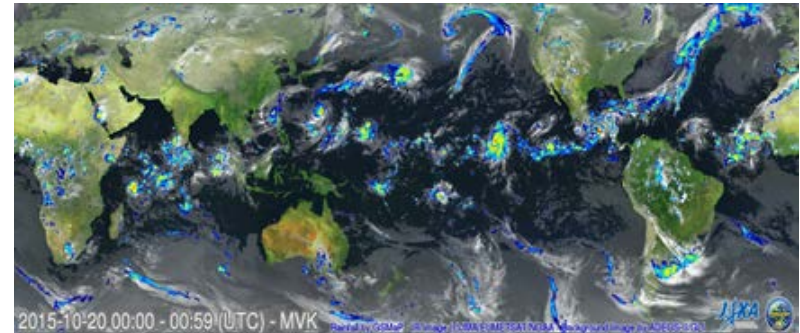
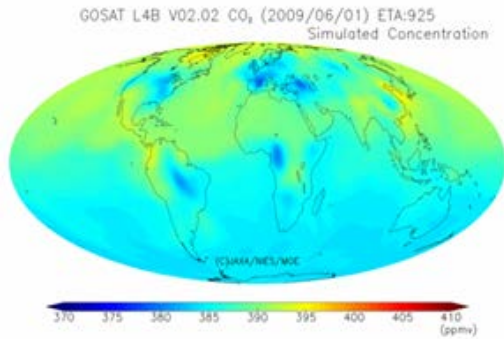
Challenges: Continuity and sustainability of earth observation data

⇒ JAXA proposes series of missions under the following conditions.

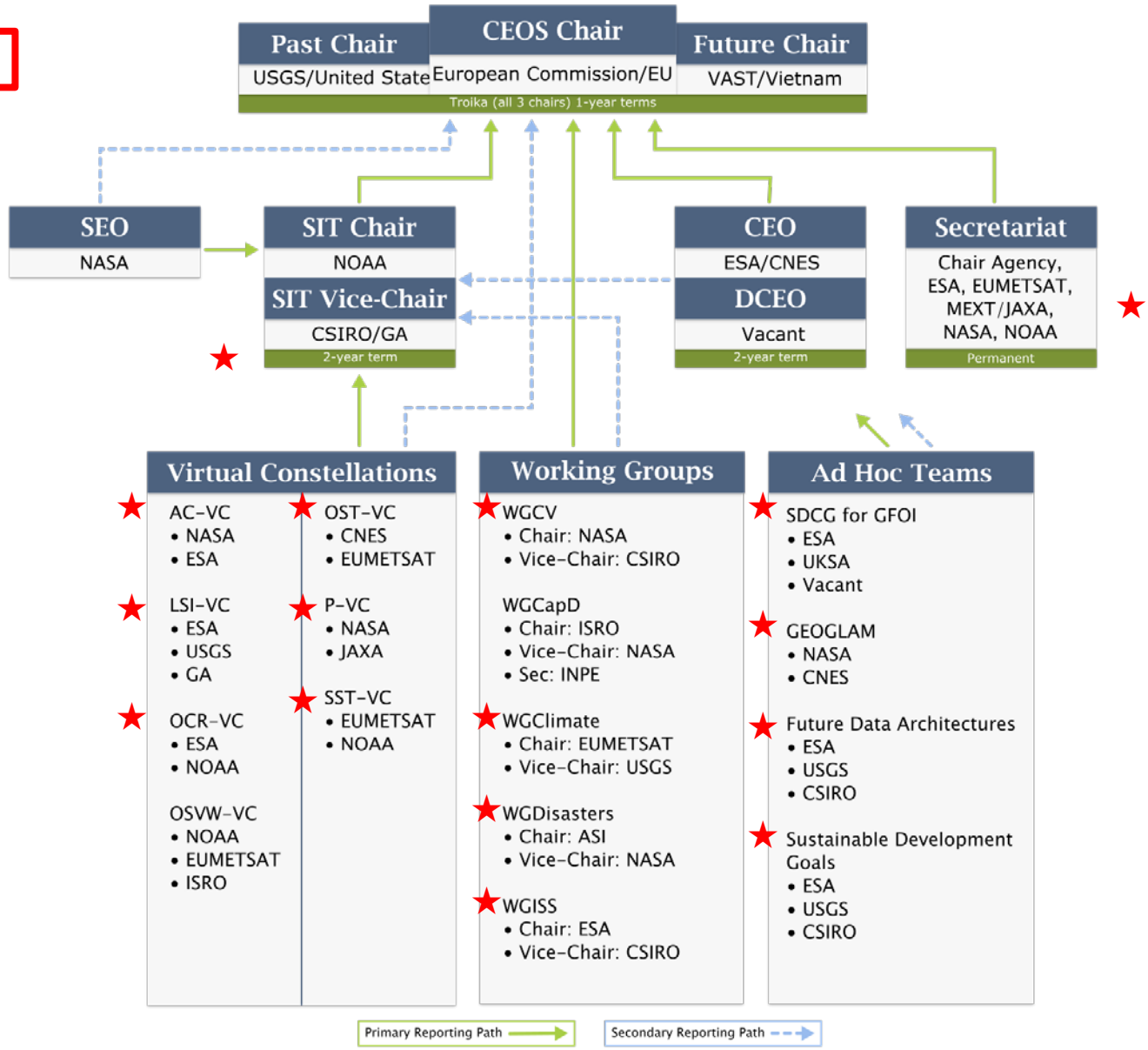
- Establishment of an institutional framework to assure continuity of data provision.
- Cost-reduction of satellite development and operations.
- Research and development of innovative sensor technologies.



- As one of those, the “Unified Climate Change Program” will focus on
 - (a) Green House Gases observation,
 - (b) Global Satellite Precipitation Map (GSMaP),
 - (c) Global Forest Monitoring.
- JAXA will promote related activities through cooperation with CEOS.



★ JAXA



- GOSAT-2 (Greenhouse gases Observing SATellite-2) is a joint mission with Ministry of the Environment (MOE) and National Institute for Environmental Studies (NIES)
- **Jointly launched with KhalifaSat of Mohammed bin Rashid Space Centre (MBRSC) in UAE with H-IIA 40 on Oct. 29th, 2018.**
- Global monitoring of the greenhouse gas emissions, as well those inventories
- Global monitoring of aerosols like PM2.5
- Joint calibration / validation with NASA OCO-2
- **L1 products will be released from Aug., 2019 and L2 ones will be done in Nov., 2019 from GDAS operated by NIES.**

<https://data2.gosat.nies.go.jp/gallery/L4B/concmov/concmov.html>

Thermal And Near Infrared Sensor for carbon Observation - Fourier Transform Spectrometer-2 (TANSO-FTS-2)



GDAS : GHG

<https://data2.gosat.nies.go.jp/gallery/L4B/concmov/concmov.html>

By National Institute for Environmental Studies

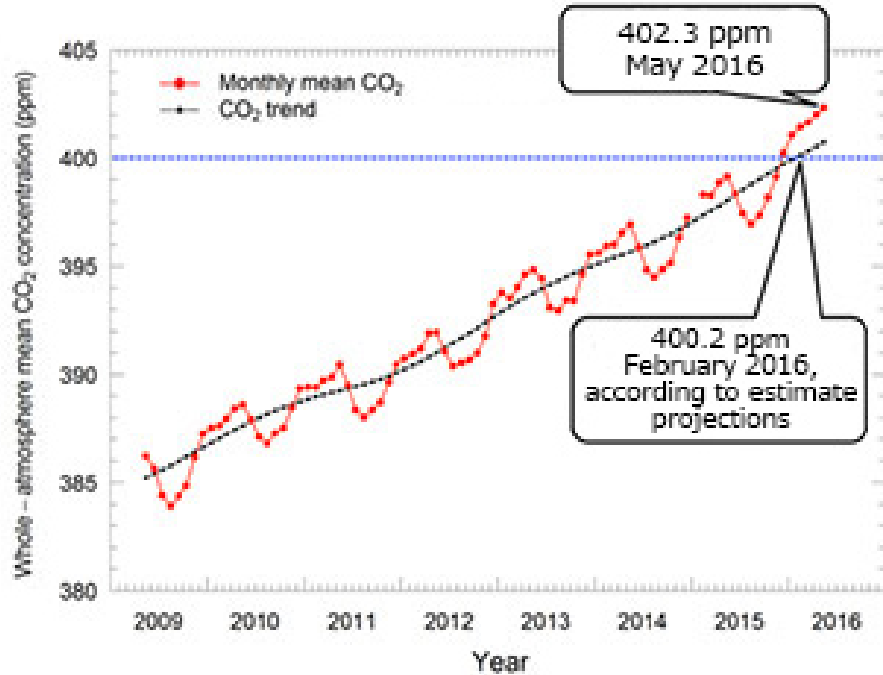


Thermal And Near Infrared Sensor for carbon Observation - Cloud and Aerosol Imager-2 (TANSO-CAI-2)

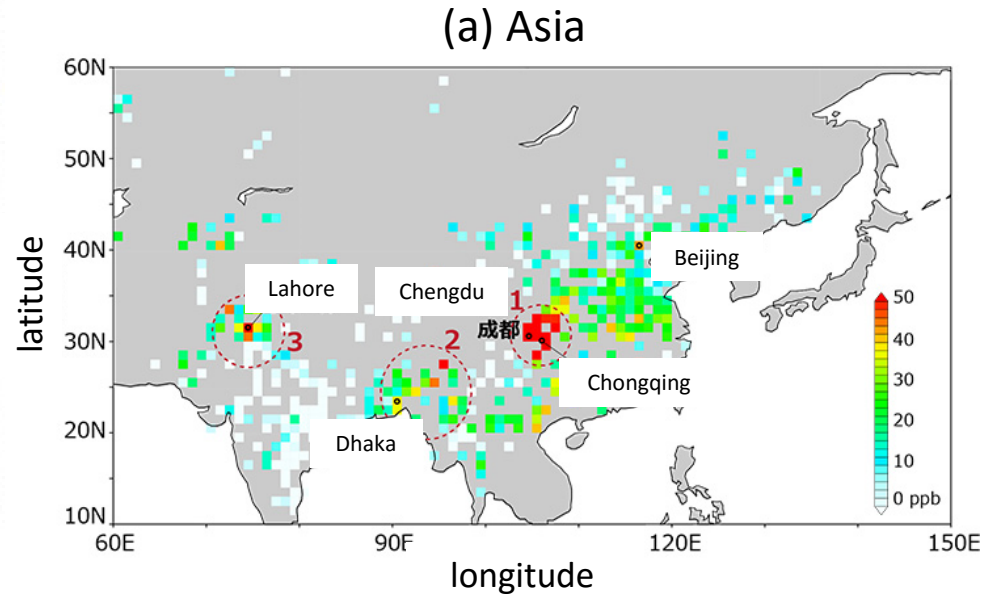


| | GOSAT-2 | GOSAT |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Observation Targets | Carbon dioxide, methane, <u>carbon monoxide</u> -> <u>Examine the feasibility of the estimation of the anthropogenic emission</u> | Carbon dioxide, methane |
| Instruments | Thermal And Near Infrared Sensor for carbon Observation - Fourier Transform Spectrometer-2 (TANSO-FTS-2) | Thermal And Near Infrared Sensor for carbon Observation - Fourier Transform Spectrometer (TANSO-FTS) |
| | Thermal And Near Infrared Sensor for carbon Observation - Cloud and Aerosol Imager-2 (TANSO-CAI-2) | Thermal And Near Infrared Sensor for carbon Observation - Cloud and Aerosol Imager (TANSO-CAI) |
| Observation Accuracy | <u>0.5 ppm (carbon dioxide) and 5 ppb (methane) at a 500-km mesh over land a month and a 2000-km mesh over ocean a month</u> | 4 ppm (carbon dioxide) and 34 ppb (methane) at a 1,000-km mesh over land per 3 month |
| Size | 5.3m(X) x 2.0m(Y) x 2.8m(Z) (16.5m(Y)) (when expanded in orbit) | 2.4m(X) x 2.6m(Y) x 3.7m(Z) (13.7m(Y)) |
| Weight | 1,800 kg | 1,750 kg |
| Generated Power | 5,000 W | 3,770W |
| Design life | 5 years | 5 years |
| Altitude | 613km | 666km |
| Repeat Cycle | 6 day | 3 day |

➤ Achievements of GOSAT

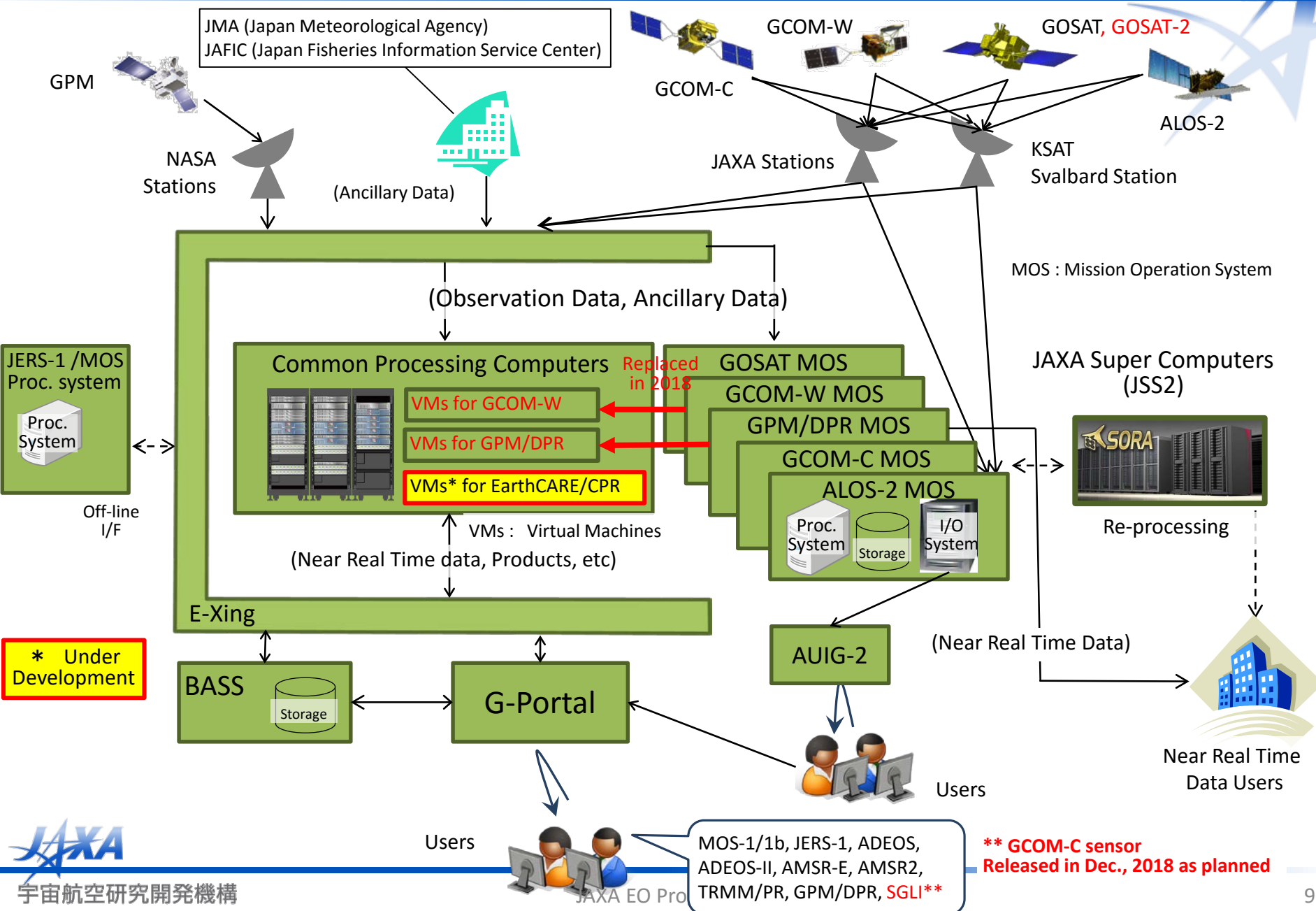


Global monitoring of GHGs
-> Assessment data for Paris Agreement

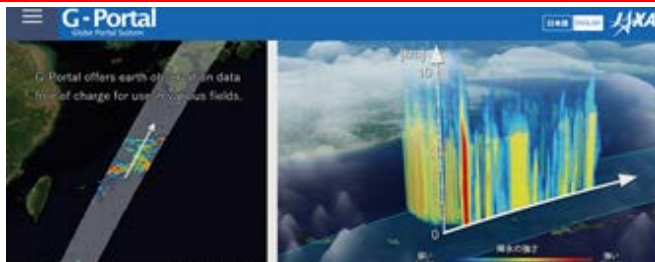


Monitoring of the GHGs emissions and inventories
due to human activities

-> acquire longer-time trends and higher accuracy with GOSAT-2



Total Archived Data ... 6.4PB, Data Provision in JFY2018 ... 21,051,270 scenes



G-Portal

<https://gportal.jaxa.jp/gpr/>
Primary Portal for JAXA Standard Products



AUIG-2

ALOS/ALOS-2 Products

Thematic Portals



JASMES : **Ocean**
http://www.eorc.jaxa.jp/JASMES/index_map.html



GSMaP : **Precipitation**
http://sharaku.eorc.jaxa.jp/GSMaP/index_j.htm



GDAS : **GHG**
<https://data2.gosat.nies.go.jp/gallery/L4B/concmov/concmov.html>
By National Institute for Environmental Studies

Disaster Portals



Daichi Bousai WEB
<http://jaxa-dis.maps.arcgis.com/home/index.html>

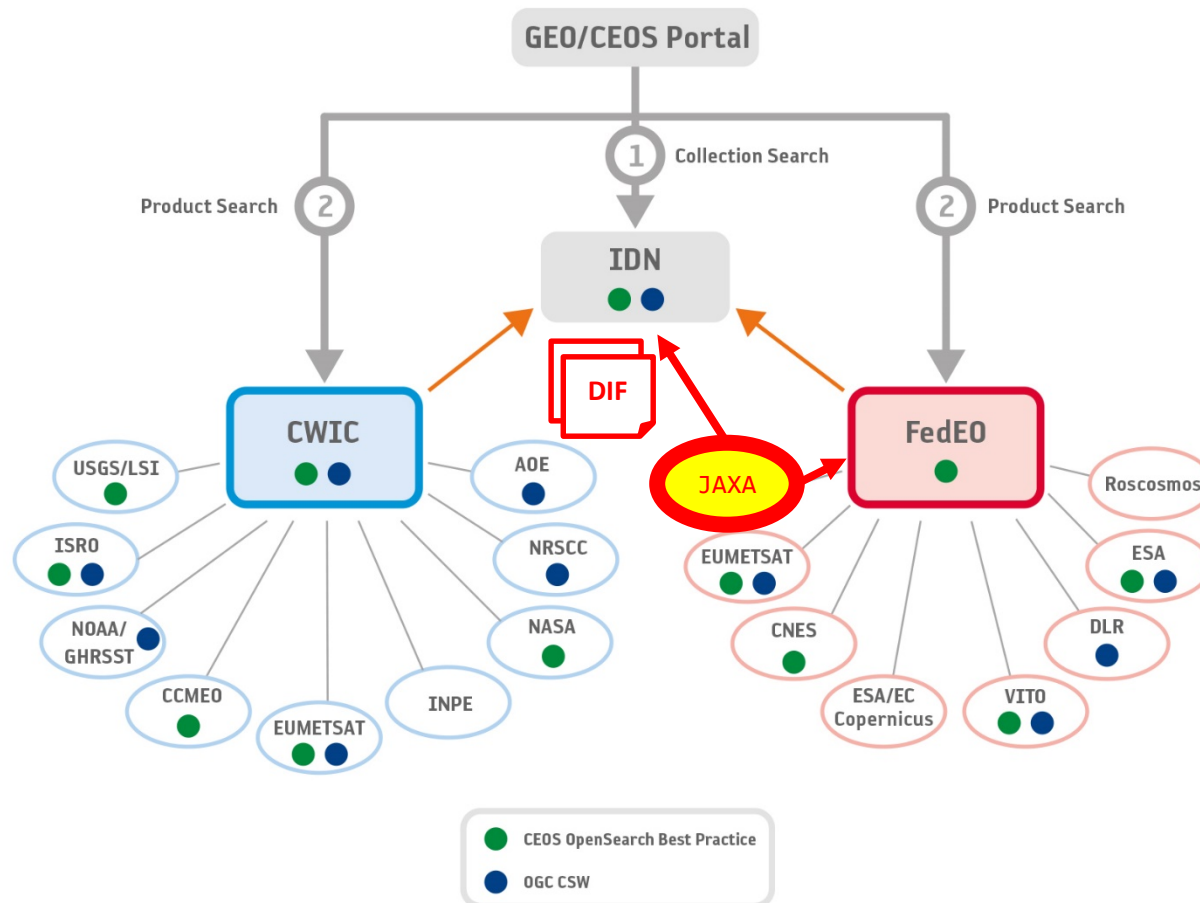


International Charter Space and Major Disasters
<https://disasterscharter.org/web/guest/home>



Sentinel Asia
<https://sentinel.tksc.jaxa.jp>

- JAXA considers GEO/CEOS portals as primary gateways to the global users.
- JAXA has already connected G-Portals with GEOSS portals through IDN and FedEO.
- JAXA registered DIF-10 to IDN and **updated it to add GCOM-C information.**
- **JAXA had an ad-hoc meeting with FedEO during the last WGISS meeting and had another with GEOSS during a GEO meeting in Kyoto, Japan to establish more efficient interfaces.**

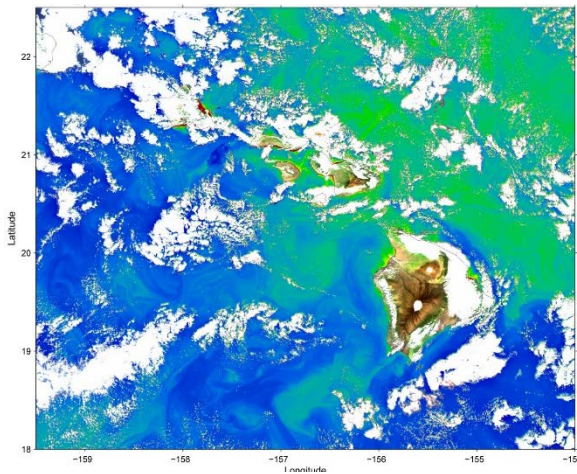




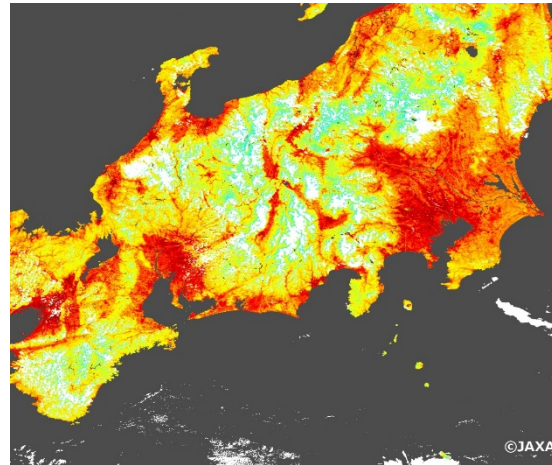
- GCOM-C products have started to be distributed from G-Portal since Dec., 2018.**



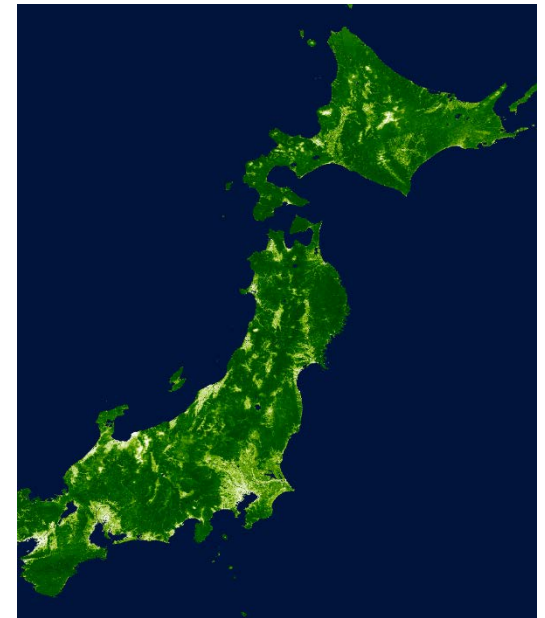
**GCOM-C (Global Climate Observation Mission – Climate)
SGLI (Second generation GLocal Imager)**



Chlorophyll-a at 250m resolution



Land Surface Temperature



NDVI



✓ GCOM-C products contribute to global monitoring for the climate change.

| Common | |
|----------|--|
| Radiance | • TOA radiance (including system geometric correction) |

| Land | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Reflectance | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Precise geometric correction • Atmospheric corrected reflectance |
| Vegetation and carbon cycle | • Vegetation index |
| | • Above-ground biomass ECV |
| | • Vegetation roughness index |
| | • Shadow index |
| | • Fraction of Absorbed Photosynthetically available radiation ECV |
| | • Leaf area index ECV |
| Temp. | • Surface temperature |
| Application | Land net primary production |
| | Water stress trend |
| | Fire detection index ECV |
| | Land cover type ECV |
| | Land surface albedo ECV |

| Atmosphere | |
|---|---|
| Cloud ECV | • Cloud flag/Classification |
| | • Classified cloud fraction |
| | • Cloud top temp/height |
| | • Water cloud optical thickness /effective radius |
| | • Ice cloud optical thickness |
| | Water cloud geometrical thickness |
| Aerosol ECV | • Aerosol over the ocean |
| | • Land aerosol by near ultra violet |
| | • Aerosol by Polarization |
| Radiation budget ECV | Long-wave radiation flux |
| | Short-wave radiation flux |

| Ocean | |
|--|--|
| Ocean color ECV | • Normalized water leaving radiance |
| | • Atmospheric correction parameter |
| | • Photosynthetically available radiation |
| | Euphotic zone depth |
| In-water | • Chlorophyll-a conc. |
| | • Suspended solid conc. |
| | • Colored dissolved organic matter |
| In-water | Inherent optical properties |
| Temp. | • Sea surface temp. ECV |
| Application | Ocean net primary productivity |
| | Phytoplankton functional type |
| | Redtide |
| | multi sensor merged ocean color |
| | multi sensor merged SST |

| Cryosphere | |
|--------------------|--|
| Distribution | • Snow and Ice covered area ECV |
| | • Okhotsk sea-ice distribution |
| | Snow and ice classification |
| | Snow covered area in forest and mountain |
| Surface properties | • Snow and ice surface Temperature |
| | • Snow grain size of shallow layer |
| | Snow grain size of subsurface layer |
| | Snow grain size of top layer |
| | Snow and ice albedo ECV |
| | Snow impurity |
| | Ice sheet surface roughness |
| | Ice sheet boundary monitoring ECV |
| Boundary | |

Blue: standard products
Red: research products

- An open and free platform for EO data “Tellus” developed by METI (Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry) has started to be operated since Feb. 2019.
- JAXA is supporting the activities by providing ALOS/AVNIR-2, ALOS/PALSAR, AW3D30, and GSMaP data to the platform.

政府衛星データのオープン&フリー化及びデータ利用環境整備事業

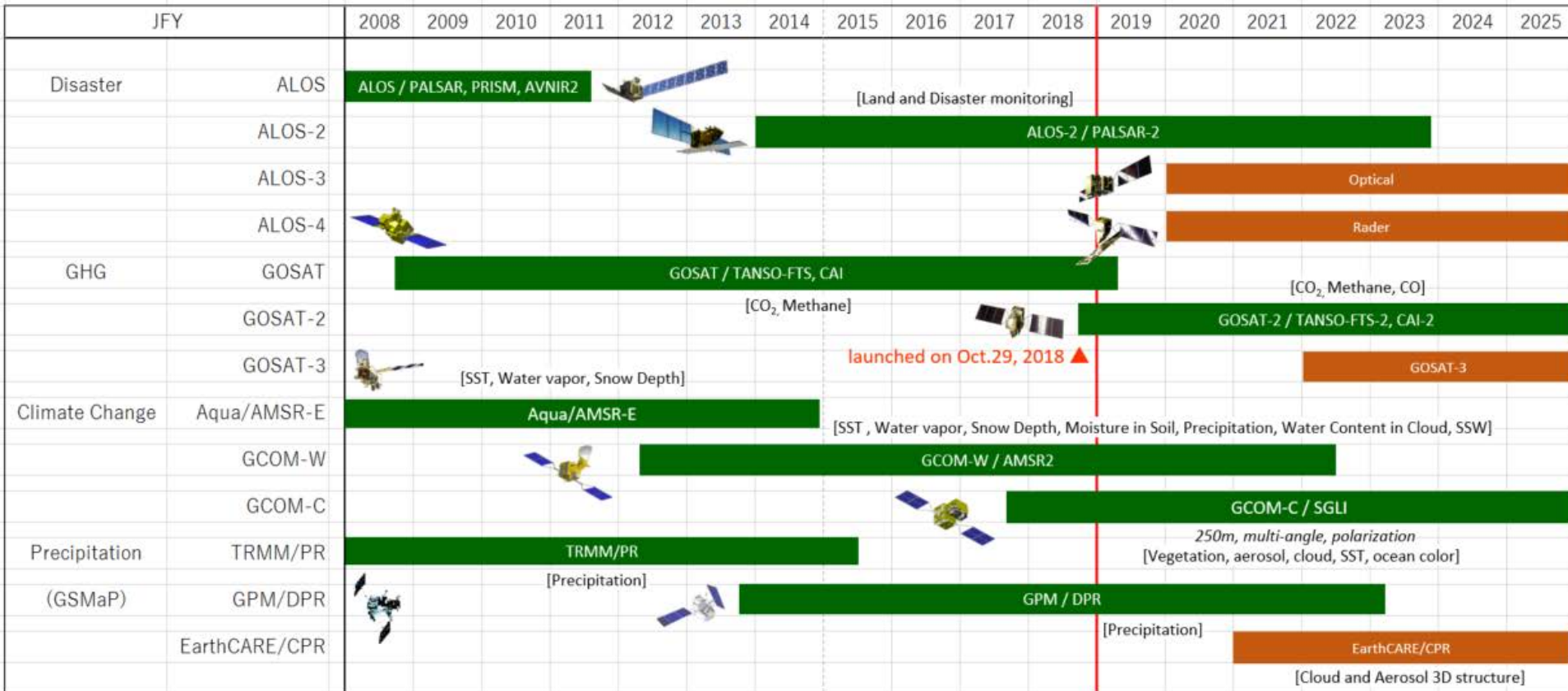


<https://www.tellusxdp.com/>

xData Alliance

「Tellus」の開発への貢献と利用促進などを目的として組成したパートナーシップ（協力企業）一覧です。





https://www8.cao.go.jp/space/plan/plan2/kaitei_fy30/kaitei_fy30.pdf