

UN Agenda 2030 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

ESA contribution to CEOS AHT on SDGs

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European Space Agency



PLANET (

Protect our planet's natural resources and climate for future generations

Sustainable Development

PROSPERITY

Ensure prosperous and fulfilling lives in harmony with nature

PARTNERSHIP Implement the agenda through a solid global

partnership

Peace

Foster peaceful, just and inclusive societies



2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development: 17 goals, 169 targets, 229 Indicators New norms to integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programs A/RES/70/1

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General Assembly

Seventieth session Agenda items 15 and 116

Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 25 September 2015

[without reference to a Main Committee (A/70/L.1)]

70/1. Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

The General Assembly

Adopts the following outcome document of the United Nations summit for the adoption of the post-2015 development agenda:

Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Preamble

15-16301 (E)

...

This Agenda is a plan of action for people, planet and prosperity. It also seeks to strengthen universal peace in larger freedom. We recognize that eradicating poverty in all its forms and dimensions, including extreme poverty, is the greatest global challenge and an indispensable requirement for sustainable development.

All countries and all stakeholders, acting in collaborative partnership, will implement this plan. We are resolved to free the human race from the tyranny of poverty and want and to heal and secure our planet. We are determined to take the bold and transformative steps which are urgently needed to shift the world on to a sustainable and resilient path. As we embark on this collective journey, we pledge that no one will be left behind.

The 17 Sustainable Development Goals and 169 targets which we are announcing today demonstrate the scale and ambition of this new universal Agenda. They seek to build on the Millennium Development Goals and complete what they did not achieve. They seek to realize the human rights of all and to achieve gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girts. They are integrated and indivisible and balance the three dimensions of sustainable development: the economic, social and environmental.

The Goals and targets will stimulate action over the next 15 years in areas of critical importance for humanity and the planet.



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Transforming our World: The 2030 Plan for Global Action

Article 76:

... We will promote transparent and accountable scaling-up of appropriate public-private cooperation to exploit the contribution to be made by a wide range of data, **including Earth observation and geo-spatial information**, while ensuring national ownership in supporting and tracking progress.

Sustainable data for sustainable development

- The monitoring of the MDGs taught us that data are indispensable elements of the development agenda.
- Despite improvement, critical data for informed policy making on development are still lacking.
- New technology is changing the way data are collected and disseminated.
- Data should be open, easily accessible and effective for decision--making.

A World That Counts: **Mobilising the Data Revolution for Sustainable Development**, Nov. 2014 UN SG Independent Expert Advisory Group on data revolution for sustainable development

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- Global Action Plan for Sustainable Development Data launched at UN WDF in Jan 2017 – to be adopted at UNSC-48
- modernizing NSOs is essential to achieving the 2030 SDGs.
- Integrating geospatial and statistical data is a necessity.

First UN World Data Forum on Sustainable Development Data 15-18 January 2017 Cape Town, South Africa.



The Millennium Development Goals Report

2015

United Nations

WORLD

FORUM

The importance of Earth Observations



Multiple variables from multiple data sources can be integrated into consolidated indicators if the data is **consistently available over space and time**



Key Stakeholders of the SDGs implementation



SG annual report on "Progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals"





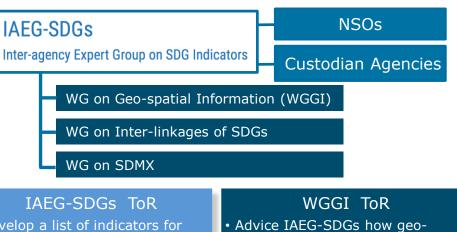
UNDESA - UN Statistics Division (UNSD)



The Global Indicator Framework



- Limited in number and **globally harmonized**
- Simple, single-variable indicators, with straightforward policy implications
- Allow for high frequency monitoring
- Consensus based, in line with international standards and system-based information
- Constructed from well-established data sources
- Can be disaggregated
- Universal
- Mainly outcome-focused
- Science-based and forward-looking
- A proxy for **broader issues** or conditions



- Develop a list of indicators for monitoring SDG targets.
- Provide technical support for country implementation.
- Regularly review methodological developments.
- review CB activities in NSOs.
- Report progress

Advice IAEG-SDGs how geospatial and EO can contribute.

- Identify existing geospatial data gaps & methodological issues.
- Provide GEO/EO best practices
- Propose strategies for methodological work on specific areas

To monitor progress, inform policy and ensure accountability of all stakeholders

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IAEG-SDGs Program of Work



- Classify indicators into 3 tiers, based on methodological development and data availability
- Establish adequate methodology for Tier III indicators, in conjunction with specialized agencies and relevant experts
- Discuss available data sources and methodology for improved coverage of Tier II indicators
- Explore new data sources and data collection technologies, including through partnerships with civil society, private sector and academia
- Regularly review methodologies for indicators
- Establish baseline for tracking indicators
- Address question of periodicity of reporting
- Review data gaps and related capacity--building priorities, and transmit results to HLG
- Agree on format of compilation and dissemination of metadata on global indicators

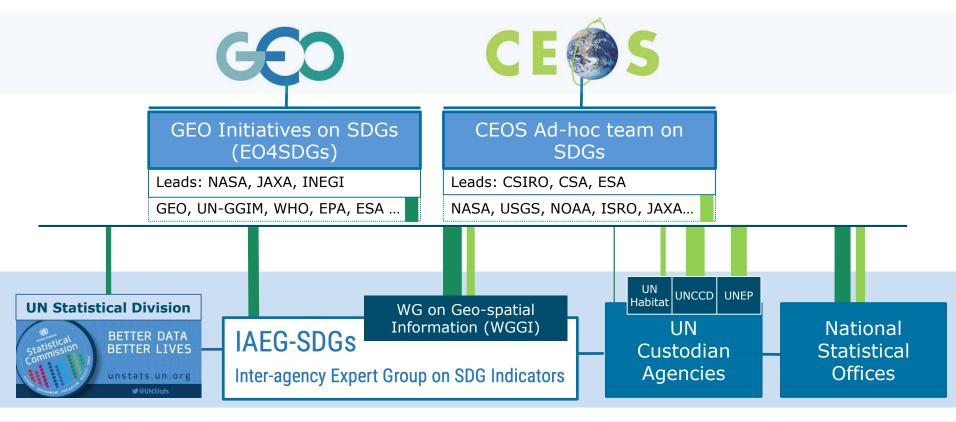


GEO/CEOS/ESA Involvement in the SDG Process

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GEO EO4SDGs initiative

Realize the potential of EO and geospatial information to **advance the** *2030 Agenda* and enable societal benefits through achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals.

- **GOAL I: Demonstrate** how EO and geospatial information, with socio-economic and other data contribute in novel and practical ways to support achievement of the SDGs.
- **GOAL II:** Increase skills and capabilities in use of EO for SDG activities and their broader benefits.
- **GOAL III: Broaden interest and awareness** of EO support to the SDGs and contribution to social, environmental, and economic benefits.

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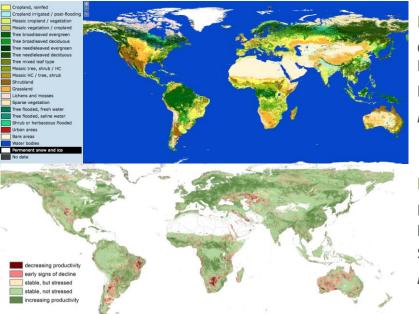
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SDG 15.3 Land Degradation Neutrality (LDN)

Target 15.3 By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land & soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world.

Indicator 15.3.1 "Percentage of land that is degraded over total land area"



Land Cover

GLOBAL LAND COVER MAP, EPOCH 2010 ENVISAT MERIS FRS, 300m **ESA Land Cover CCI**

Custodian Agency:

• UNCCD (secretariat and Global Mechanism)

Other Involved Agencies

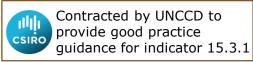
• FAO, UNEP/WCMC

Land Productivity Dynamics

LPD derived from 1999-2013 NDVI phenological analyses

SPOT VEGETATION, 1km

EC Joint Research Center (JRC)





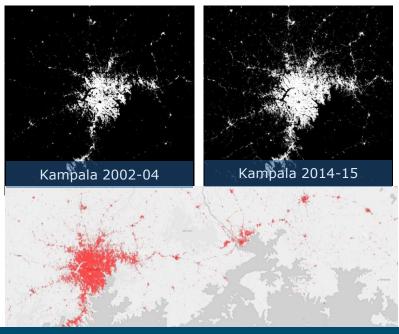
Monitoring 15.3.1. on the status & trends in land degradation is based on sub-indicators: (1) Land Cover and Land Cover Changes (2) Land Productivity (3) Soil Organic Carbon

SDG 11.3 Sustainable Urbanization



Target 11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive & sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries.

Indicator 11.3.1 "Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate"



City Urban Extent

Kampala, Uganda

2002-04 based on ENVISAR ASAR and Landsat 5/7

2014-15 based on SENTINEL 1 C-SAR and Landsat 8

DLR, ESA SAR4URBAN

Global Urban Footprint 2015

Southern Uganda extract

Urban Footprint based on Sentinel 1 C-SAR and Landsat 8 OLI

DLR, ESA SAR4URBAN, ESA Urban TEP

Custodian Agency:

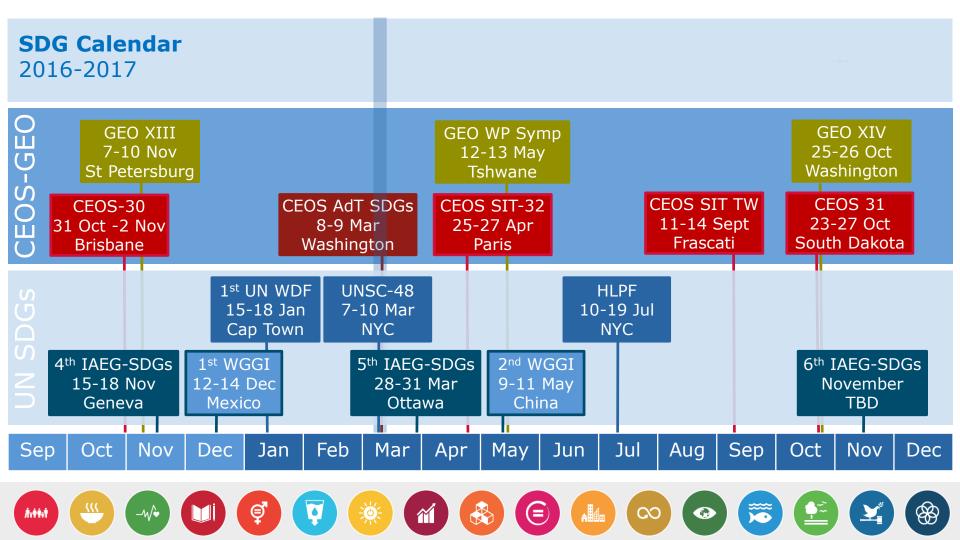
• UN Habitat

Other Involved Agencies

• UNDP, UN-DESA



Monitoring 11.3.1 on sustainable urbanization is based on 2 main inputs: (1) **Urban Extent maps** (2) **Population Density map**



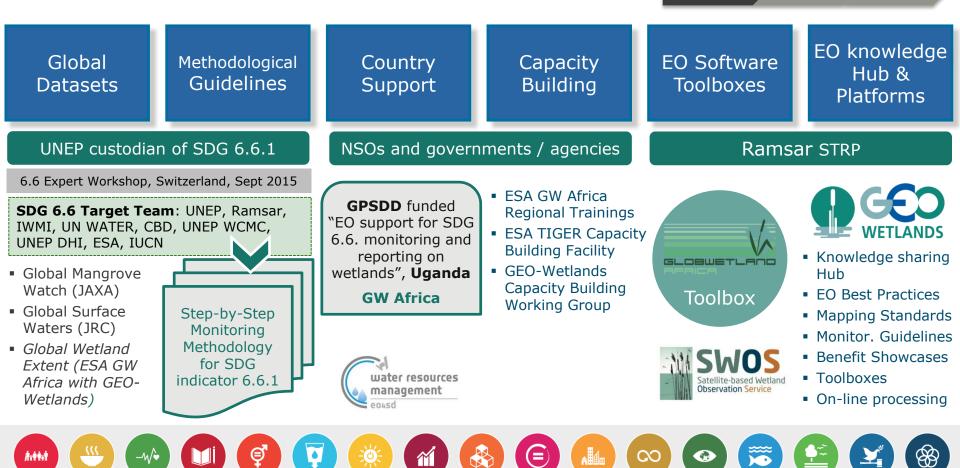
EO support to SDG implementation

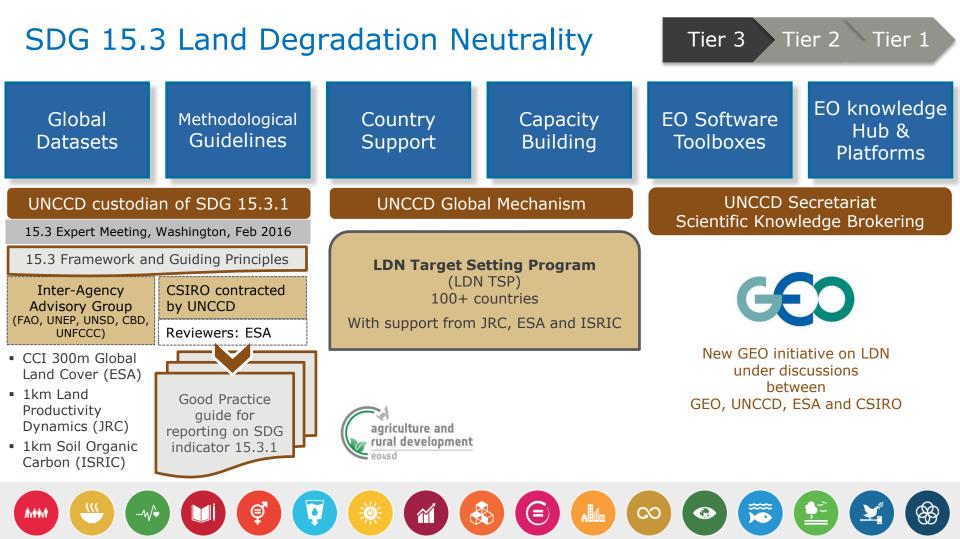


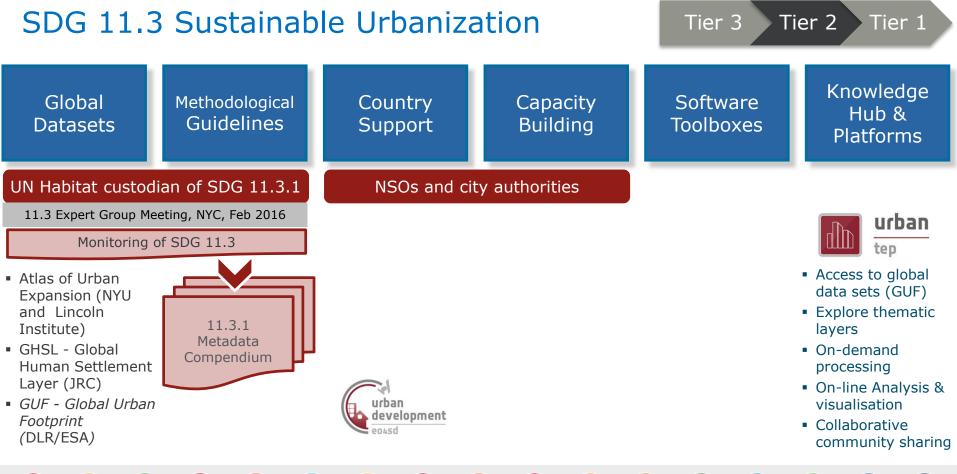
	Global Datasets	Methodological Guidelines	Country Support	Capacity Building	EO Software Toolboxes	EO knowledge Hub & platforms
	Custodian	Agencies	NSOs and govern	nments / agencies	Key Stak	keholders
•	Access to global / regional datasets. in the absence of or to complement and enhance, national data sources. countries which face major difficulties in collecting national data	 Support custodian agencies to develop method. guidelines to countries. EO Best Practices. Scientifically sound approaches. Product validation. Show Cases. 	 Targeted activities to support NSOs and ministries to report on SDG indicators. Support country level efforts to apply EO to track, monitor and achieve SDGs. 	 Build capacity to exploit EO Training courses Training material on EO best practices Mainly in developing and emerging economies Critical mass of technical centers 	 Free of charge Open source Easy to use EO Processing Toolboxes (ESA SNAP) Thematic Toolboxes 	Visualisation and Analysis toolsOn-line processing
	land cover cci		eousd earth observation for sustainable development	TIGER	WOIS WOIS M	Toolboxes tepp tenstic exploitation platform

SDG 6.6 Water-related Ecosystems

Tier 3 Tier 2 Tier 1









2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development: 17 goals, 169 targets, 229 Indicators New norms to integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programs

EOEP-5 EO4SDGs project objective



Support CEOS, ESA and its Member States and the EO community at large to play a leading role in the full realisation of Earth Observations in the 2030 agenda for SD

- Analyse in depth the Metadata Repository of all SDG indicators (17 goals, 169 targets, 230 indicators) and assess the current and potential contribution of EO to the SDG indicators' implementation.
- Review the **Tier 2 and 3 monitoring guidelines** produced by the custodian agencies for a number of key SDG indicators (**at least 5**) and propose areas of EO improvements.
- Perform one country demonstration, by partnering with the NSO and the relevant national governmental authorities (for the indicators selected) in one developing country to support implementation of a number of SDG indicators (at least two)
- Study how the EC/ESA/MS developed platforms and big data initiatives (Datacube) can serve the data and information needs of the large community of SDG stakeholders (UN-GGIM, Custodian Agencies, National Statistical Offices, etc.).

EOEP-5, 400 KEUR, 18 months, ITT in 2017 Q2

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