CONAE's Committments to 2008 CEOS-GEO Actions Category 1

AG-06-04_2	Agriculture	Provide the UN FAO Forest Resource Assessment 2010 (FRA2010) with the land surface image data, filling the holes in the primary Landsat data set needed to complete this assessment, or at least to establish the interagency agreements to do so.	Participation in LSI constellation. As such it has committed to provide data for the FRA 2010. So far no images have been requesteed.
AG-06-04_4	Agriculture	Compile mid-resolution LSI data sets over selected (TBD) area.	Provide SAC-C data
DI-06-03_1	Disaster	Develop an action plan for the improved integration of InSAR (Interferometric Synthetic Aperture Radar) technology for disaster warning and prediction	Gulich Institute expert to be nominated in relation to work developed in Argentina
DI-06-09_1	Disaster	Develop requirements for a virtual constellation for risk management from UN-SPIDER users requirements inputs and others disaster related tasks and propose an gradual implementation plan based on existing and planned satellites.	Representative to be nominated
DI-06-09_2	Disaster	Improve access to disaster charter data.	CONAE is member of the Charter
DI-06-09_3	Disaster	Promote demonstration of the four phases of disaster management. (mitigation, warning, response & recovery)	CONAE can contribute inn early warning phase
DA-06-02_2	Transverse	Data QA Framework and Guidelines: 1) Develop and deliver a consensus documentary framework and guildelines on cal/val for data quality control/assurance and best practices; 2) Develop a consolidated worldwide cal/val site database to be included in the CEOS cal/val portal. 3) Further expand the cal/val portal in both content and functionality	CONAE will contribute with caibration sites and data
DA-07-03_1	Transverse	Complete the first intercomparison study undertaken by the Precipitation Measurement Missions (PMM) Science Team intercalibration working group in coordination with the CGMS/GSICS. This action is to completed by August 2008. This action is an important step in establishing how PC data should be intercalibrated at antenna and brightness temperature stage. It also examines the issues involved in using a reference satellite as part of the intercalibation.	CONAE will contribute with SAC-D data (MWR)