



CEOS AC-VC June 2025

# Validation and Early Applications of the Tropospheric Emission: Monitoring of Pollution

Nitrogen dioxide and Formaldehyde using Pandora and TropOMI

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- Katherine Travis and Prajjwal Rawat, NASA LaRC
- Thomas Hanisco, NASA GSFC
- Nader Abuhassan, SciGlob
- Alexander Cede, LuftBlick
- Joshua Kumm and Zhen Qu, North Carolina State University

Thanks to the rest of the TEMPO Validation Team!

**Disclaimer:** *The views expressed in this presentation are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.*

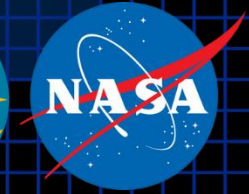
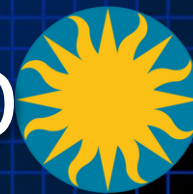
Hourly Measurement of Pollution

60 minutes





# Validation Efforts Help Advance TEMPO



## TROPOSPHERIC EMISSIONS:

### MONITORING OF POLLUTION (TEMPO) PROJECT

#### Validation and Quality Assessment of the TEMPO Level-2 Trace Gas Products

[December XX 2024]

Prepared by the TEMPO Validation Team and TEMPO Ad-hoc Validation  
Working Group

Plan: available – <https://tempo.si.edu> under documents

Report: Draft ***under review***

<https://github.com/barronh/tempodash>

#### ➤ **Validation TEAM enhanced TEMPO mission**

- 65+ contributors led by Jim Szykman (EPA) and Brad Pierce (UW-SEC) in collaboration with Science Team, NASA, NOAA, and SAO.
- Expanded the Pandora Global Network of Pandoras
- Feedback about version 1 priori profile and unrealistic AMF spatial variation helped improve versions 2 and 3
- Validation report submitted to NASA
- including results shown today...

#### ➤ ***EPA's Analysis System V3 – Aug 2023 to present***

- V3 Nitrogen dioxide correlates well with Pandora and TropOMI.
- V3 Formaldehyde correlates well with Pandora ...

#### ➤ ***Example Applications of TEMPO with CMAQ***

- Model evaluation and emissions inference.
- Surface concentration experiments
- *Very preliminary and expanding!*

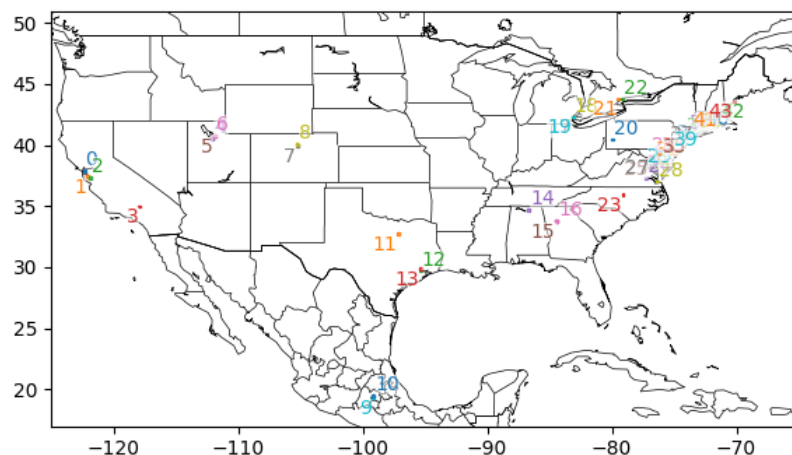
#### ➤ ***Applications presume validation!***



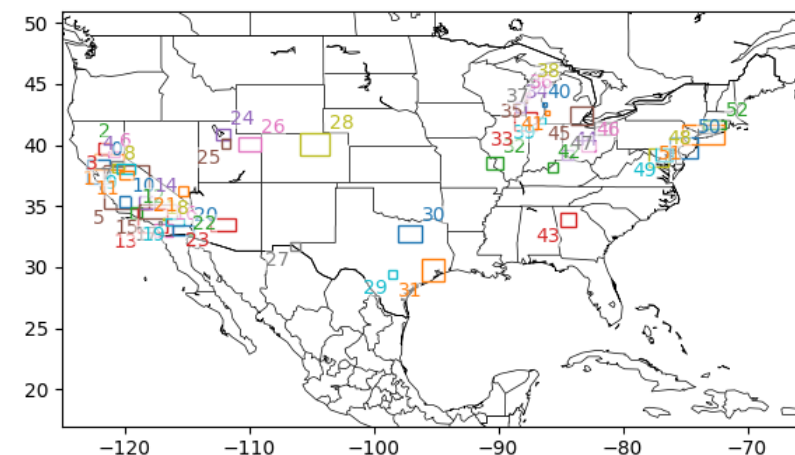
## ➤ Correlative measurements : TropOMI and Pandora Spectrometers

- Pandora stations: best ground-based validation dataset available for total vertical columns.
- TropOMI: state-of-the-art satellite retrievals at similar spatial resolution.

## ➤ 96 Analysis Regions: Pandonia Global Network and Ozone Nonattainment Areas.



- 44 Pandora stations
- Most stations in the east



- 52 Nonattainment Areas
- Better spatial coverage
- Of special interest for emissions control

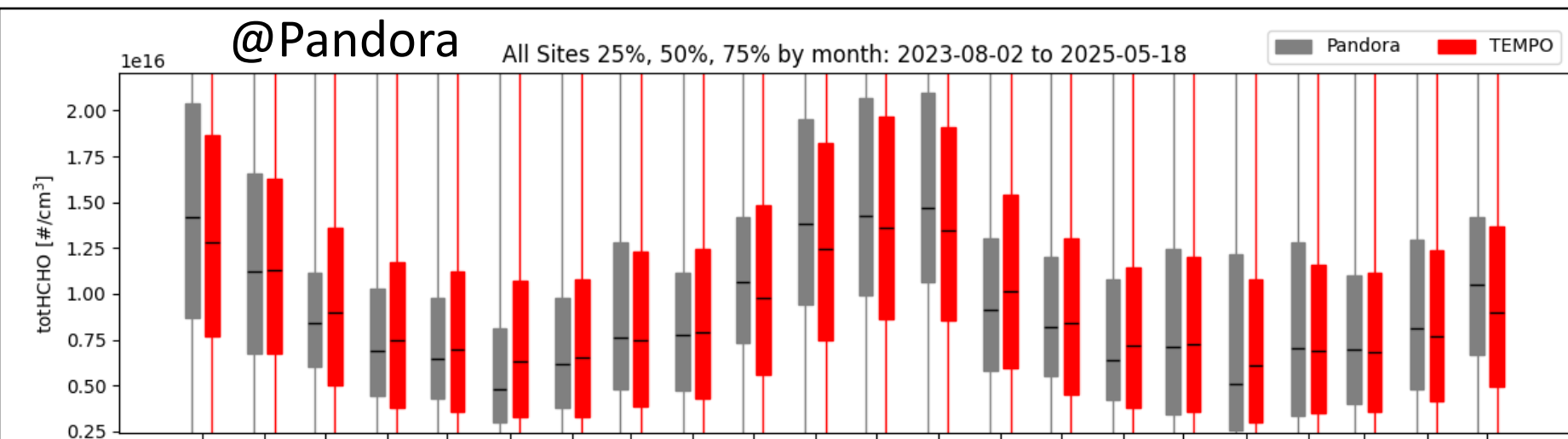
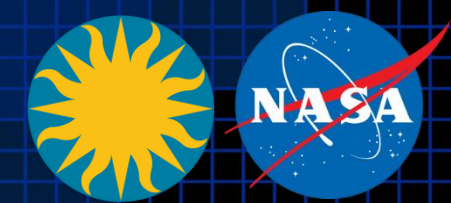
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1: MountainViewCA	16: Atl-S_DeKalb	31: NewBrunswickNJ
2: SanJoseCA	17: DearbornMI	32: BayonneNJ
3: EdwardsCA	18: SWDetroitMI	33: ManhattanNY-CCNY
4: SouthJordanUT	19: Windsor-West	34: BronxNY
5: SLC-Hawthorne	20: PittsburghPA	35: QueensNY
6: SLC-UT	21: Downsview	36: WestportCT
7: BoulderCO	22: Toronto-Scarborough	37: CornwallCT
8: BoulderCO-NCAR	23: ChapelHillNC	38: OldFieldNY
9: MexicoCity-UNAM	24: CharlesCityVA	39: NewHavenCT
10: MexicoCity-Vallejo	25: WashingtonDC	40: MadisonCT
11: ArlingtonTX	26: BeltsvilleMD	41: LondonderryNH
12: HoustonTX	27: GreenbeltMD	42: EastProvidenceRI
13: AldineTX	28: HamptonVA-HU	43: CapeElizabethME
14: HuntsvilleAL	29: PhiladelphiaPA	

0: S.Francisco	14: East_Kern	28: Denver	42: Louisville
1: Sacramento	15: LA-Desert	29: S.Antonio	43: Atlanta
2: Tuscan_Buttes	16: S.Diego	30: Dallas	44: Cincinnati
3: Chico	17: Pechanga	31: Houston	45: Detroit
4: Sutter_Buttes	18: Morongo	32: St.Louis	46: Columbus
5: S.Joaquin	19: Coachella_Val	33: Chicago	47: Cleveland
6: Nevada_Co	20: Imperial_Co	34: Milwaukee	48: Washington
7: Amador_Co	21: Las_Vegas	35: Sheboygan	49: Baltimore
8: Calaveras_Co	22: Yuma	36: Manitowoc_Co	50: Philadelphia
9: Tuolumne_Co	23: Phoenix	37: Door_Co_Rev	51: New_York
10: S.Luis_Obispo	24: Salt_Lake	38: Door_Co	52: Connecticut
11: Mariposa_Co	25: Provo	39: Benton_Harbor	
12: Ventura_Co	26: Uinta_Basin	40: Muskegon	
13: LA-S_Coast	27: El_Paso	41: Allegan_Co	



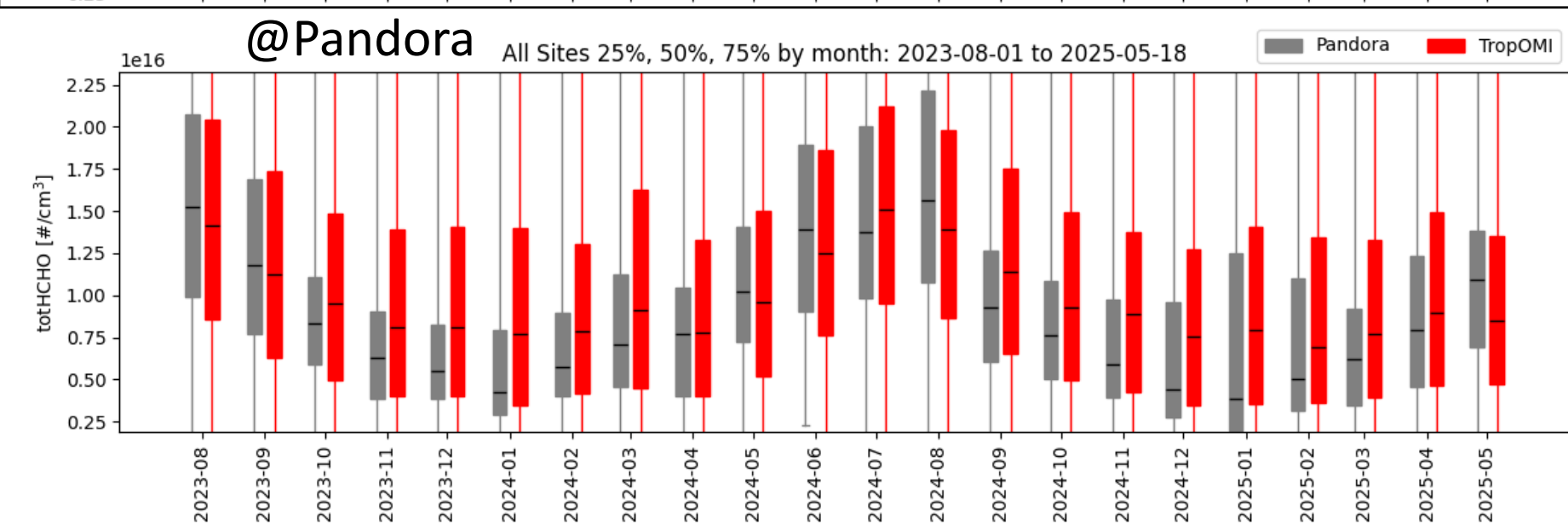
# Pandora totHCHO Validation

## Aug 2023 to May 2025



line: 50% boxes: 25%-75%  
Solid Boxes: Mon-Fri

**TEMPO captures seasonal pattern ( $r=0.98$ ) with good bias (NMB=-3%)**

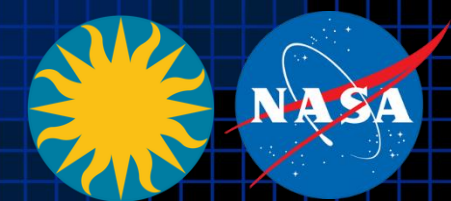


**TropOMI captures seasonal pattern ( $r=0.91$ ), but high in winter (NMB=+12%)**

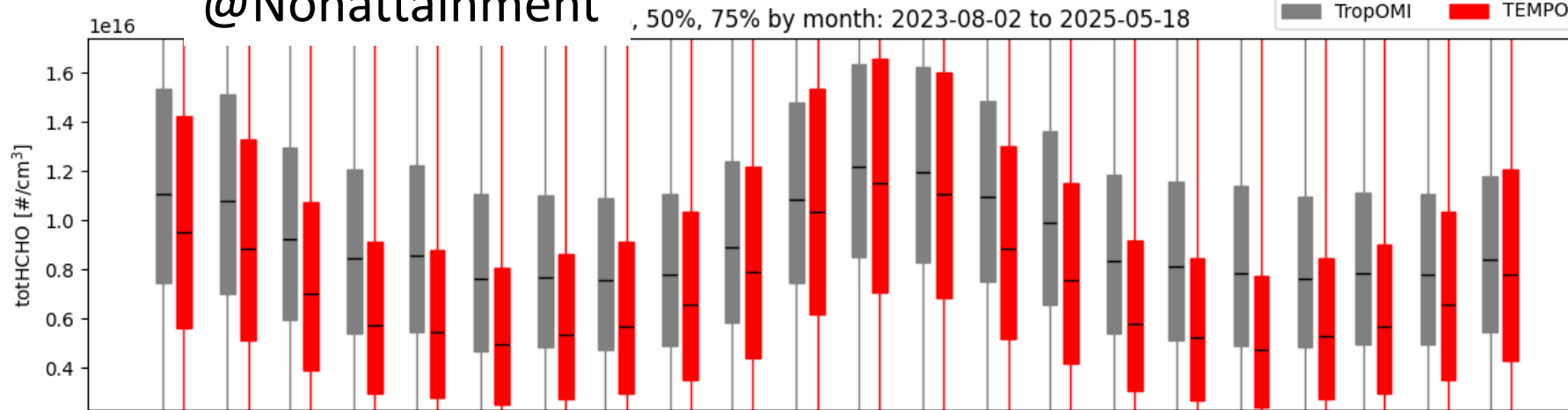
- Smaller variability in TropOMI
- TropOMI high-biased for low HCHO?



# TropOMI totHCHO Evaluation Aug 2023 to May 2025



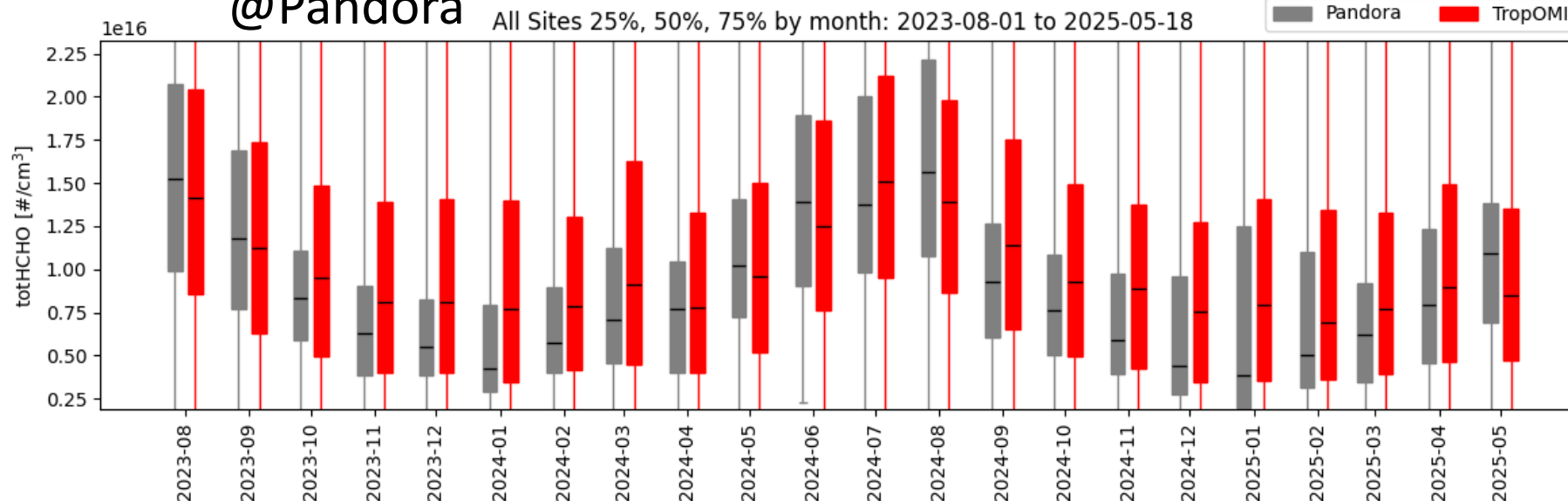
## @Nonattainment



line: 50% boxes: 25%-75%  
Solid Boxes: Mon-Fri

**TEMPO captures  
TropOMI seasonal  
pattern ( $r=0.94$ ) with  
lower winter values,  
which is likely good.**

## @Pandora



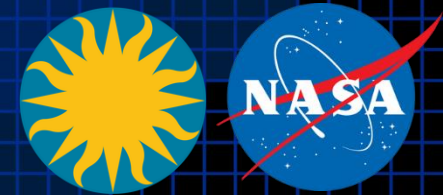
**TropOMI captures Pandora  
seasonal pattern ( $r=0.91$ ), but  
high in winter (NMB=+12%)**

- Smaller variability in TropOMI
- TropOMI high-biased for low HCHO?



# totHCHO Diurnal Validation

TEMPO L2 vs Pandora Total HCHO



Agreement: Correlation (R) and Index of Agreement (IOA)

Generally moderate agreement

- Small variation in performance
- Peaks at mid-day  $R=0.5$

Bias and error worst in morning

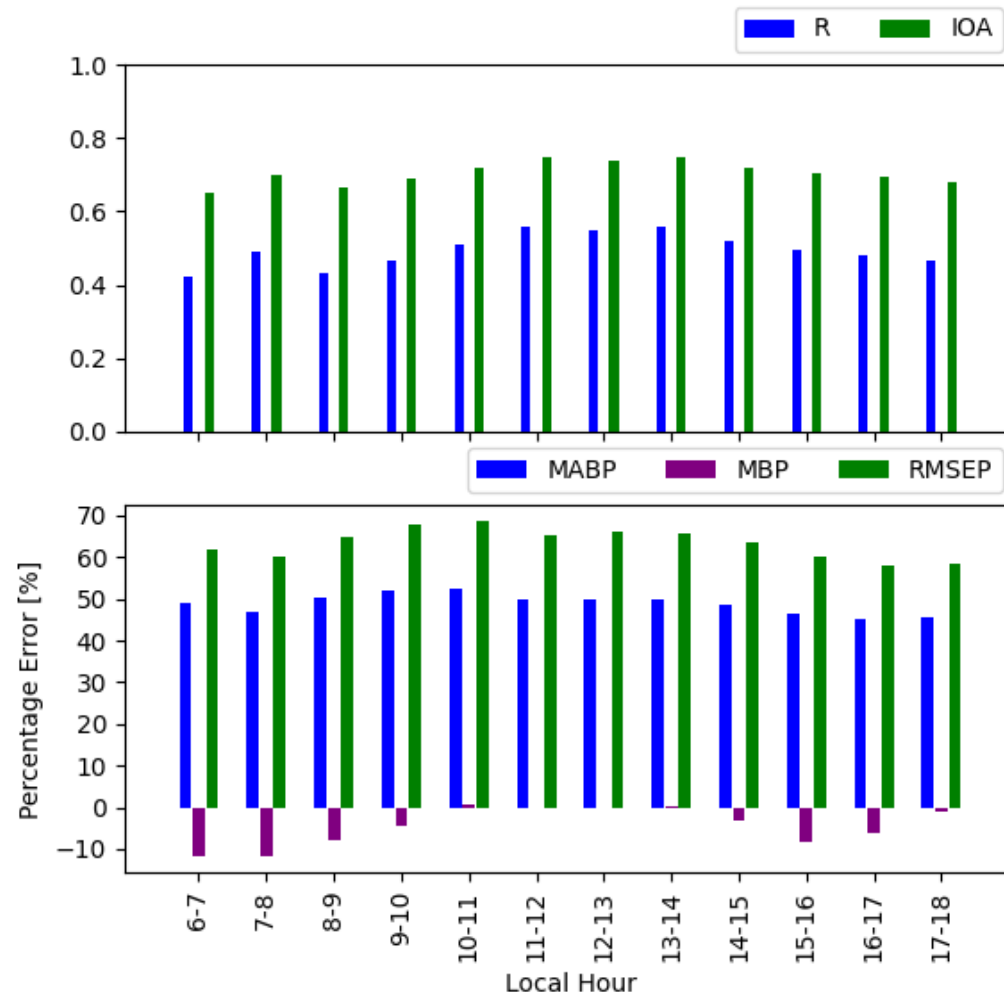
- 6-7, 17-18LST : Few observations
- 7-10 and 15-17 show lower biases than mid-day

Err as % Mean

Mean Abs Bias

Mean Bias

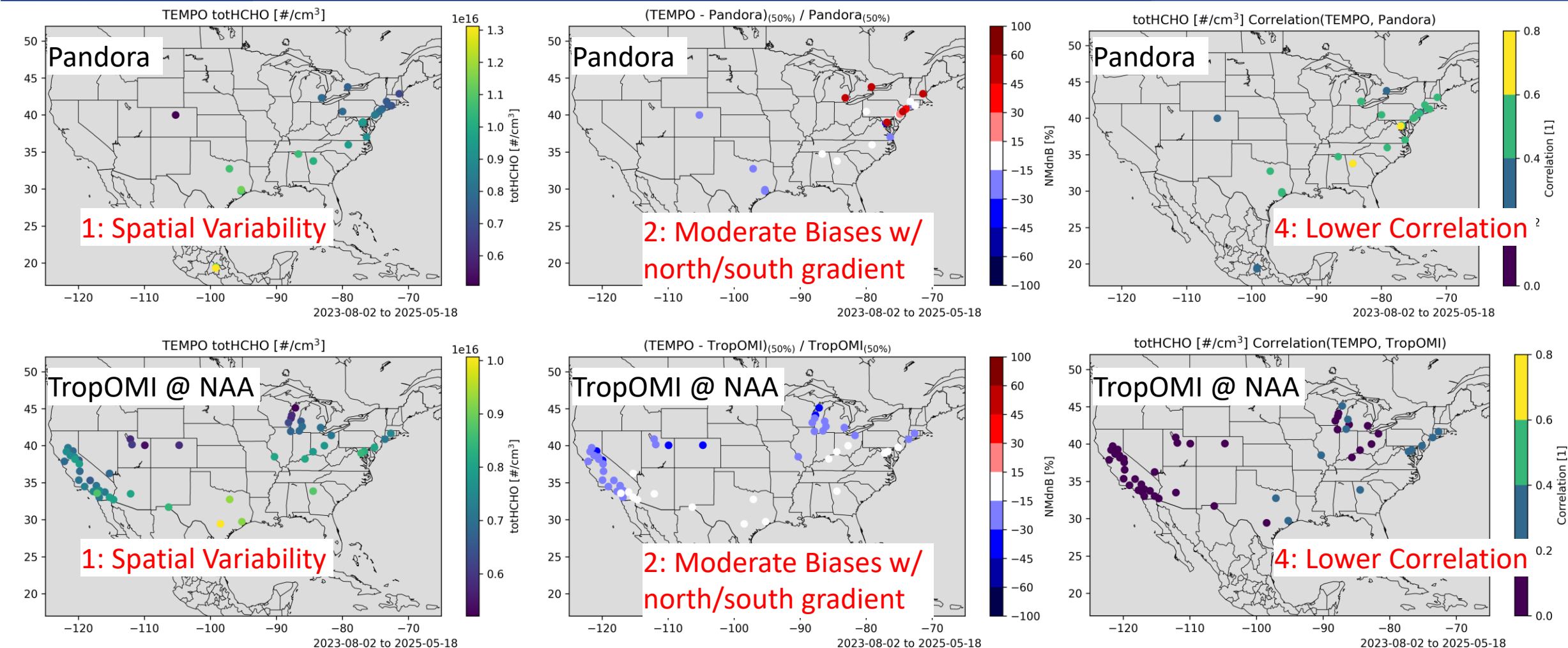
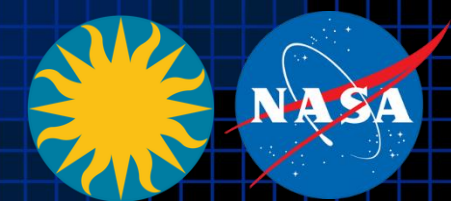
RMSE







# Site-level totHCHO Evaluation Available

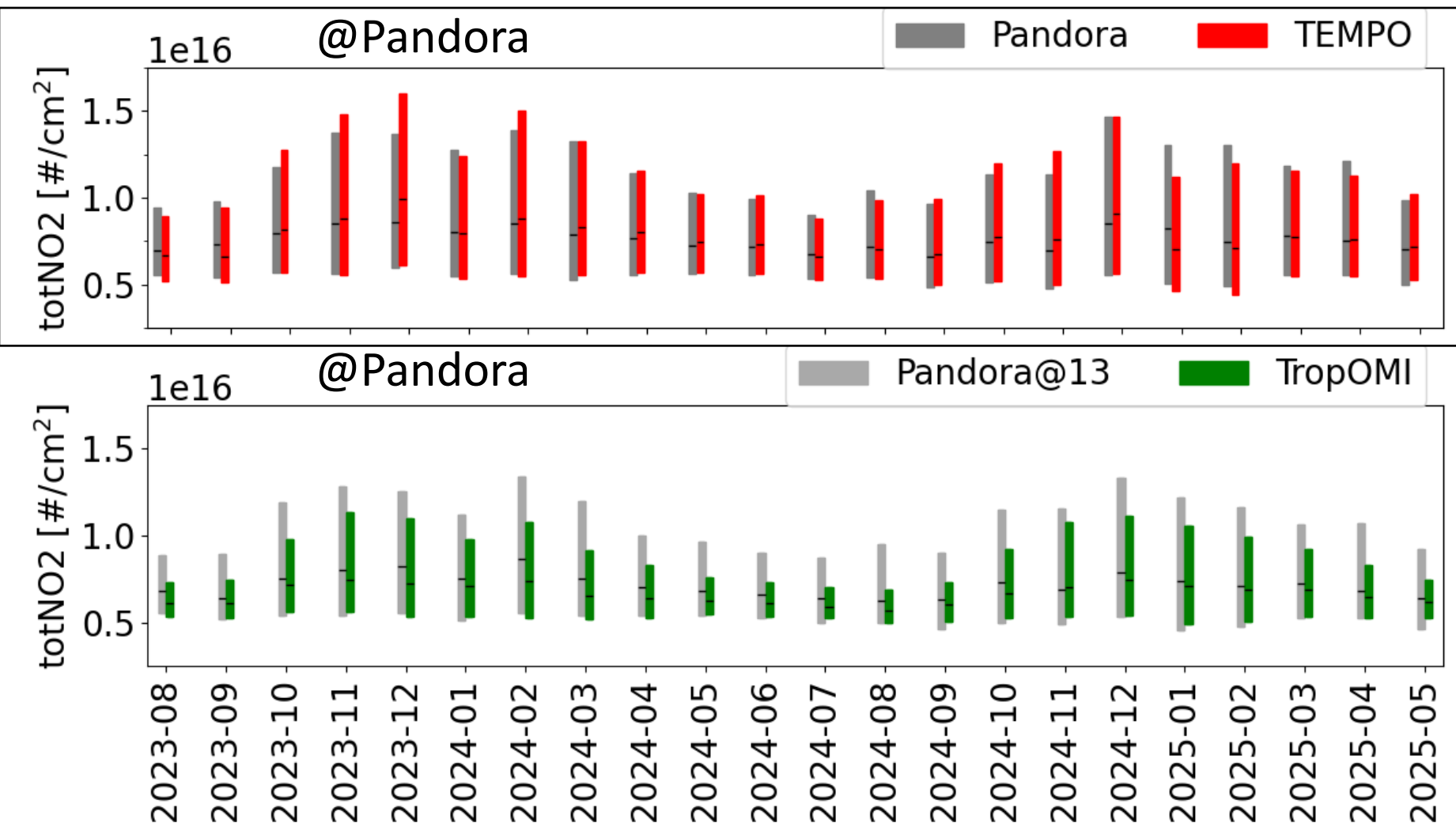
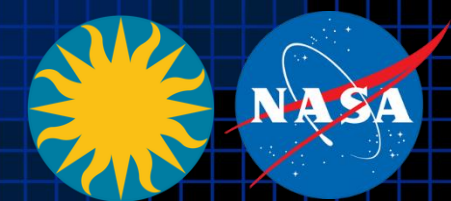


Summaries and site-level analysis at <https://gaftp.epa.gov/Air/aqmg/bhenderson/share/TEMPO/README.html>



# Pandora totNO<sub>2</sub> Validation

## Aug 2023 to May 2025



line: 50% boxes: 25%-75%  
Solid Boxes: Mon-Fri

**TEMPO captures seasonal pattern (r=0.82) with good bias (NMB=3%)**

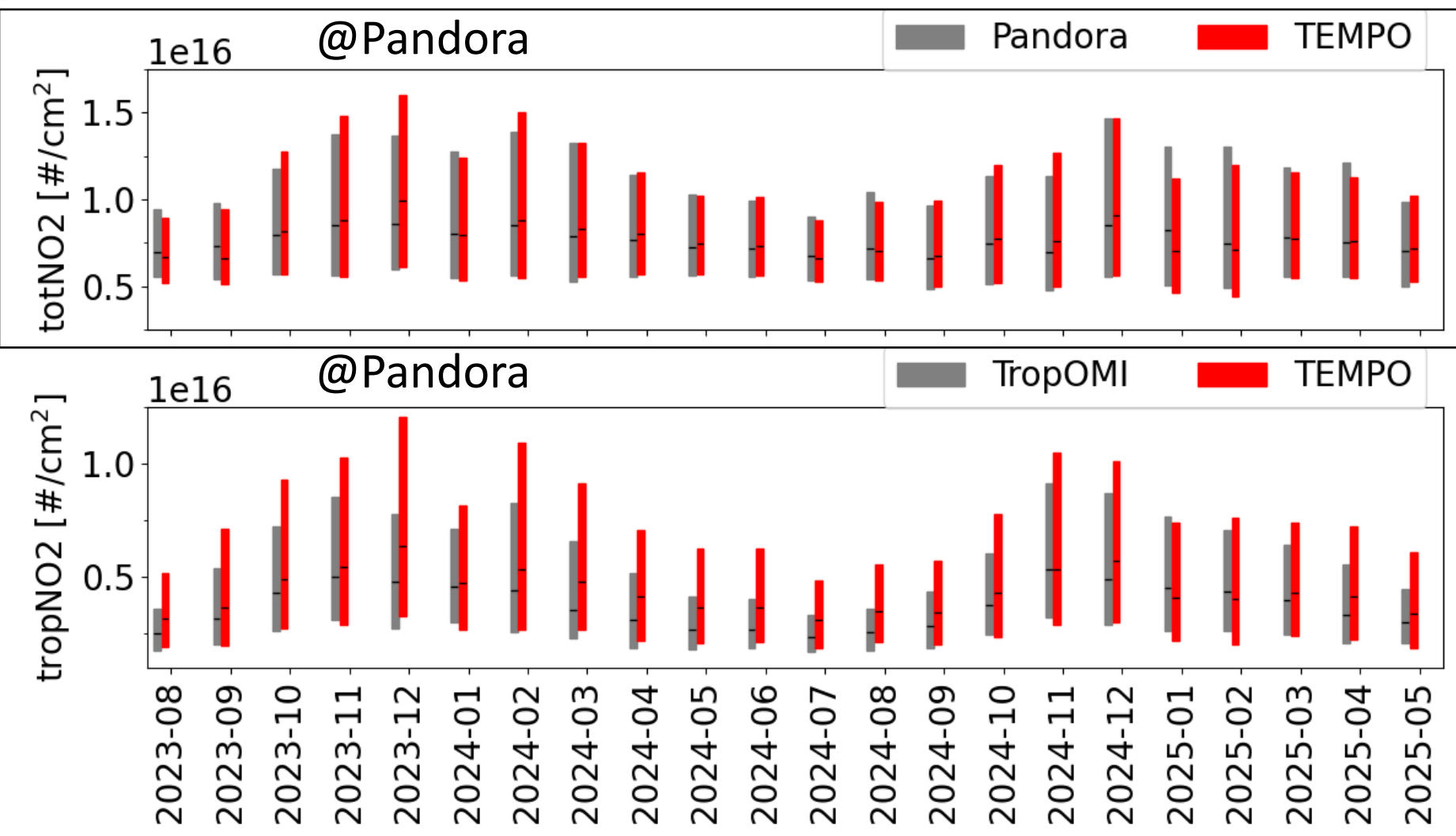
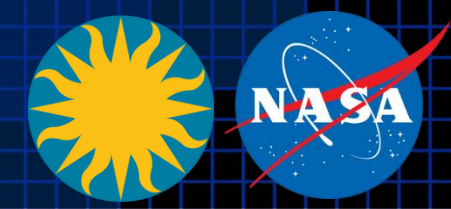
**TropOMI captures seasonal pattern (r=0.88), but low (NMB=-14%)**

- Smaller variability in TropOMI
- TropOMI low-biased for high NO<sub>2</sub>?





# TropOMI totNO<sub>2</sub> and tropNO<sub>2</sub> Eval @Pandora Aug 2023 to May 2025



line: 50% boxes: 25%-75%  
Solid Boxes: Mon-Fri

**TEMPO captures  
Pandora seasonal  
pattern ( $r=0.82$ ) with  
good bias (NMB=3%)**

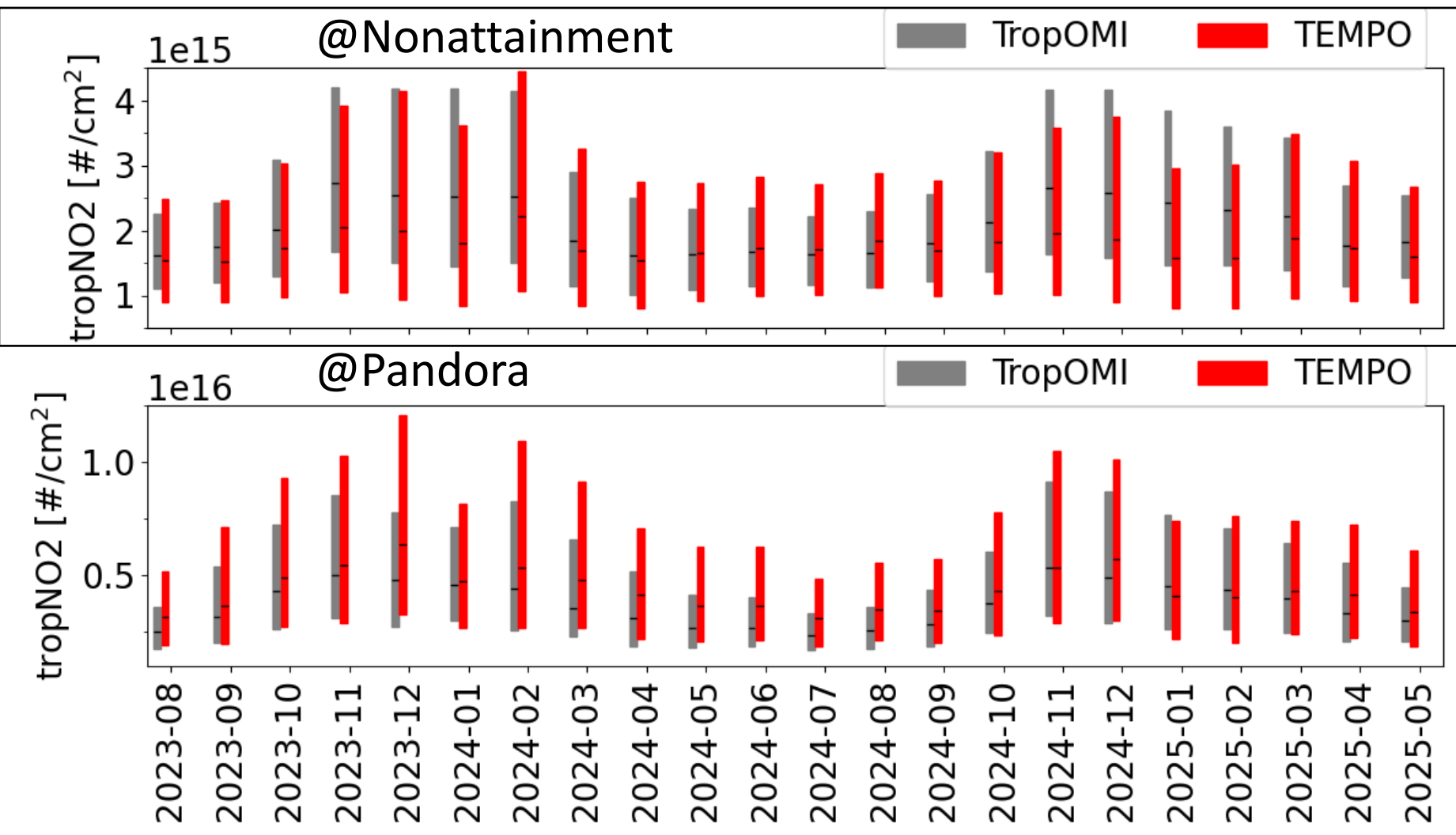
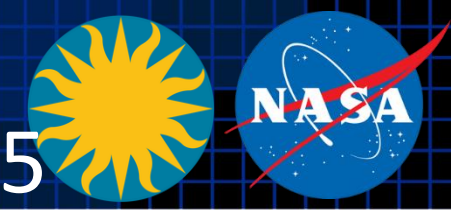
**Using TropOMI as a reference**

**As expected, TEMPO is higher  
than TropOMI (NMB=+19%)**

**So, you might expect TEMPO  
to be high biased over  
Nonattainment Areas (NAA)**



# TropOMI totNO<sub>2</sub> and tropNO<sub>2</sub> Eval @All Intersections Aug 2023 to May 2025

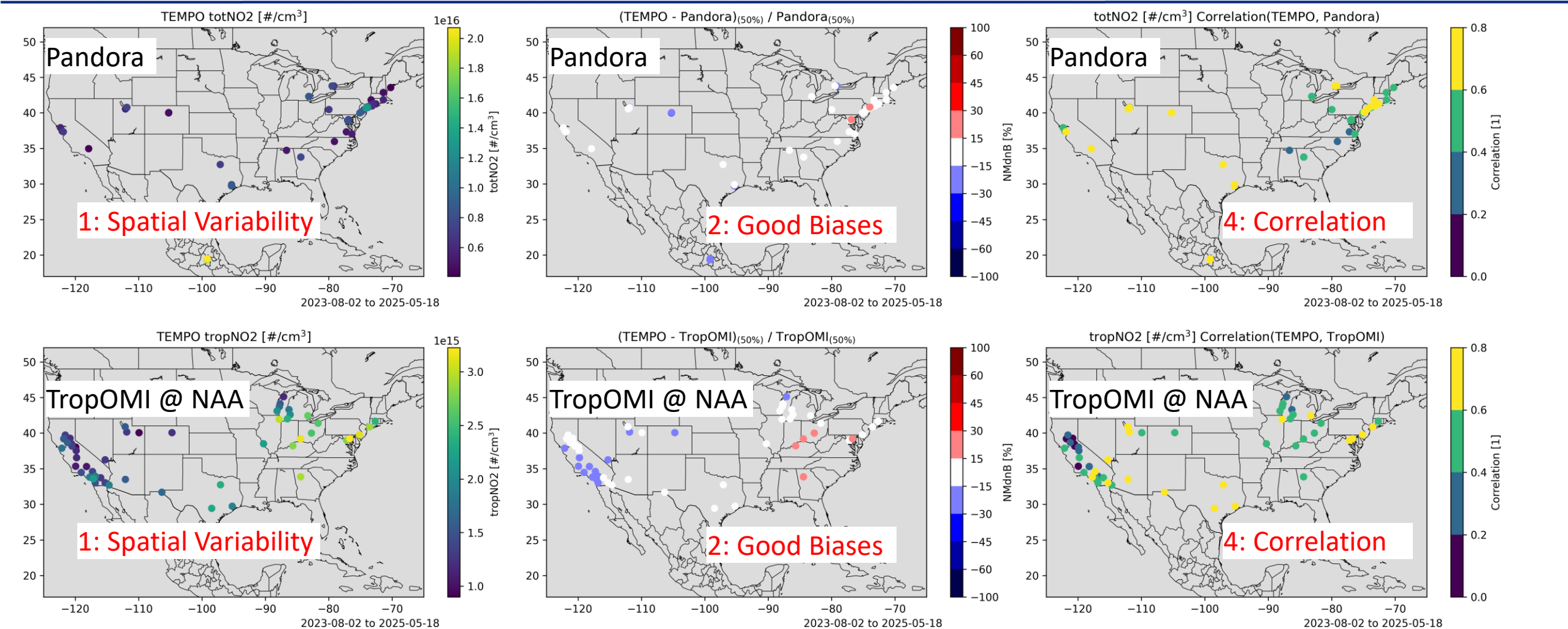


line: 50% boxes: 25%-75%  
Solid Boxes: Mon-Fri

**Unexpectedly TEMPO has lower NAA values (NMB=-11%)**

- Pandora sites are typically in urban areas, mostly in the west
- NAA cover urban, but area dominated by suburbs/rural and area-wise are in the west (California).
- TropOMI may have a high-bias at low NO<sub>2</sub>?

***Need Pandoras at strategic suburban ad rural locations to provide ground truth.***



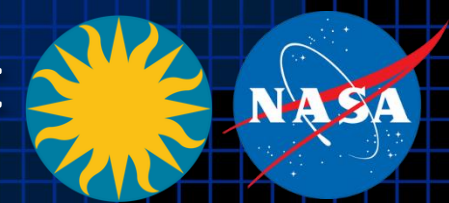
Summaries and site-level analysis at <https://gaftp.epa.gov/Air/aqmg/bhenders/share/TEMPO/README.html>





# Seasonal and Diurnal Performance is Consistent

TEMPO L2 vs Pandora Total NO<sub>2</sub>



Agreement: Correlation (R) and Index of Agreement (IOA)

Generally strong agreement

- Increasing correlation from 6-11 LST
- 10-17LST correlation generally good

Bias and error worst in morning

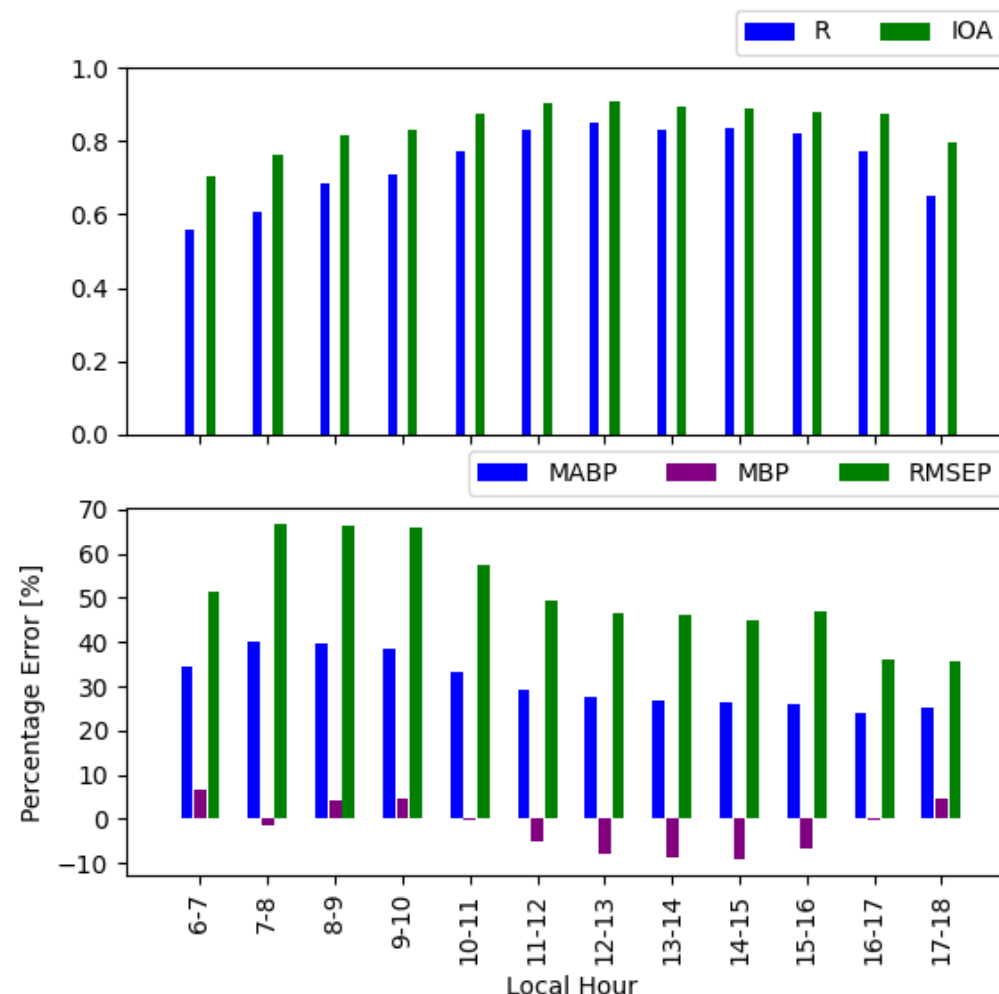
- 6-7 LST : Few observations
- 7-10:59 LST : the RMSE and MAB increase
- 11-15:59 LST error statistics are better
- 16-17:59 dropping again

Err as % Mean

Mean Abs Bias

Mean Bias

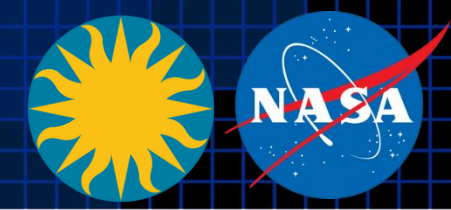
RMSE





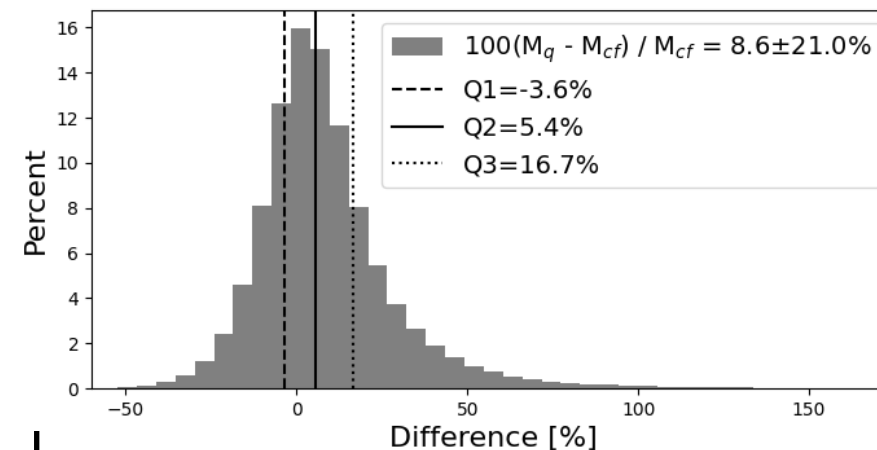
# Early Applications

## TEMPO L2 vs Preliminary CMAQ Application

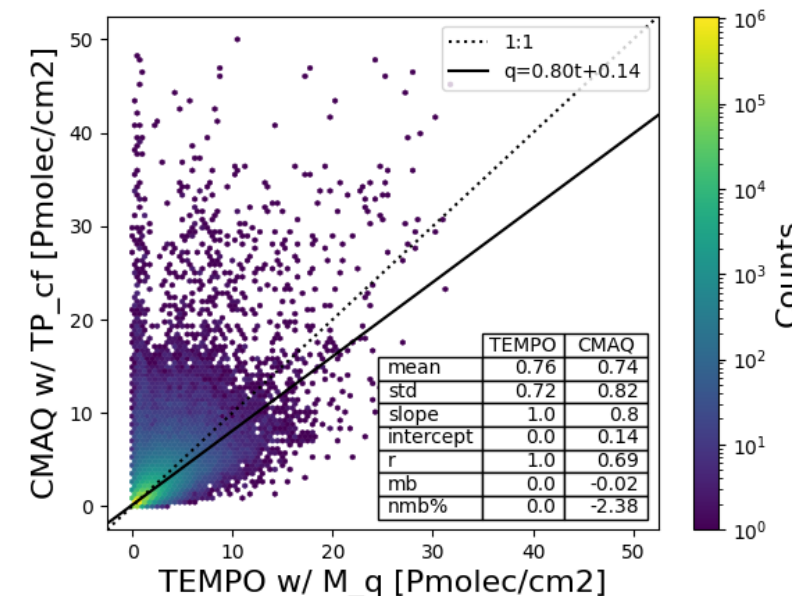


- Focusing on NO<sub>2</sub> Applications
  - Model performance evaluation (are columns similar?)
  - Dynamic evaluation (do columns respond to emissions similarly? Using weekend vs weekday)
- Case study of convenience Sept 2023
  - Expediated Modeling of Burn Events Results (EMBER)\*
    - 2018 anthropogenic emissions
    - 2023 preliminary fire inventory
  - *Longer analysis would be ideal*

Air Mass Factor differences from TEMPO prior



CMAQ compared to TEMPO



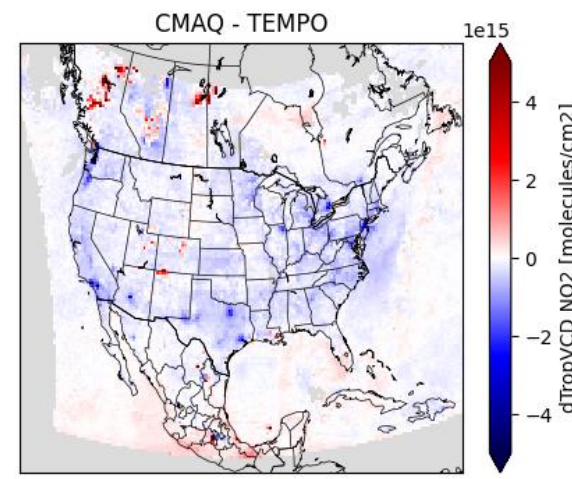
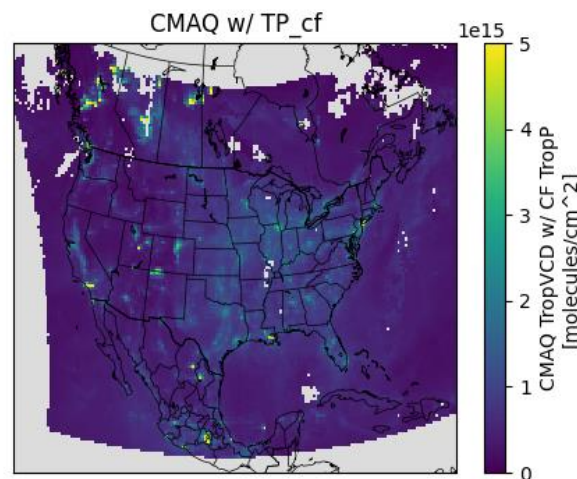
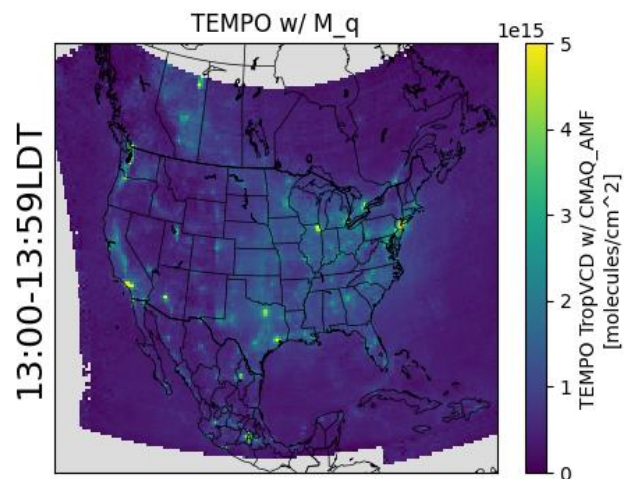
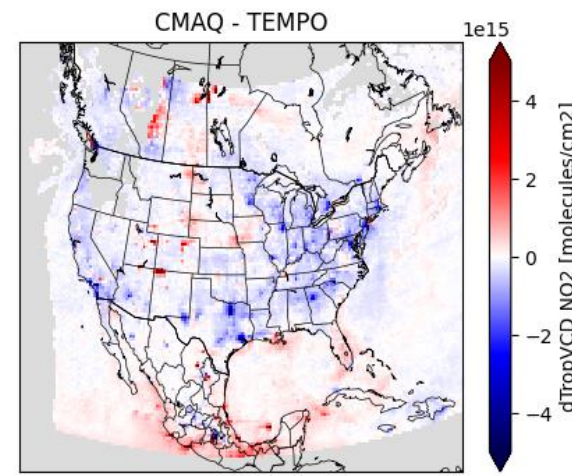
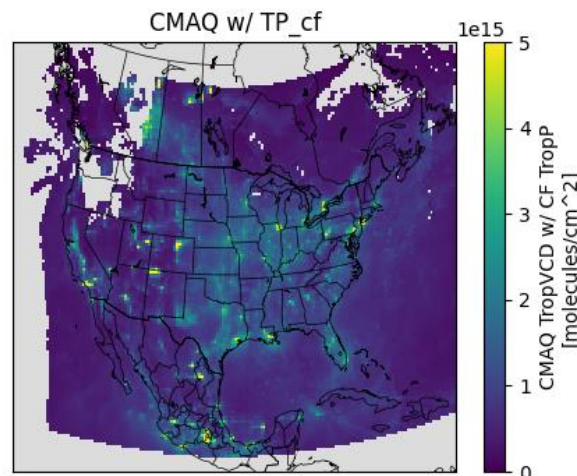
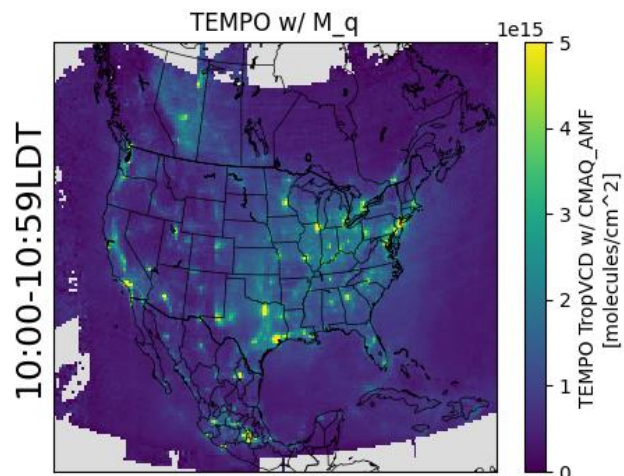
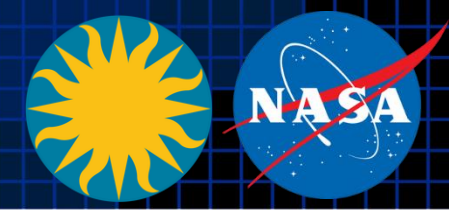
\* Simon et al. (10.1016/j.dib.2024.111208) Data in Brief





# Model Performance Evaluation

## TEMPO L2 vs Preliminary CMAQ Application



TEMPO TropVCD

CMAQ TropVCD

CMAQ – TEMPO

### Sept 2023 average

- CMAQ has low biases in many major cities
- TEMPO and CMAQ have larger tropospheric columns in the morning hours (10-11LDT) than at polar overpass.
- Morning differences are larger in absolute scale.

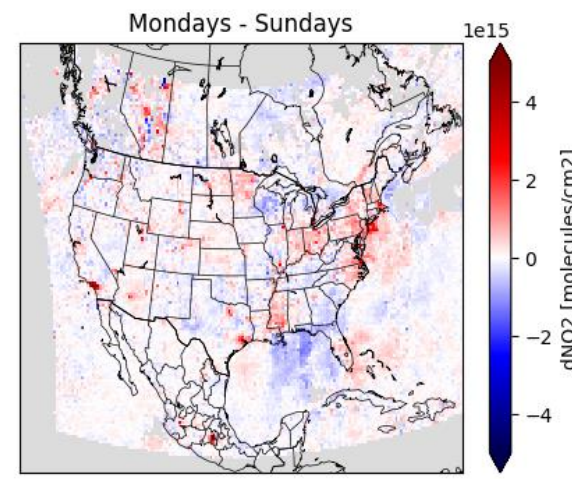
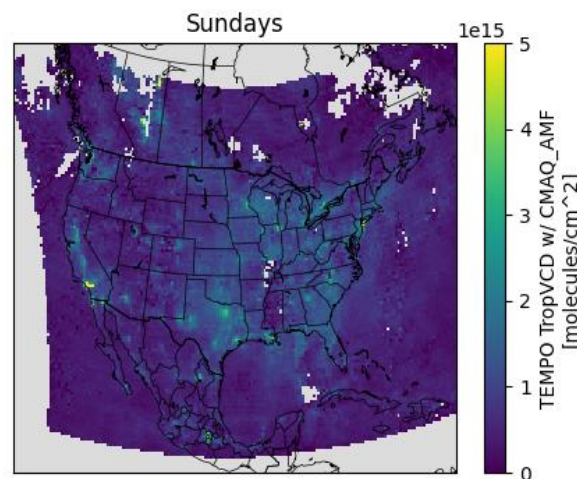
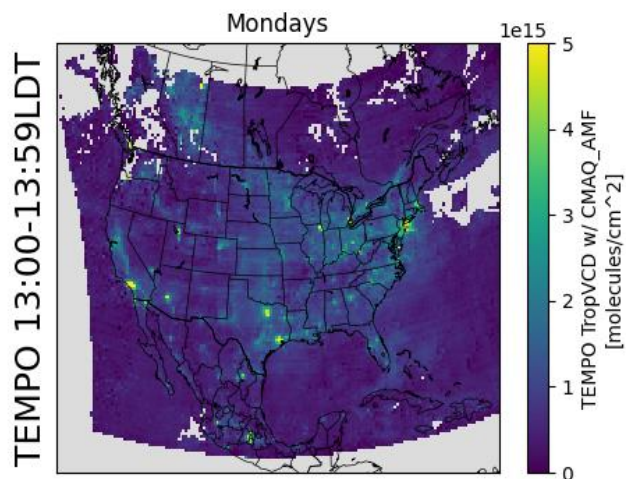
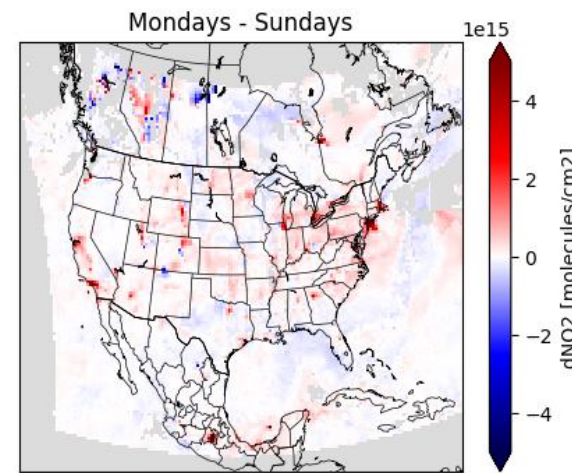
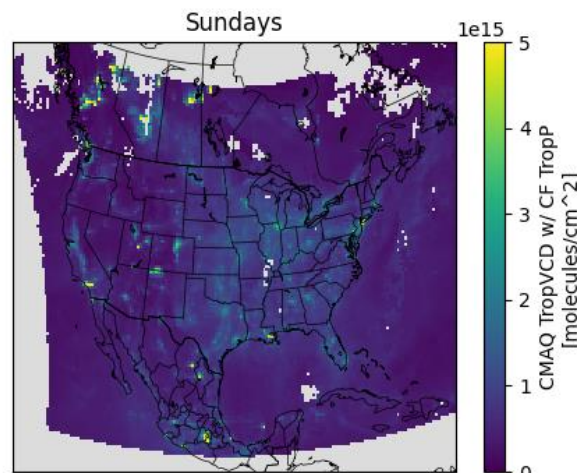
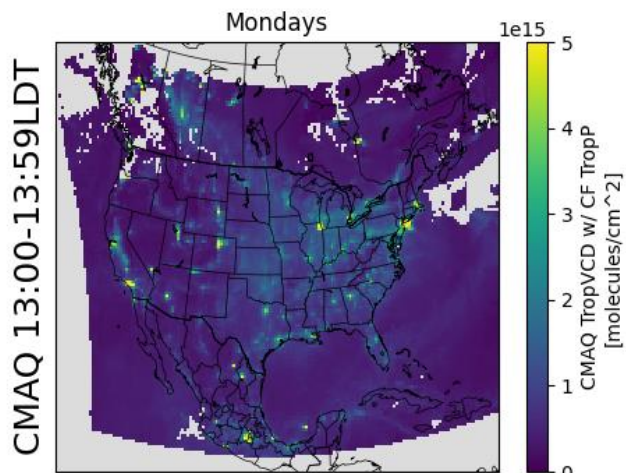
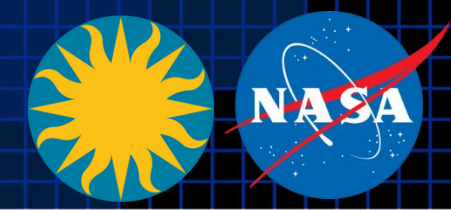
Consistent w/ Nash et al. 2024 (10.5194/egusphere-2024-554), corrects low ozone bias that is largest in the west.





# Dynamic Evaluation

## TEMPO L2 vs Preliminary CMAQ Application



Monday Magnitude

Sunday Magnitude

Weekday Increment

### 1PM overpass

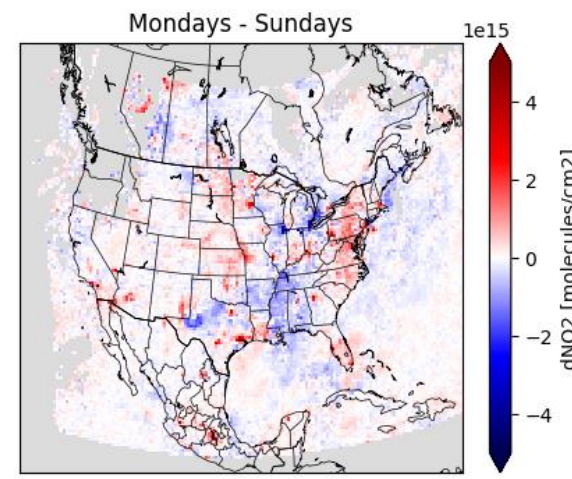
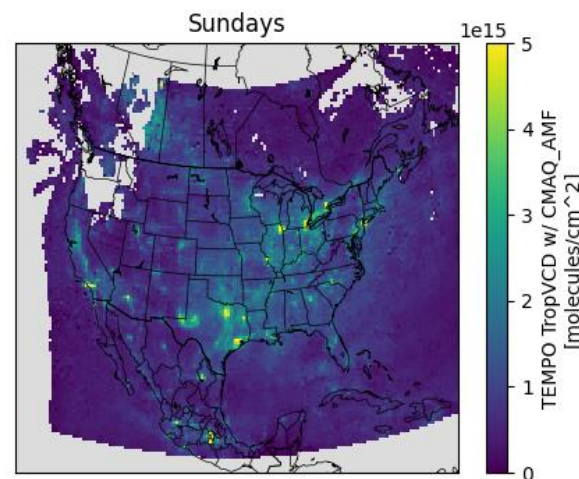
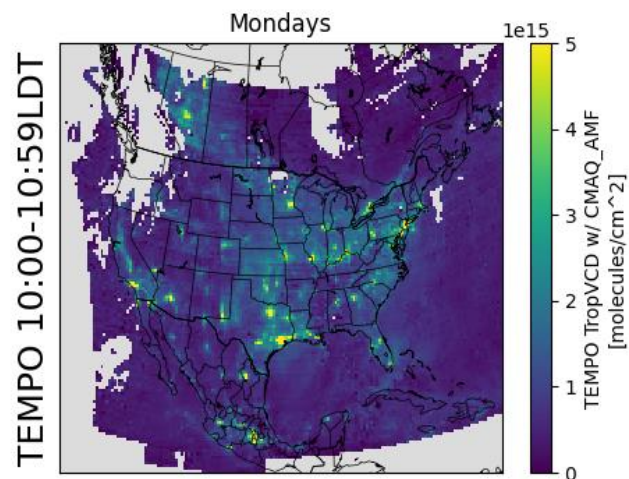
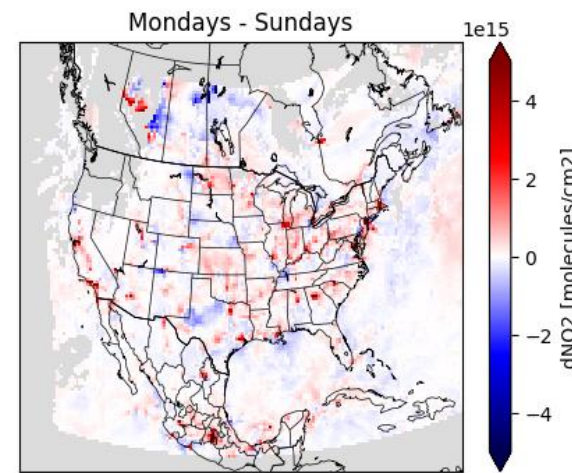
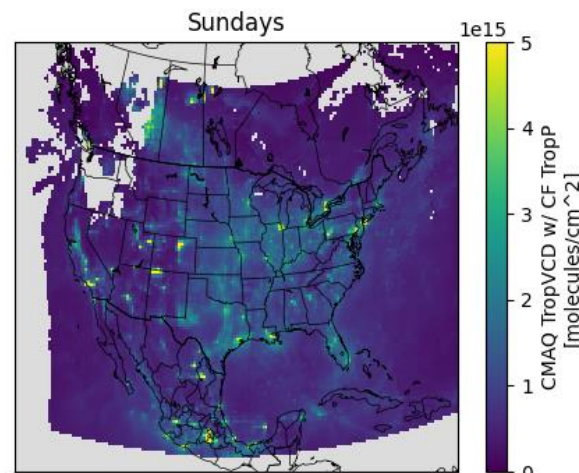
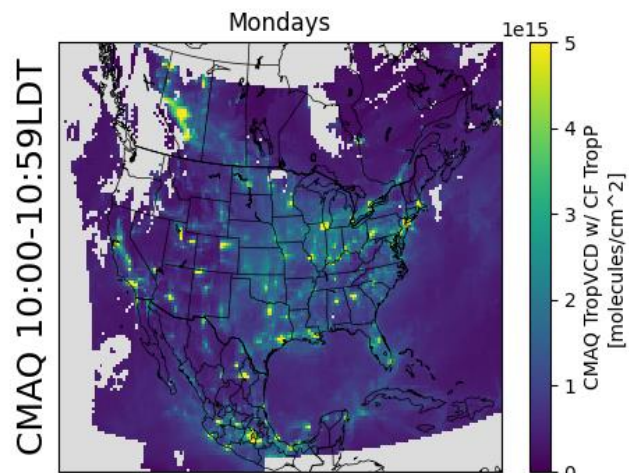
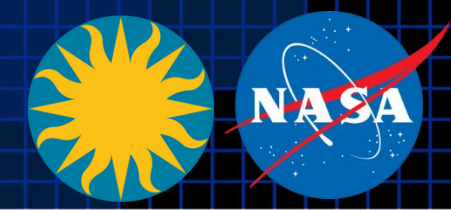
- Weekday/weekend analysis (n=4)
- Tropospheric columns in major cities stand out in both TEMPO and CMAQ
- Mondays larger than Sundays in polluted scenes
- Unexpected differences in Mississippi





# Dynamic Evaluation

## TEMPO L2 vs Preliminary CMAQ Application



Monday Magnitude

Sunday Magnitude

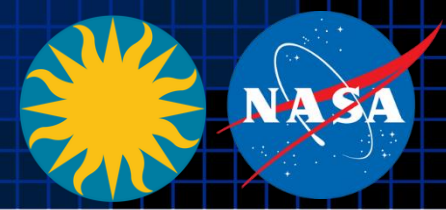
Weekday Increment

### *At morning scan*

- Weekday/weekend analysis (n=4)
- TEMPO and CMAQ increments over cities are more similar at 10LDT than at 13LDT
- TEMPO has more negative increments than CMAQ in general and over the southeast and Great Lakes in particular.
- TEMPO Chicago increment looks suspect.
- Need longer data to isolate variability vs true difference.



# Summary



- Community led validation TEAM helped TEMPO meet validation goals
  - Nitrogen dioxide and formaldehyde results contribute to both the beta and provisional maturity levels.
  - Assessing bias, precision and uncertainty (NO<sub>2</sub>-02, NO<sub>2</sub>-04, HCHO-02 and HCHO-04)
  - Inter-site gradients contributes to urban/rural gradient assessments (NO<sub>2</sub>-01 and HCHO-01)
  - Large pixel-to-pixel variation and data striping remains
  - Reveals strong disagreement between TEMPO and TropOMI HCHO, which is likely an *improvement*.
- TEMPO shows 2023 CMAQ simulation low-bias
  - Confirms TropOMI results (Kumm AGU presentation)
  - Geostationary coverage would require fewer assumptions in top-down emission adjustments.
- Thanks to:
  - Kelly Chance, SAO, NASA and all the people who helped deliver on the promise of TEMPO!
  - NASA LaRC ASDC for assistance to connect TEMPO to RSIG APIs and increase accessibility!
  - Pandonia Global Network and State and Local agencies for working with EPA to expand Pandora measurements!
  - Research groups and researchers who have contributed their time and analysis in support of TEMPO validation!

email: Henderson.Barron@epa.gov