

CINDI-2 intercalibration campaign



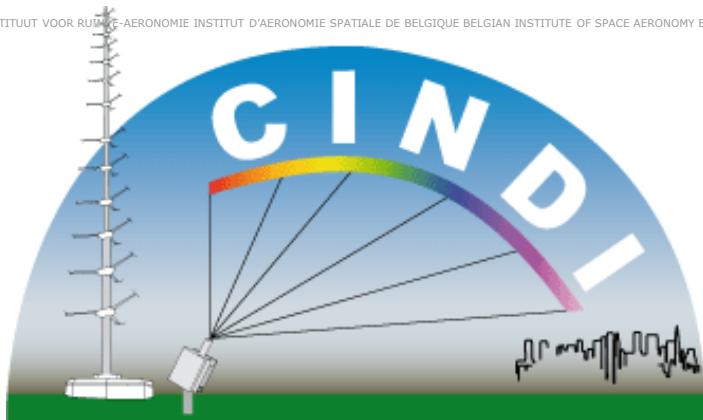
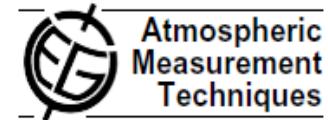
Michel Van Roozendael
BIRA-IASB

Heritage – CINDI-I 2009

www.atmos-meas-tech.net/04/2/2012/

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The Cabauw Intercomparison campaign for Nitrogen Dioxide measuring Instruments (CINDI): design, execution, and early results

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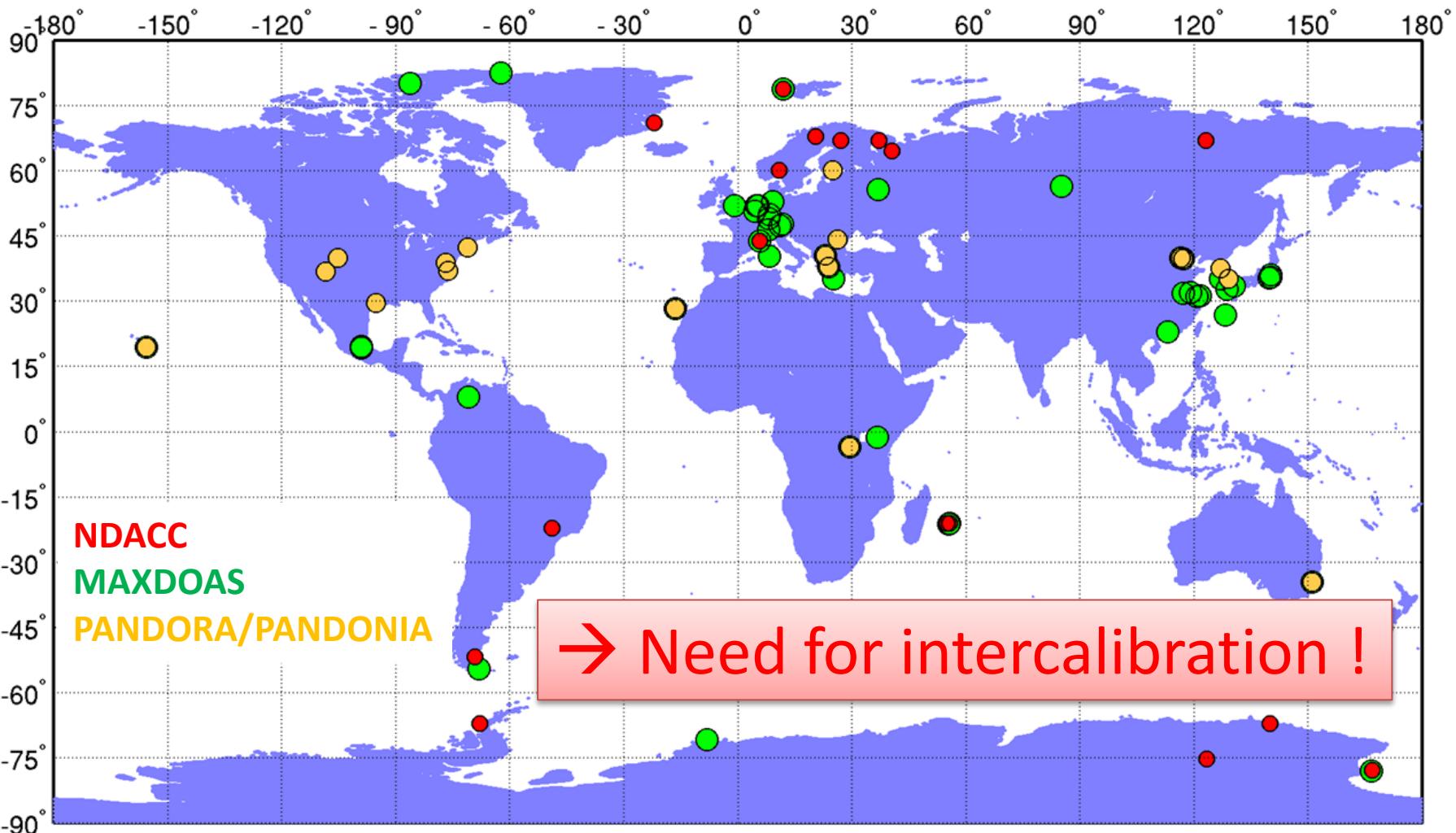
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¹⁷NOAA/NESDIS, Boulder, CO, USA

Piters et al., AMT, 2012

Emerging capacity for NO₂ monitoring



CINDI-2 main objectives

- To assess the consistency of slant column measurements of several key target species (NO_2 , O_3 , O_4 and HCHO) of relevance for the validation of S5P and the future ESA atmospheric Sentinels, through coordinated operation of a large number of DOAS and MAXDOAS instruments from all over the world.
- To study the relationship between remote-sensing column and profile measurements of NO_2 , HCHO and O_3 and reference in-situ concentration measurements of the same species.
- To investigate the horizontal representativeness of MAXDOAS measuring systems in view of their use for the validation of satellite tropospheric measurements featuring ground pixel sizes in the range of 25-50 km².



CINDI-2 participants

BELGISH INSTITUUT VOOR RUIMTE-AERONOMIE INSTITUT D'AERONOMIE SPATIALE DE BELGIQUE BELGIAN INSTITUTE OF SPACE AERONOMY BELGISH INSTITUUT VOOR RUIMTE-AERONOMIE INSTITUT D'AERONOMIE SPATIALE DE BELGIQUE BELGIAN INSTITUTE OF SPACE AERONOMY BELGISH INSTITUUT VOOR RUIMTE-AERONOMIE INSTITUT D'AERONOMIE SPATIALE DE BELGIQUE BELGIAN INSTITUTE OF SPACE AERONOMY BELGISH INSTITUUT VOOR RUIMTE-AERONOMIE INSTITUT D'AERONOMIE SPATIALE DE BELGIQUE BELGIAN INSTITUTE OF SPACE AERONOMY BELGISH INSTITUUT VOOR RUIMTE-AERONOMIE INSTITUT D'AERONOMIE SPATIALE DE BELGIQUE BELGIAN INSTITUTE OF SPACE AERONOMY BELGISH INSTITUUT VOOR RUIMTE-AERONOMIE INSTITUT D'AERONOMIE SPATIALE DE BELGIQUE BELGIAN INSTITUTE OF SPACE AERONOMY BELGISH INSTITUUT VOOR RUIMTE-AERONOMIE INSTITUT D'AERONOMIE SPATIALE DE BELGIQUE BELGIAN INSTITUTE OF SPACE AERONOMY

Participants already involved in CINDI-1

#	Institute	Country	Contact Person	Proposed instrumentation
1	BIRA-IASB	Belgium	M. Van Roozendael	3D-MAXDOAS, CAPS, car-DOAS
2	IUP Br	13 CSIC, Madrid	Spain	A. Salz-Lopez
3	KNMI	14 AUTH, Thessaloniki	Greece	A. Bais
4	RIVM	15 Boku	Austria	S. Schreier
5	Unive	16 Belarus University	Belarus	I. Bruchkouski
6	INTA	17 University of Montevideo	Uruguay	E. Frins
7	CEReS	18 DLR-IMF	Germany	N. Hao
8	MPIC-	19 St. Petersburg University	Russia	D. Ionov
9	LATM	20 CU-Boulder	USA	R. Volkammer
10	Unive	21 IAP	Russia	O. Postylyakov
11	Lufttbl	22 AIOFM	China	P. Xie
12	Unive	23 Munich University	Germany	M. Wenig
		24 University of Galati	Romania	D. Constantin
		25 Environmental Institute of Islamabad	Pakistan	M. F. Khokhar
		26 Melbourne Met-Office	Australia	M. Tully
		27 Indian Institute of Science Education and Research	India	V. Sinha
		28 DWD	Germany	R. Holla
		29 University of Delft	NL	T. Vlemmix
		30 FMI, Helsinki	Finland	H. Saari

New in CINDI-2

CINDI-2

1-28/09/2016



Instrumental deployment



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Trace gases

• MAXDOAS	20
• Mini-DOAS	8
• PANDORA	6
• SAOZ	2
• LP-DOAS	1
• CE-DOAS	1
• I-DOAS	1
• Mobile-DOAS	3

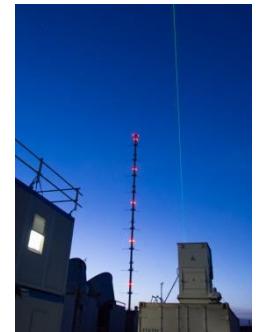


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Other

- RIVM Raman lidar
- VELETA lidar
- Sun photometer
- Ceilometer
- Ozone sondes
- In-situ ozone monitor
- Meteorological parameters
- TSI (all-sky imager)



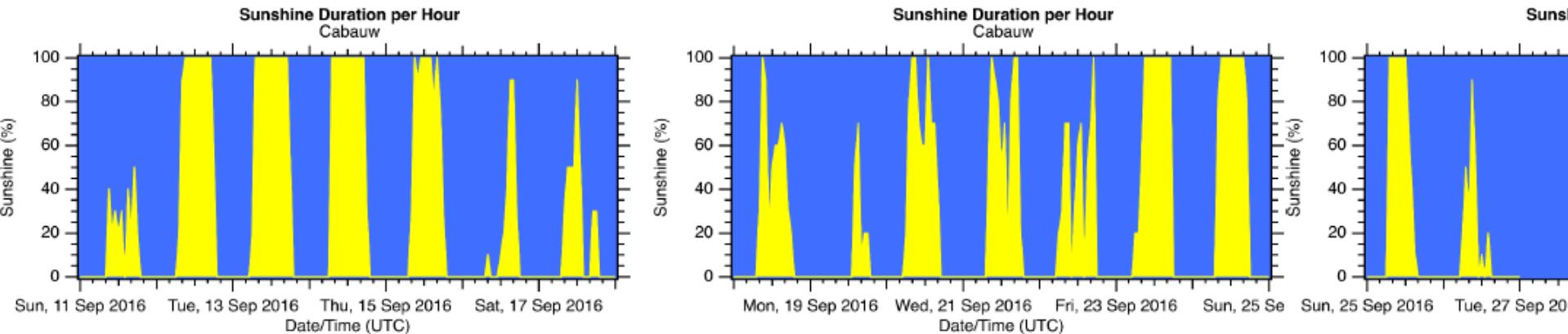
In-situ

• CAPS	2
• NO ₂ analysers	2
• NO ₂ sondes	5



- **+ Modelling support**
 - AQ forecast (CAMS)
 - Weather forecast





Data product	Typical wavelengths
NO ₂ (VIS range)	425 – 490 nm
NO ₂ (UV range)	338 – 370 nm
O ₄ (VIS range)	425 – 490 nm
O ₄ (UV range)	338 – 370 nm
HCHO	336.5-359nm or 324.5 – 359 nm
O ₃ (Chappuis bands)	450 – 550 nm
O ₃ (Huggins bands)	320 – 340 nm
Relative intensity	340, 380, 440, 500 nm
Colour Index	To be defined

Data products included in the semi-blind intercomparison exercise

Viewing angles

- 1d: 287
- 2d: 287, 355, 45, 95, 135, 195, 245



Ermioni
Dimitropoulou

Karin
Kreher



Cabauw, The Netherlands

Semi-blind intercomparison

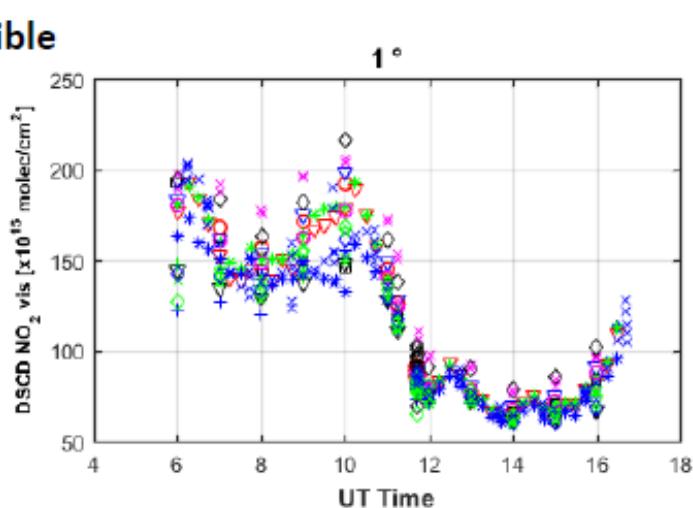
25 August – 7 October 2016

CINDI-2 semi-blind daily results

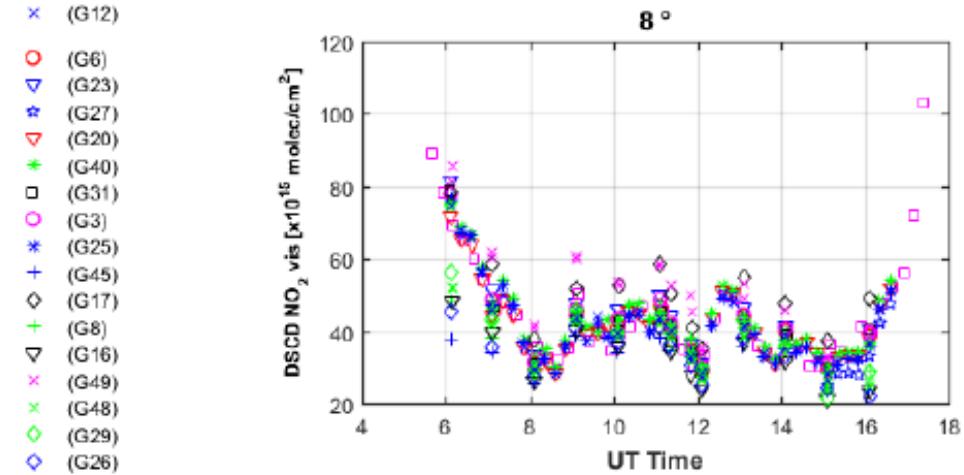
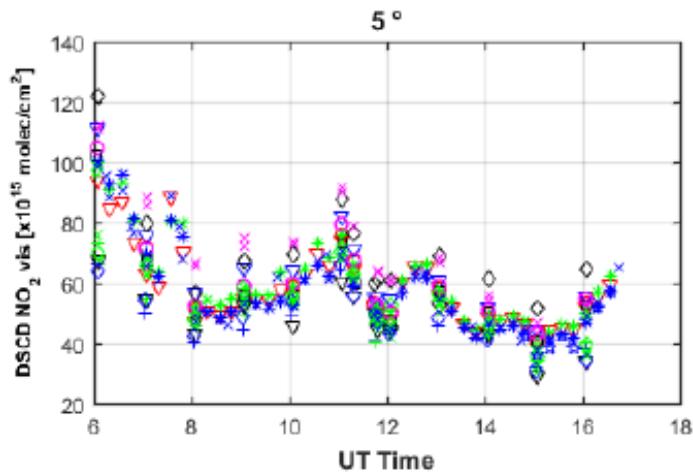
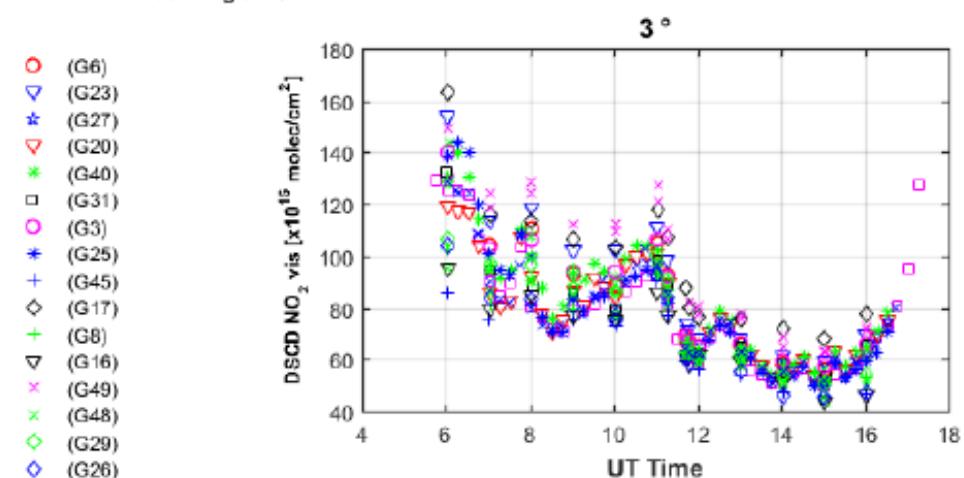
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NO₂ visible

24 Sep
2016

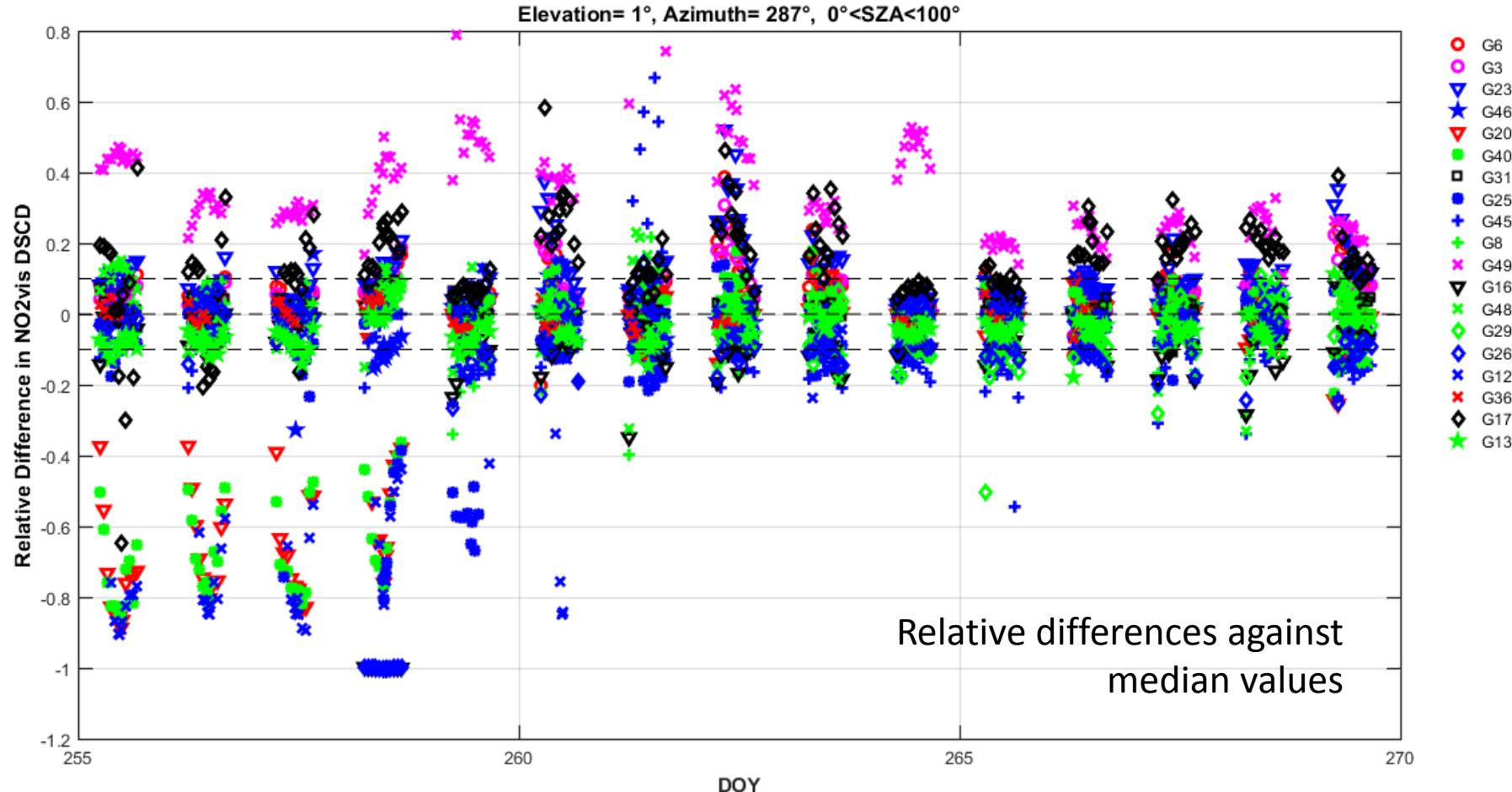


Azimuth Angle=28.7°



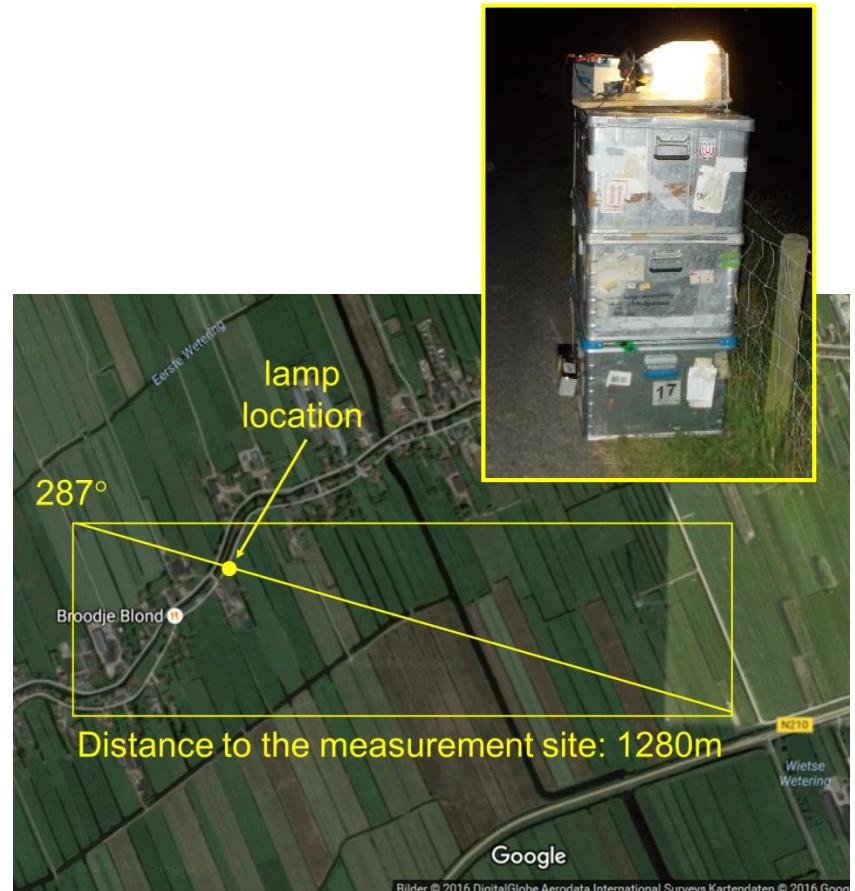
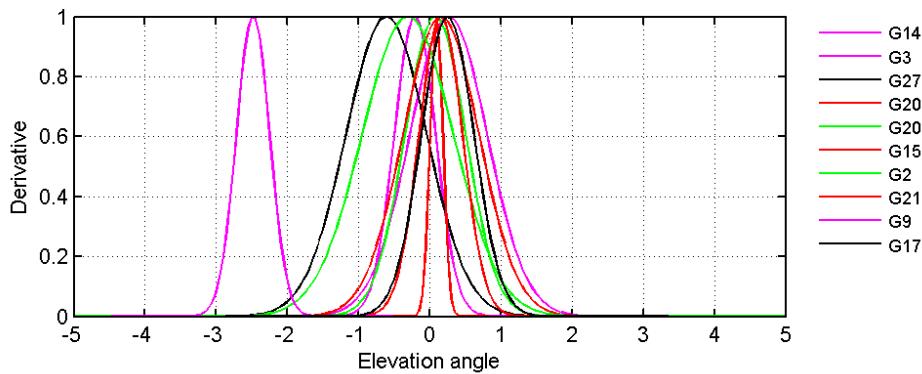
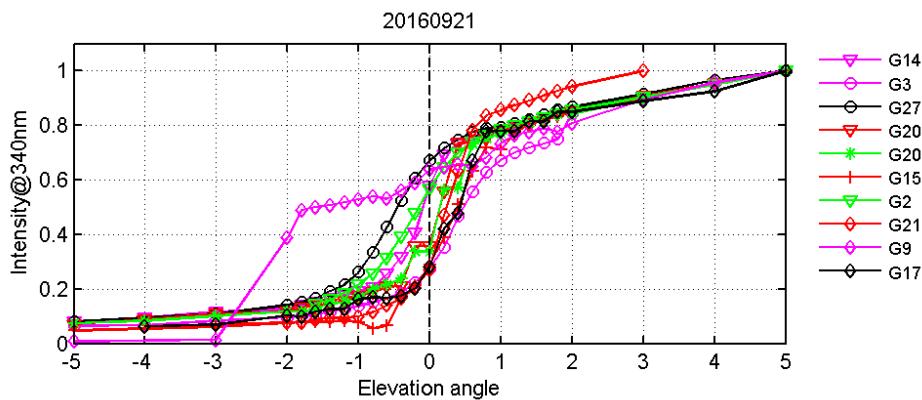
- (G6)
- ▽ (G23)
- ★ (G27)
- ▽ (G20)
- * (G40)
- (G31)
- (G3)
- * (G25)
- + (G45)
- ◊ (G17)
- +
- (G8)
- ▽ (G16)
- * (G49)
- * (G48)
- ◊ (G29)
- ◊ (G26)
- * (G13)
- * (G12)

Evolution of agreement during the course of the campaign (NO_2)

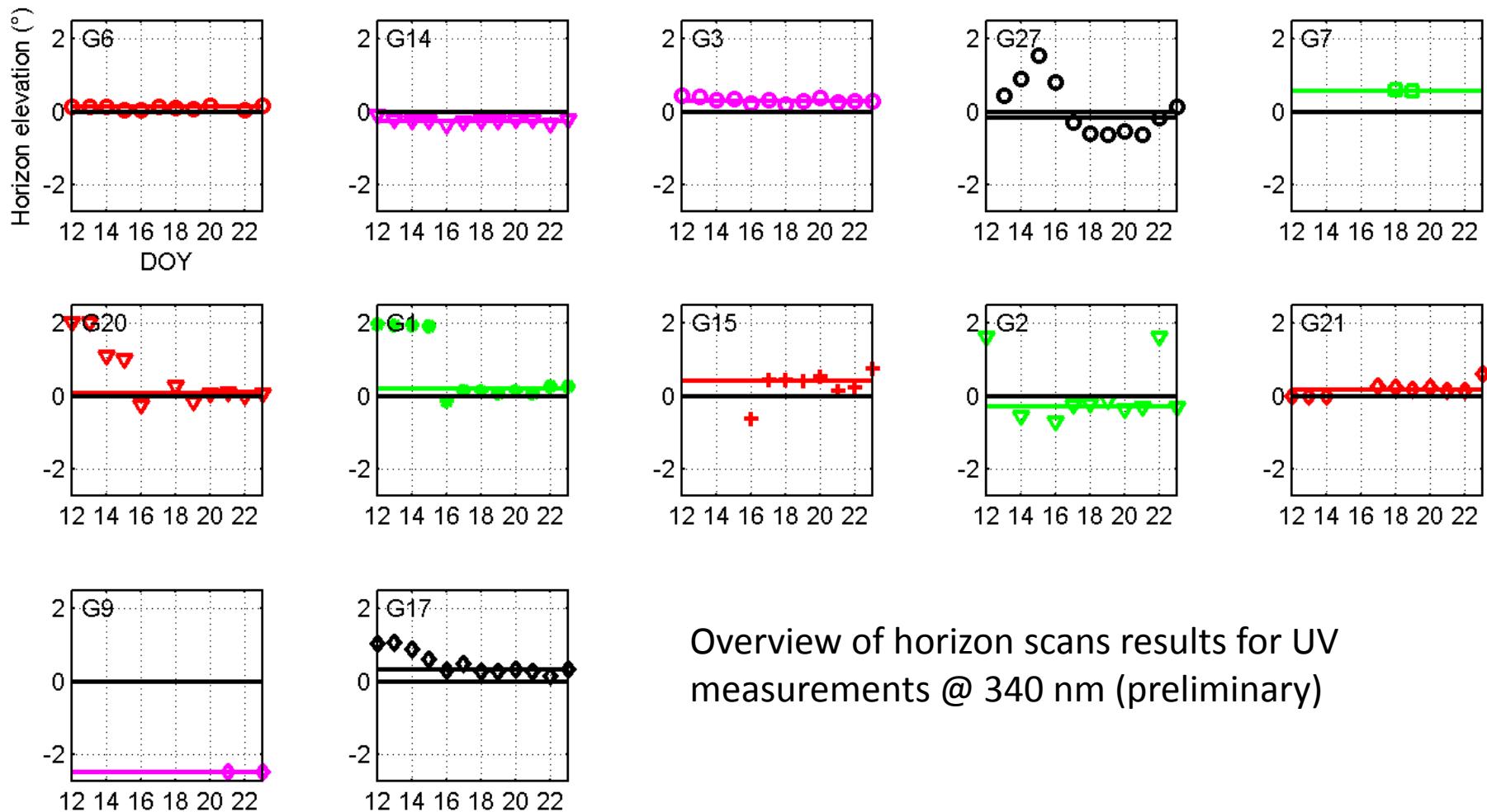


Calibration of pointing accuracy

- Horizon scans plus lamp measurements



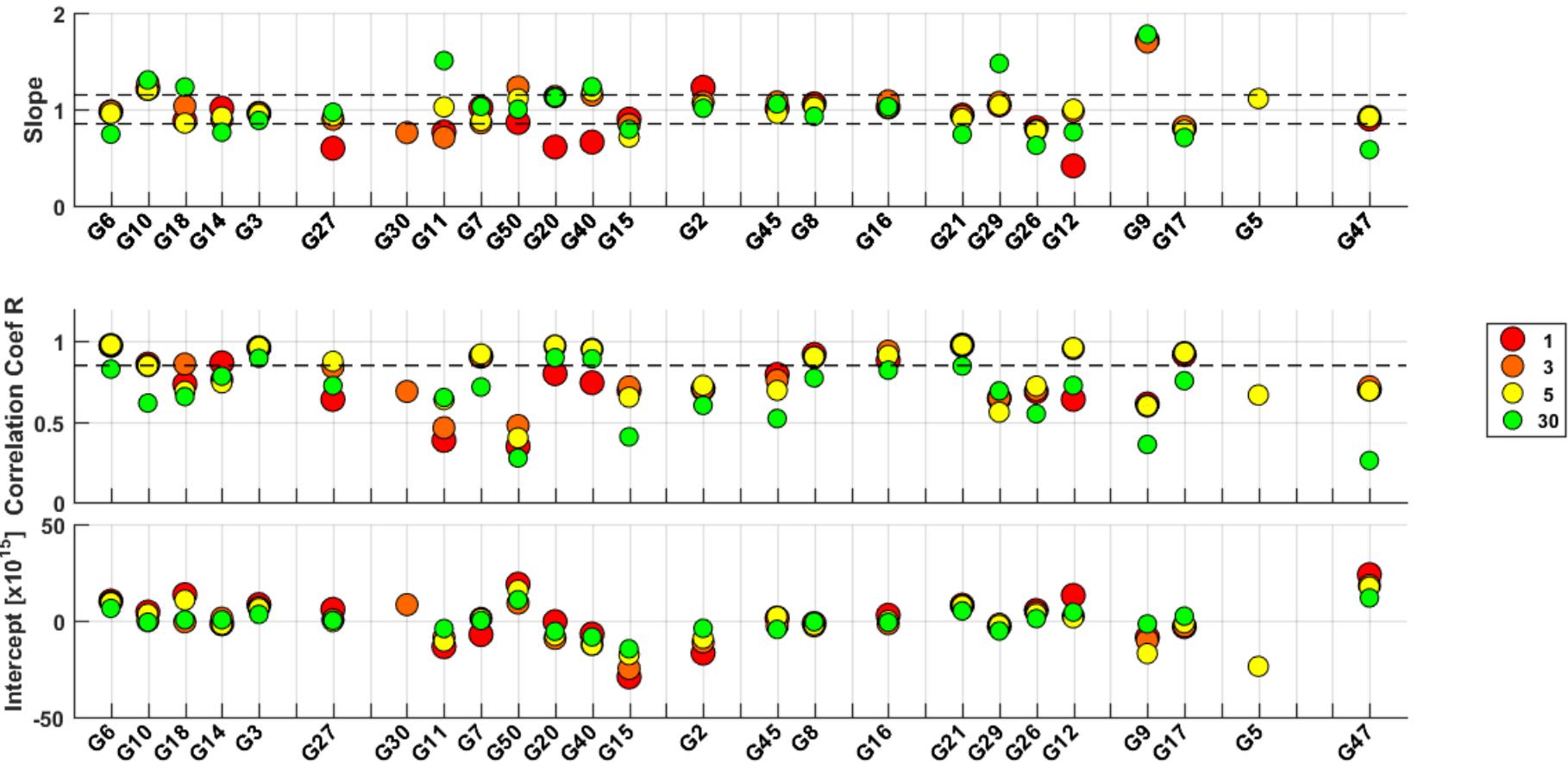
Calibration of pointing accuracy (2)



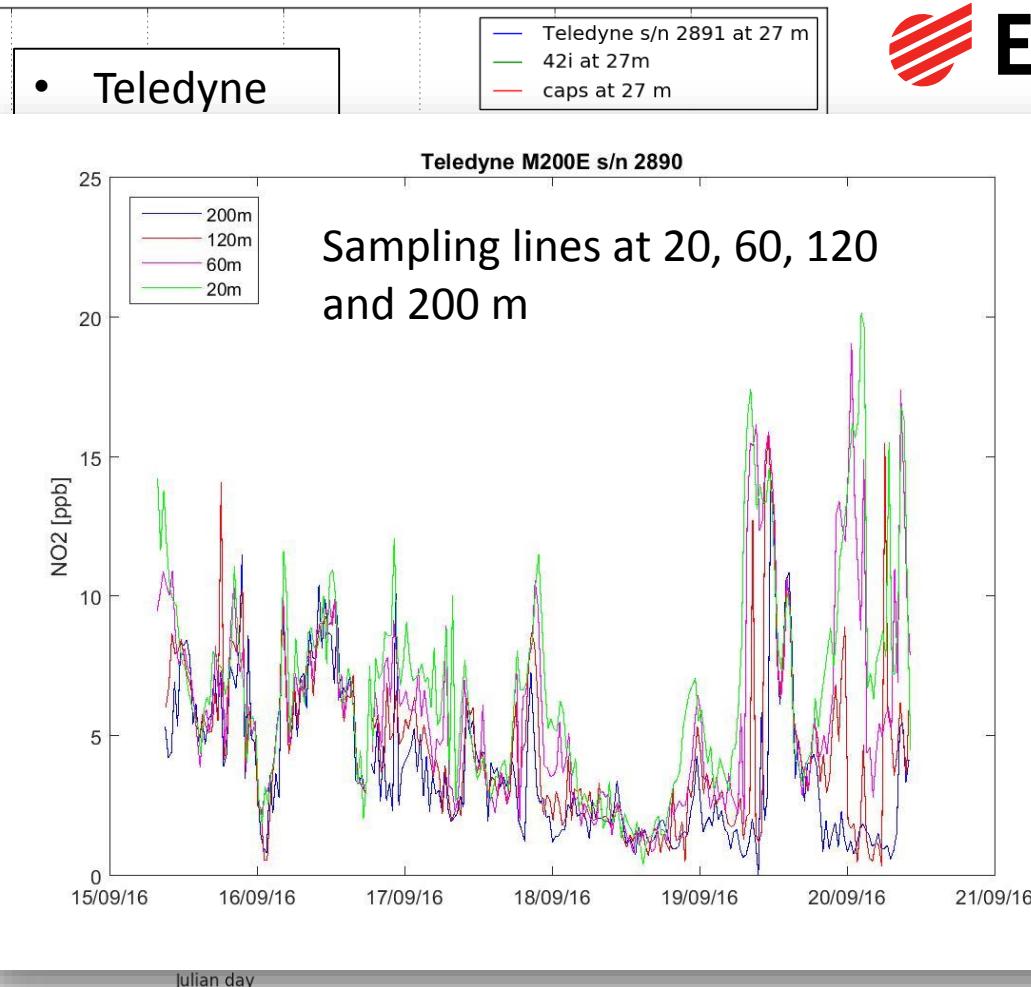
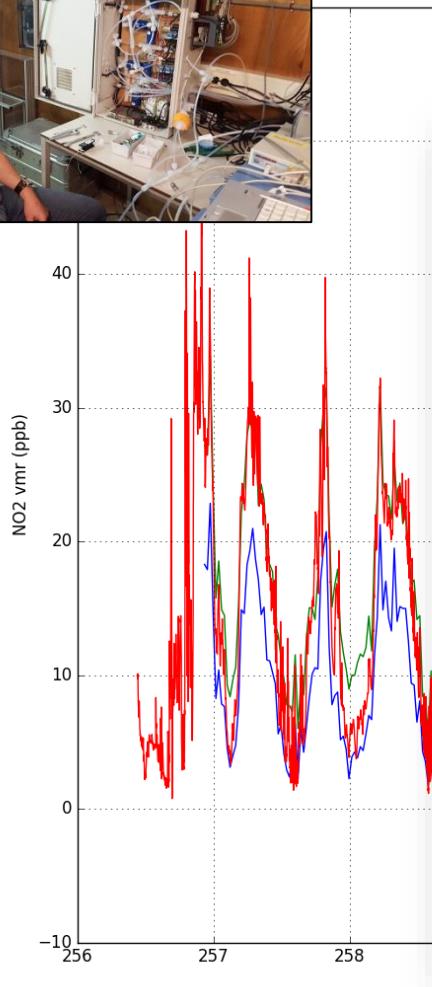
Correlations and statistical analysis

HCHO DSCD

Regression analysis for HCHO, Azimuth= 287

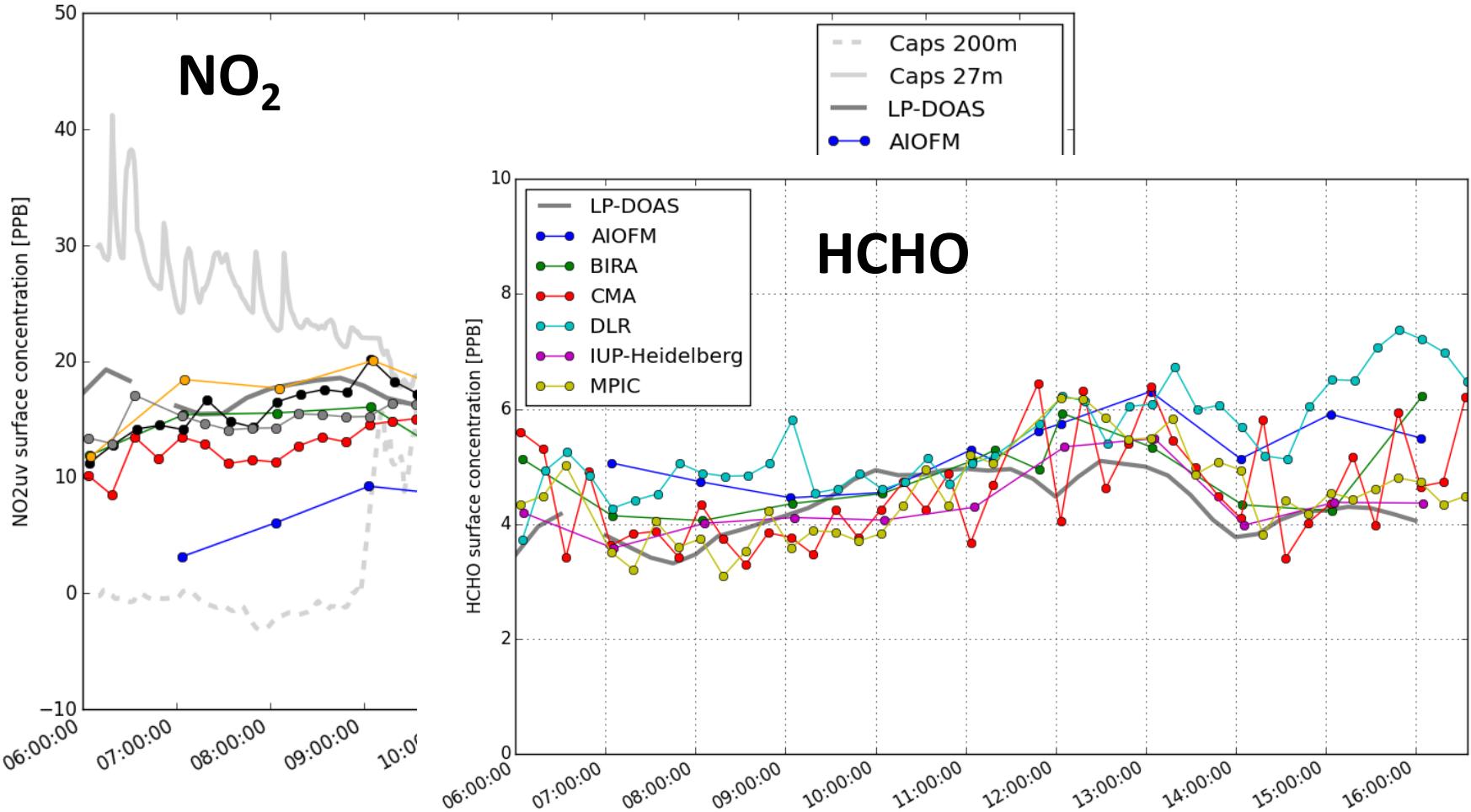


In-situ measurement systems comparison



Courtesy A. Merlaud

First results of MAXDOAS profiling and comparison with in-situ measurements



Conclusions

<http://projects.knmi.nl/cindi-2>

- CINDI-2 was a success!
- >40 instruments (35 DOAS) have been operated side-by-side on the Cabauw RSS during 3-4 weeks under exceptional weather conditions
- Data have been compared following a semi-blind protocol and results presented at daily meetings
- Large effort on calibration of pointing accuracy for all systems
- Data analysis in progress
- Big thanks to local organisation (Arnoud Apituley and the supporting team at KNMI, as well as the campaigns referees Karin Kreher and Ermioni Dimitropoulou) and ESA/NSO



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Thank you for your attention!

