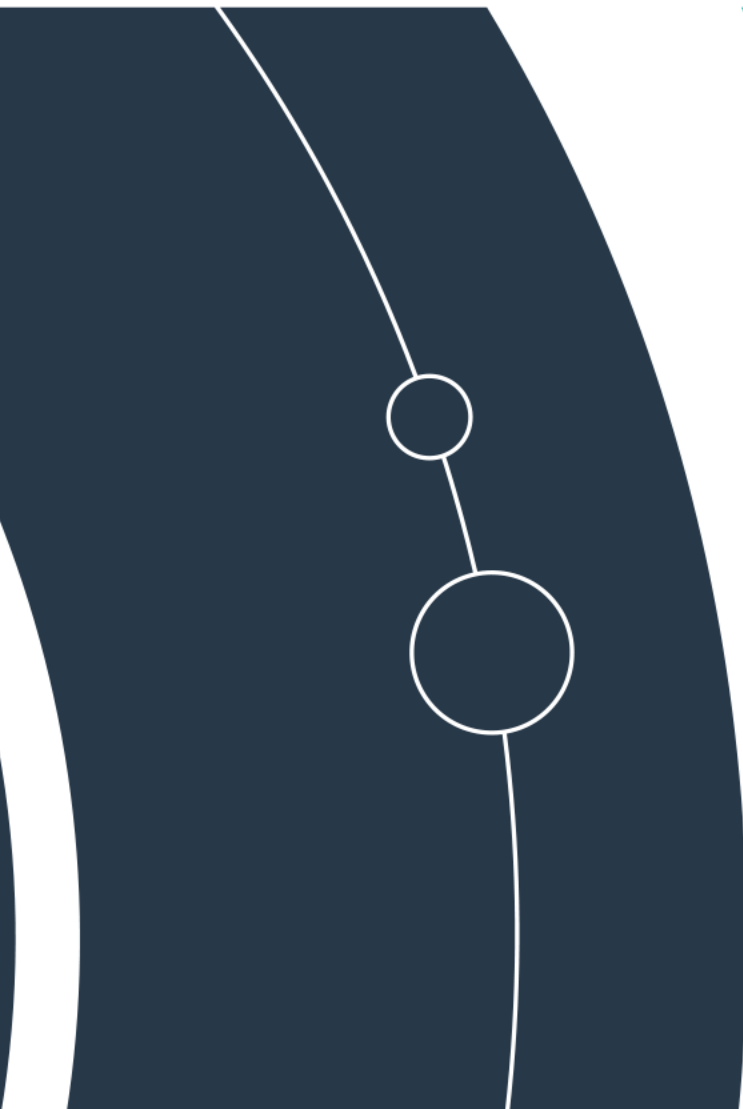


CO2M Mission – Cal/Val preparations

RSP CO2M team

*CEOS WGCV52
6 June 2023*





The CO2M greenhouse-gas monitoring constellation



copernicus.eumetsat.int



Three (TBC) satellite missions with each >250 km swath:

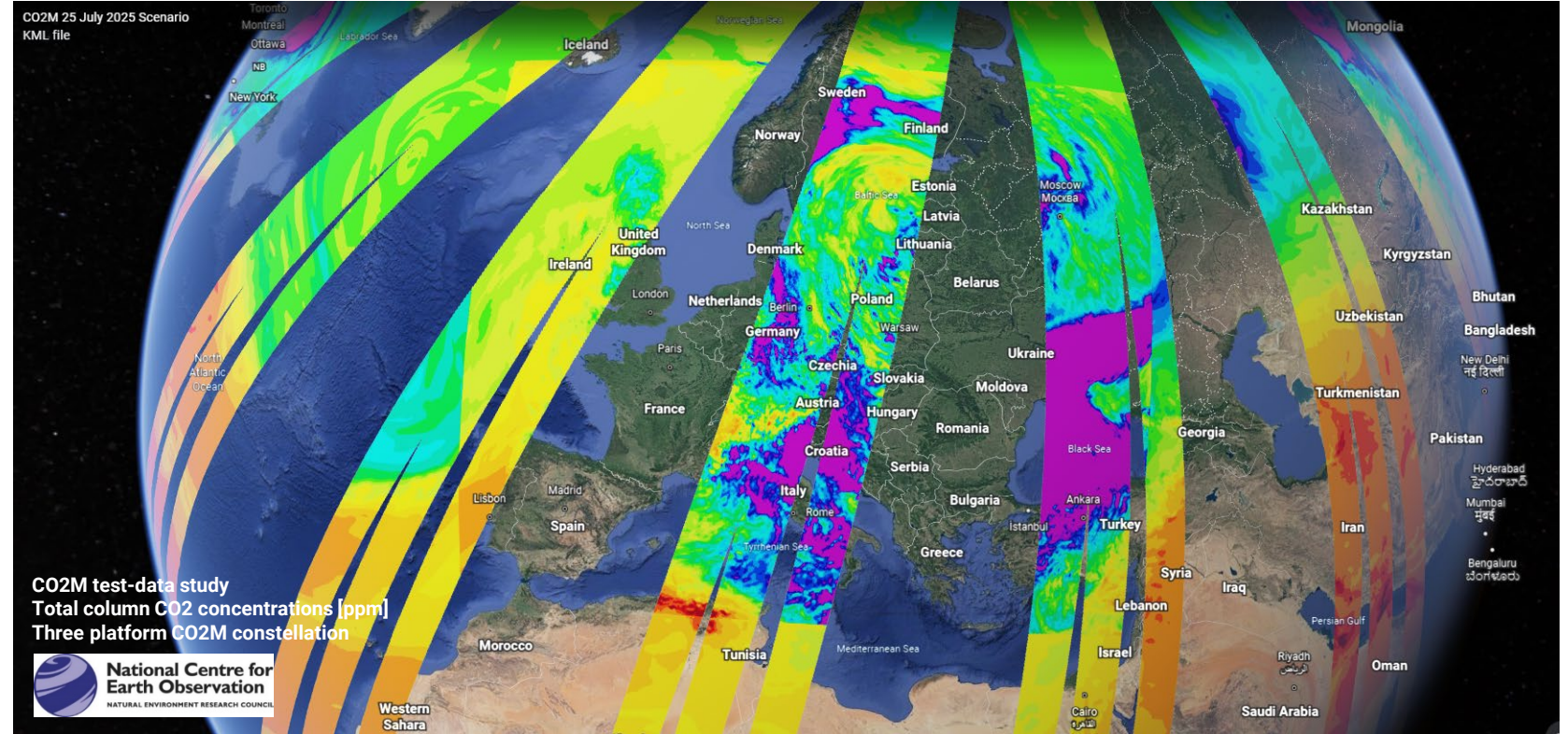
- FAR of Proto-flight Model (PFM) & Flight Model #2 (FM2) Q1 2026
- Launch of FM3 6 months after launch of PFM

Three instruments per platform:

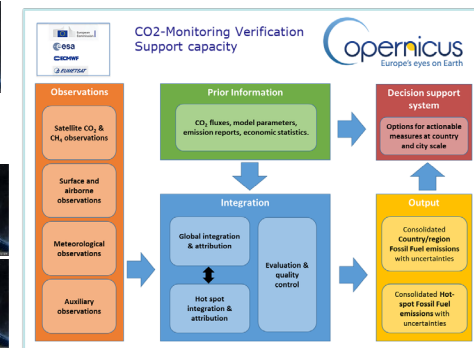
- CO2/NO2 push-broom grating spectrometer (CO2I/NO2I)
- Multi-Angle Polarimeter (MAP)
- Cloud Imager (CLIM)

Orbit:

- Sun-synchronous orbit 14 5/11
- 159 orbits repeat cycle (~11 days)
- 735 km altitude
- 11:30 LT
- Platforms in same orbital plane



Product	Spatial resolution	Precision	Bias
CO2	4 km ²	0.7 ppm	<0.5 ppm
CH4	4 km ²	10 ppb	<5 ppb
NO2	4 km ²	1.5x10 ¹⁵ molec/cm ²	<3.5x10 ¹⁵ molec/cm ²
SIF*	4 km ²	0.7 mW m ⁻² sr ⁻¹ nm ⁻¹	<0.2 mW m ⁻² sr ⁻¹ nm ⁻¹
Aerosols	16 km ²	0.05 AOD, 500 m LH	<0.05 AOD, 500 m LH
Clouds	4 km ²	<1% of FOV	



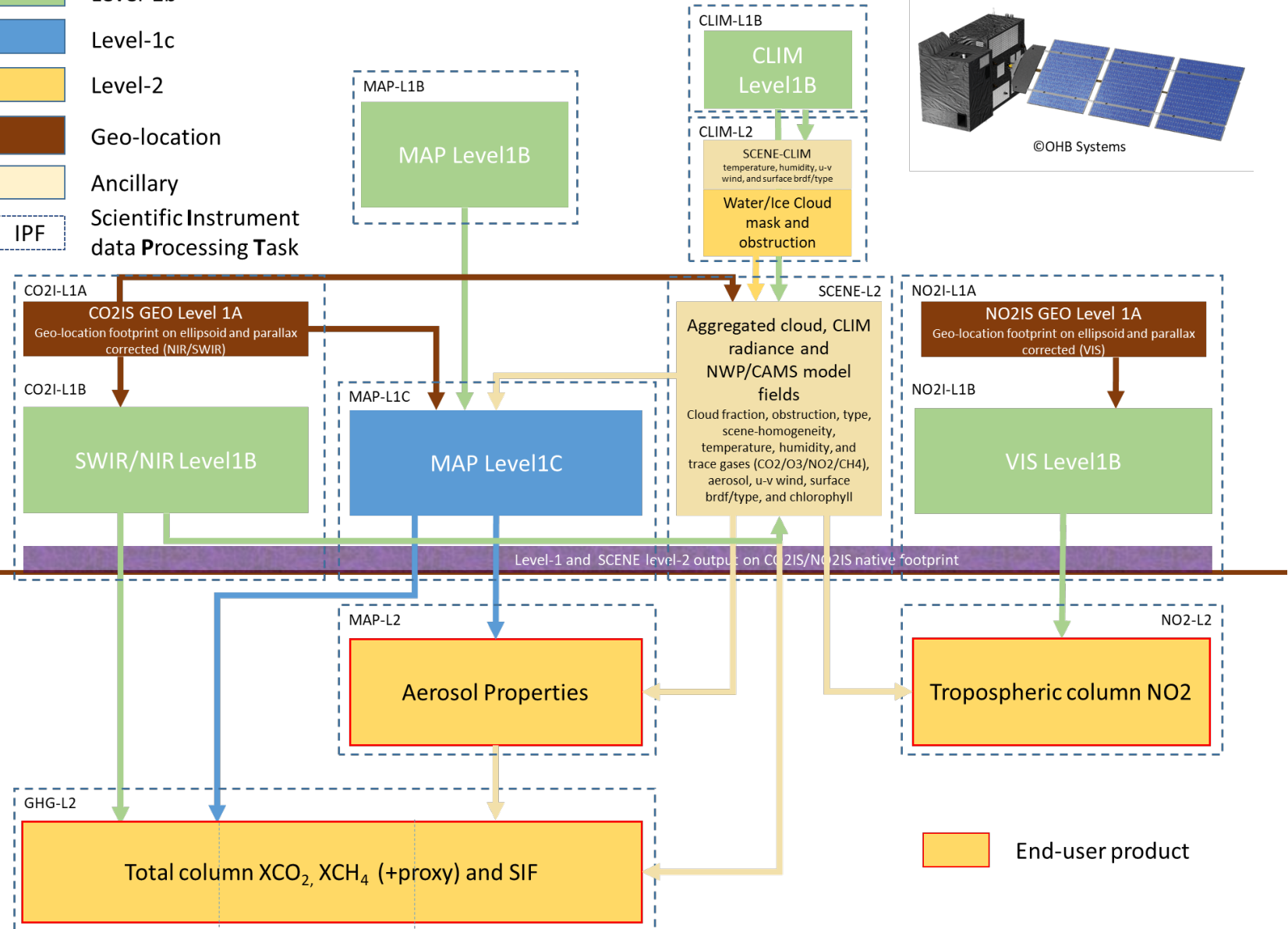
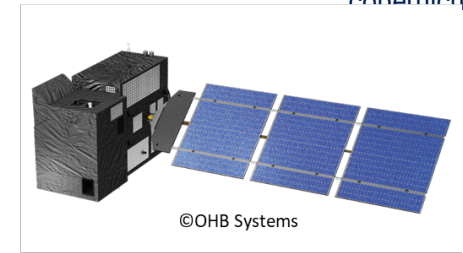
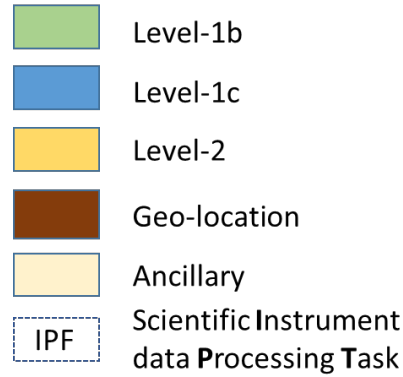


EUMETSAT CO2M MDPS scientific processing tasks

copernicus.eumetsat.int

CO2M
Mission Data
Processing System

Make one
"hyper-GHG/NO2-
instrument"
out of three!



Below this level: everything is co-registered or provided at the CO2I/NO2I spectrometer footprint



Need for XCO₂, XCH₄
NO₂ and AOD validation

End-user product

Scope of EUMETSAT CO2M Cal/Val plan:

- End-user product validation
(Different from ESA's satellite and instrument performance Cal/Val plan for instrument commissioning!)
 - Involves calibration (level-1 processing) and validation of intermediate product performance

Version 1 of CO2M product Cal/Val plan available



CO2M Calibration and Validation Plan

EUM Doc.No. : EUM/COPER-CO2M/PLN/21/1221815
Issue : v1E
Date : 28 June 2022
WBS/DBS : COPER-C22800

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estec

ESA Doc.No. : CO2M-PL-ESA-SY-0237
Issue : 1
Date : 5 July 2022

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EUMETSAT CO2M Cal/Val study:

Started 1st July 2021



Support definition of product validation (in particular use of ground-based network product data TCCON, COCCON, NDACC, PaNIR, AirCore, ...) for CO2M (**operational** monitoring of **anthropogenic** emissions)

- **Operational provision of network data (timeliness and availability!)**
- **Co-located ground-based total column measurements of XCO₂, XCH₄, NO₂ and aerosol close to the sources (complemented by background)**
- **Contributing requirement to central processing facility of ground based network data for CO2M**



Product Cal/Val and continuous product quality monitoring:

Level-1 calibration:

- ✓ Other satellite data (Microcarb, Sentinel-4/5, GOSAT/OCO/Tansat *follow-ons*)
via international partner collaboration, partner agencies, GSICS, WG-Climat, CEOS AC/VC.

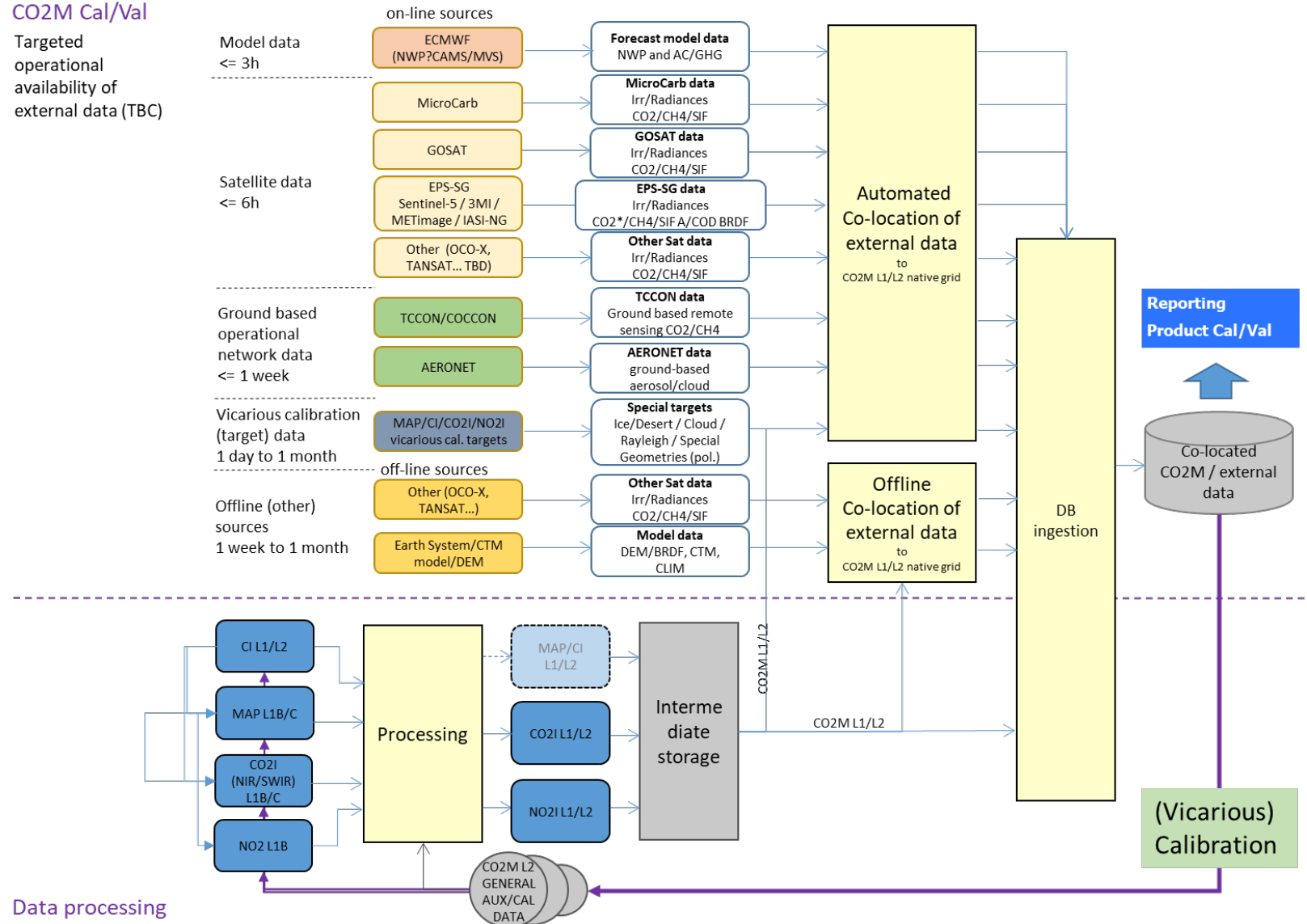
- ✓ Solar, on-board and vicarious calibration targets

Level-2 GHG/NO2 (and ancillary) product validation and verification:

- ✓ TCCON / COCCON / PaNIR / NDACC
- ✓ Other ground-based (MAX-DOAS, Aeronet, etc.)
- ✓ Model data (CO2 MVS, NWP, CTM and Earth system)

CO2M Cal/Val

Targeted operational availability of external data (TBC)



Data processing



"Four-pillar" CO2M validation

GSICS

On-board Cal:

Source	CO2I	MAP	CLIM	Frequency
SUN	X	X		daily
Moon	X	X	X	Irreg.
WLS	X			weekly
Tuneable LED	X (ISRF)			
Dark	X	X	X	orbit

Vicarious Cal "as needed"



CO2M
0.3 nm (@1.6 μm)

- SNOs
- Ref. Targets
- etc.

Cross-Cal



MicroCarb, OCO-x, GOSAT-x, S5, etc.

~0.05 nm (@1.6 μm)

GSICS

Product VAL

Product Cal/Val

Product Cal/Val

Product Cal/Val



PANDONIA
5 nm (@1.6 μm)

Cross-Cal



COCCON
0.14 nm (@1.6 μm)

Cross-Cal



TCCON / NDACC-FTIR
0.001 nm (@1.6 μm)

Spectrally oversampled reference

Similar spectral resolution

"Four-pillar" CO2M operational product validation and monitoring space-to-ground and space-to-space approach

+ NDACC/Aeronet for NO2 and AOD



EUMETSAT is working on ground-based network product requirements for future operational CO2M product validation



Document scope:

- Requirements for ground-based network (COCCON, TCCON, NDACC, PaNIR, Aeronet, etc..) product performance: **Co-located** total column XCO2, XCH4, NO2, and AOD measurements
- Availability and timeliness requirements
- Traceability of product performance (to WMO or FRM network standard). Inter-station and seasonal biases.

CO2M Ground-Based Network Reference Product Performance Requirements

EUM Doc.No. :	EUM/COPER-CO2M/DOC/21/1251968	EUMETSAT Eumetsat-Allee 1, D-64295 Darmstadt, Germany Tel: +49 0151 807 7
Issue :	v1 Draft	Fax: +49 0151 807 555
Date :	28 October 2021	http://www.eumetsat.int
WBS/DBS :		

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Input:

- Expected overpass statistics per station for the CO2M constellation
- Station footprint (based on footprint model data)
- Station environmental parameters (surface albedo, terrain height, etc.)
- Collocation criteria





CO2M product vs Ground-based network product requirements (Sec.4)

eumetsat.int

Product	Precision	Bias	Precision	Bias
	CO2M		Ground-based network (T/G)	
CO2	0.7 ppm	<0.5 ppm	<i>0.7 / 0.5 ppm *)</i>	<i>0.5 / 0.2 ppm *)</i>
CH4	10 ppb	<5 ppb	<i>10 / 5 ppb *)</i>	<i>5 / 2 ppb *)</i>
NO2	1.5x10 ¹⁵ molec/cm ²	<3.5x10 ¹⁵ molec/cm ²	<i>1.5 / 0.5 x10¹⁵ molec/cm² *)</i>	<i>3.5 / 1.5 x10¹⁵ molec/cm² *)</i>
Aerosols	0.05 AOD, 500 m LH ¹⁾	<0.05 AOD, 500 m LH ¹⁾	<0.04 or 10% (whatever is bigger)	< 0.02
	Angstrom Exponent (AE) defined at 440 and 865 nm ³⁾		0.3*)	
	Single Scattering Albedo (SSA) ³⁾		0.03*)	
Clouds ²⁾	<1% of FOV			

*)potentially bias with signs to be added (range: 0.1 – 0.2)

*)potentially bias with signs to be added (range: 0.01 – 0.02)

***) -> Values TBD (factor of 2 to 10 better) and to be complemented with station related statistics and variance information!**

1) Aerosol requirements on AOD only provided as a note in MRD. No requirement in SRD.

2) Currently clouds is 5% (threshold), but we aim at <1% (goal)

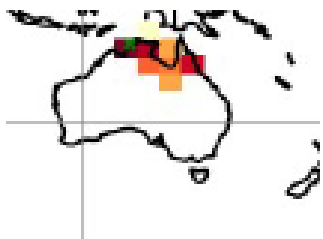
3) AE and SSA not mentioned in MRD and SRD



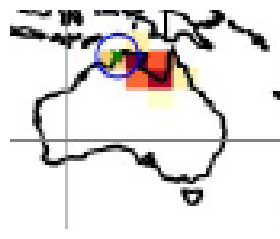
TCCON / COCCON station overpass statistics

- Analysed sensitivity of XCO2 at observational sites to flux, i.e. **dXCO2/df**
- Footprints indicate a spatial domain over which potential emissions could be observed
- + combining sensitivity with an estimate of actual fossil fuel emissions
- Compute for each grid cell **i** the contribution of corresponding emission **fi** to the column

FFDAS station footprint simulation:



Column sensitivity [ppm]

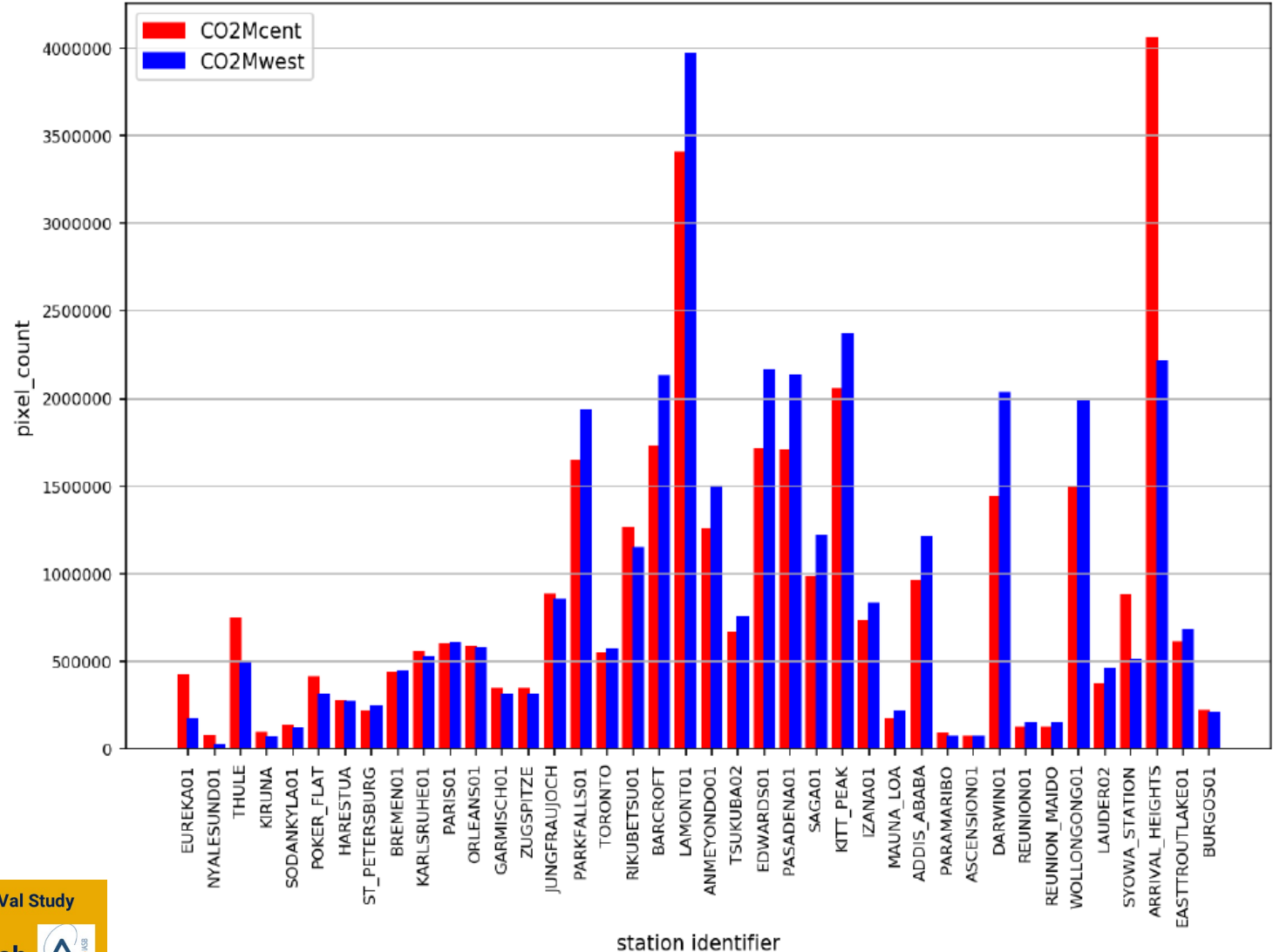


Emission sensitivity [ppm/kgC/m2/day]

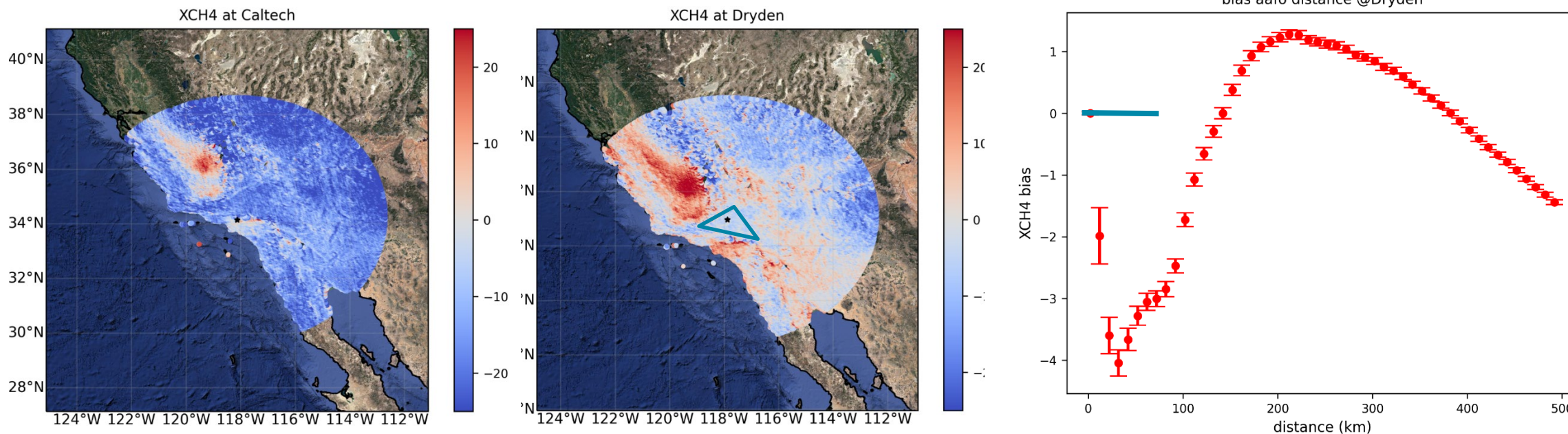
iLab Kaminski et al., EUM CalVal study



CO2Mcent-vs-CO2Mwest: overpass statistics comparison
sensfloor-pmax0.5, tcc=tcc-0.01



Dryden/Edwards XCH4 bias wrt TCCON sites San Joaquin valley (dairy farms)



Dils et al, BIRA, EUM CalVal study

➤ Evaluate best co-location criteria per stations
+ overpass and footprint statistic

Over 10 ppb bias >90 km



Complement ground-based network product overall goal performance for XCO2/XCH4 with station specific variance expectations





CO2M project map server:
<https://co2m.aeronomie.be/>

CO2M

Home

Login Form

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[Create an account](#)
[Forgot your username?](#)
[Forgot your password?](#)

Welcome to the CO2M.aeronomie.be website

The content of this website is part of the results from the EUMETSAT project "Science Service Support for CO2M Product Validation and Monitoring". The study is lead by by the [Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität](#) in partnership with the [Royal Belgian Institute for Space Aeronomy](#), the [University of Bremen](#) and [The Inversion Lab](#), with LMU also providing the service management. Please visit <https://www.eumetsat.int/CO2M-cal-val-support> for more information on the project.

This website provides access to the Cal/Val database for continuous Cal/Val and monitoring of operational CO2M products. The key parameters of existing stations can be viewed via a global map. A visualisation of the global plots of satellite level-3 files of trace gases, emission inventory databases and potential other relevant parameters is provided. The database is linked to these maps with the possibility to over plot the parameters from the database in the global plots.

This task is lead by the [Royal Belgian Institute for Space Aeronomy](#) in collaboration with the [Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität](#), the [University of Bremen](#) and [The Inversion Lab](#).

This site is maintained by [Mahesh Kumar Sha](#)

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Create an account



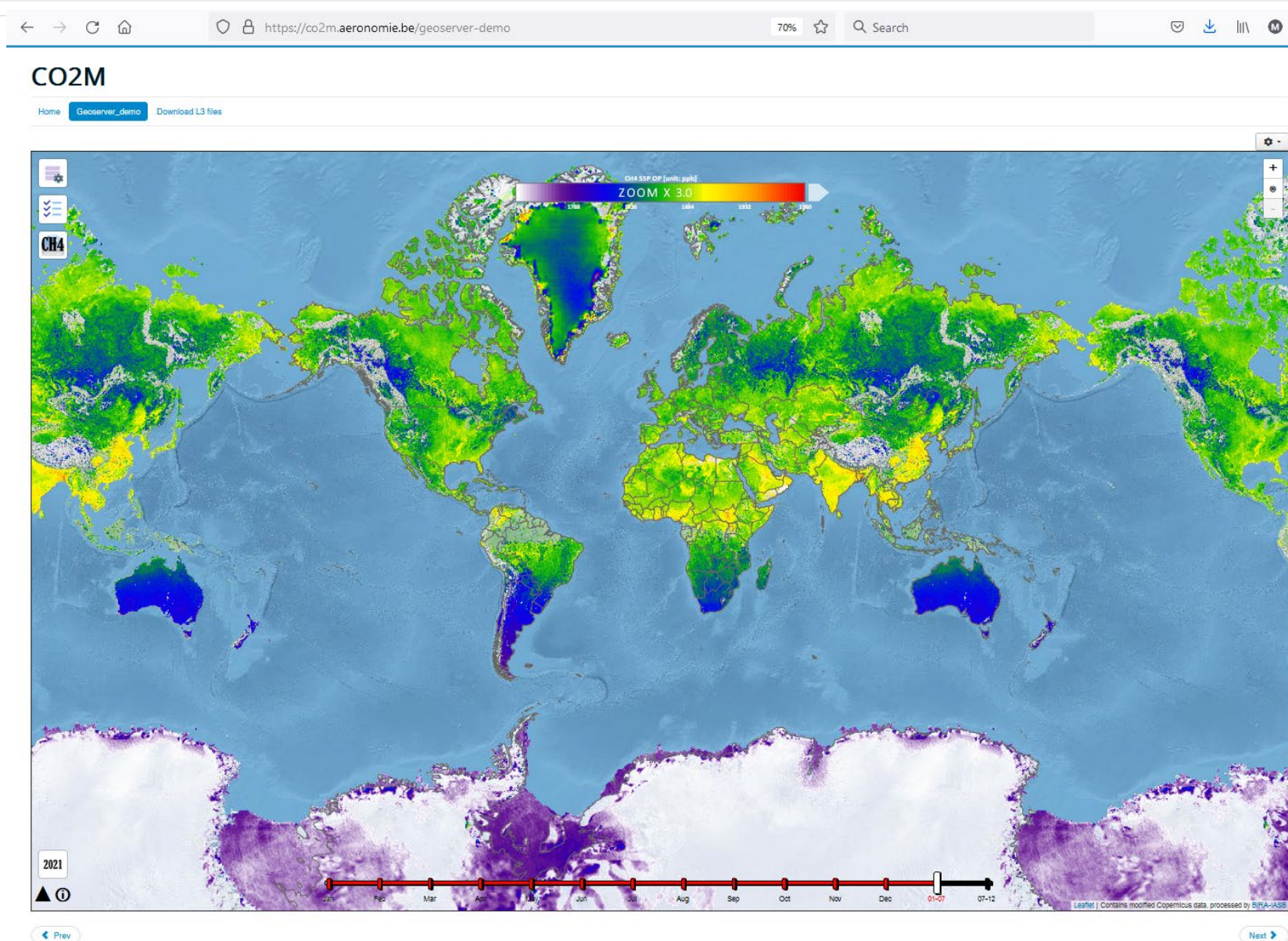
Login with your **Username** & **Password** and check "Remember Me" box for future easy login

Visualisation of monthly/yearly averaged satellite files

- CO2_OCO2_op
- CH4_S5P_op
- NO2_S5P_op
- CO_S5P_op
- CO2_TanSat_CCI+
- CH4_S5P_WFMD
- CH4_EDGARv6total2018
- CO2_EDGARv6shcyc2018
- CO2_EDGARv6shcycorg2018
- NO2_EDGARv6total2015

Possibility to view monthly evolution and their comparisons

Handling of data processed with different processor versions





Map server – visualisation options

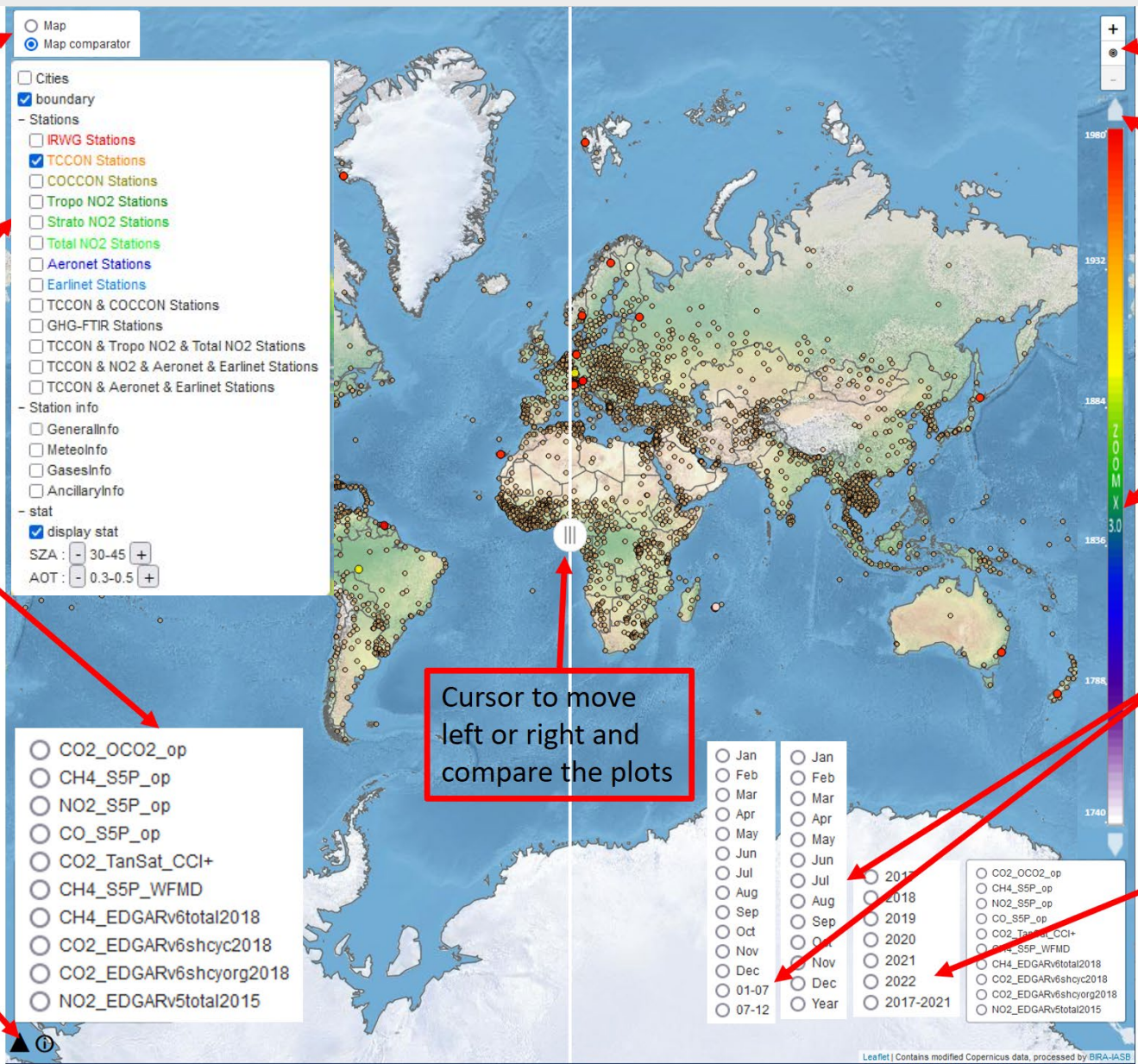
eumetsat.int

Select individual maps or comparator view

Select list of stations from database with information on parameters, cities, list of stations based on networks – TCCON, COCCON, NDACC, AERONET, ERLINET, ...

Select species for visualisation – SAT L3 files or emission data

Information on the content of the data plotted



Zooming of the map

Scrolling option for changing range of the colour scale

Multi level zooming option for the optimised range of the colour scale

Select individual month or yearly average or option to view average of different versions of the SAT data

Select individual year or multi-year average

Cursor to move left or right and compare the plots





Map server – Satellite & database visualisation

copernicus.eumetsat.int

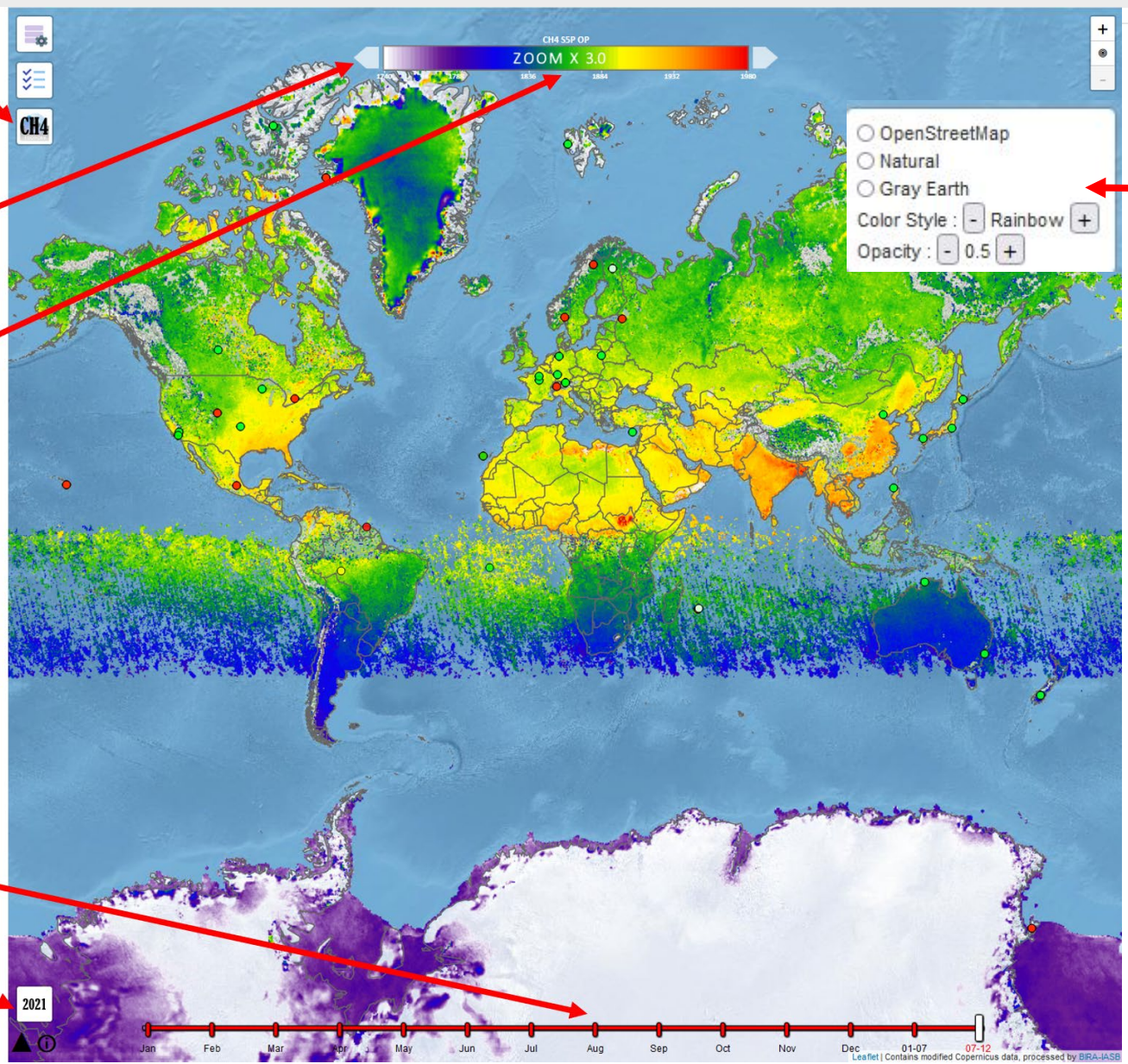
CH4_S5P_OP

Scrolling option for changing range of the colour scale

Zoom option

Monthly or yearly averages

CH4_S5P_OP



Options for changing background Earth, color Style and Opacity





Together with the Cal/Val study and with the support of CNES we are planning to organise a workshop at the forthcoming IWGGMS-19 meeting (4-6 July), Paris

- Workshop title: **“Ground-based network design workshop for validation of CO2M/MicroCarb and related missions”**.
- A draft web-page exists for participants to register under <https://events.spacepole.be/event/167/>
- Location: CNES headquarters, Paris
- Time: 7th July 2023, 10:00 – 16:00 CEST



Appendix

Solar reference

Performance parameter: Absolute radiometric accuracy of the solar port

Performance target: Signal accuracy and stability / throughput (diffuser) and detector degradation

Resource: Solar reference spectra (high spectral resolution <0.01 nm from 250 to 2500 nm)

Needs: GSICS validation and recommendation

Research target: UV to SWIR

Target

GSICS UVNS contribution: methods, procedures, resources

Lunar reference

Performance parameter: Absolute radiometric accuracy of the earthshine port

Performance target: Signal accuracy and stability / throughput (diffuser) and detector degradation

Resource: Lunar (polarised) surface reflectance model (high spectral resolution <0.1 nm from 250 to 2500 nm)

Needs: GSICS lunar geometric (phase) and radiometric model (ROL0) / validation and recommendation

Research target: UV to SWIR / polarisation of lunar signal / lunar disk phase model / lunar high spatial resolution surface albedo

Target

GSICS UVNS contribution: methods, procedures, resources

SNOs

Performance parameter: Absolute radiometric accuracy of the earthshine port

Performance target: Signal absolute and relative accuracy and stability / mission inter-calibration / ISRF monitoring (imager vs spectrometer)

Resource: Simultaneous Nadir Overpass (SNO) database (multi-mission) LEO-LEO / LEO-GEO / GEO-GEO; cross-calibration coefficients

Needs: SNO database maintenance (long-term)

Research target: Expansion of database to provision of derived co-located spectra / images

Target

GSICS UVNS contribution: methods, procedures, resources