

Landslide Demonstrator

EO-based Landslide services: Paving the Way for Landslide Risk Management Products

Working Group Presentation

September 22, 2021





Landslide Demonstrator Objectives









Demonstrator Leads

Jean-Philippe Malet (CNRS/University of Strasbourg)

Dalia Kirschbaum (NASA)

Corey Froese (BGC Engineering)

Clément Michoud (Terranum)





Landslide demonstrator focuses on three key areas in which landslide hazard/risk assessment may be advanced using a combination of EO data and models to support different end-user communities.

- Application 1: Use satellite data for landslide disaster assessment and mitigation along transportation and pipeline corridors, with goal of establishing local monitoring of areas of possible danger with consistency of observation, and of facilitating the assessment of the future evolution of these slopes
- Application 2: Use of satellite data for establishing landslide risk financing products (country or region risk profiles, hazard and risk maps) in full complementarity with the World Bank Disaster Risk Financing and Insurance Program (DRFIP).
- Application 3: Coordinate and expand the availability of landslide inventories and supporting data to advance landslide science at global scale, with the systematic documentation of large landslide disasters triggered by intense rainfall and/or high magnitude earthquakes in terms of standardized inventories of different complexity.



Demonstrator Timeline



Demonstrator Implementation Plan – Start Date: June 2021

- Year 1 (June 2021 June 2022):
 - Definition of landslide services and products requirements for the three applications.
 - EO-satellite database creation for the geographical use cases.
 - Consolidation of resources (persons, data, IT processing).
- Year 2 (June 2022 June 2022):
 - Demonstration of the landslide services for some use cases and reporting;
 - Concept of the prototype demonstration App on GEP for the three applications.
- Year 3 (June 2023 June 2024):
 - Implementation of the prototype demonstration App on GEP for the three applications;
 - Training and dissemination on-line user-oriented material for the three applications.
 - Final Demonstrator reporting



Use cases





CEOS Landslide Demonstrator

- Application 1 / Corridor (1a: Canada/Alberta Swan Hills, 1b: France-Italy-Swiss Aosta/Wallis/Arve , 1c: US Midwest)
- Application 2 / DRF (2a: Morocco / Rif-Tetouan-Tanger, 2b: Indonesia)
- Application 3 / Inventories



Data procurements: status









DLR (Germany): TSX SpotLight tasking over 2 sites (1 Canada, 1 France) for 2 years time series (140 images per sites)

Data acquisition started over Drynoch (Canada), start in October for La Valette/Ubaye (France)



• CNES (France): Stereo/Tri-stereo Pléiades tasking over 3 sites for time series Request send to CNES early September (6500 km² / year - for 2 years)



Conae / ASI: SAOCOM for 2 years over 2 sites
 For Canada, agreement pending with Conae; For Swiss – request to ASI in preparation



- ASI: CSK tasking for 2 years for 1 site
- 1 Morocco request to send to ASI



Application 1: Transportation Corridors



Pipelines to be protected

Application 1: A demonstrator for the operational landslide monitoring of traffic and

pipeline corridors (China, European Alps, US, Canada)

Demonstrator Leads: Jean-Philippe Malet (CNRS/EOST) and Corey Froese (BGC)

Industry Participants: Highway/Train companies, Pipeline companies,

Engineering Geology Bureaux, State offices

Methodologies

- Use of InSAR-PSI techniques to monitor slow-moving deformation patterns
- Use of optical derived techniques to monitor fast-moving deformation patterns
- Definition of procedures to propose permanent monitoring services over the uses cases as demonstrator



Elkhorn city (Kentucky, US) - February 2020 - shallow landslide / mudflow



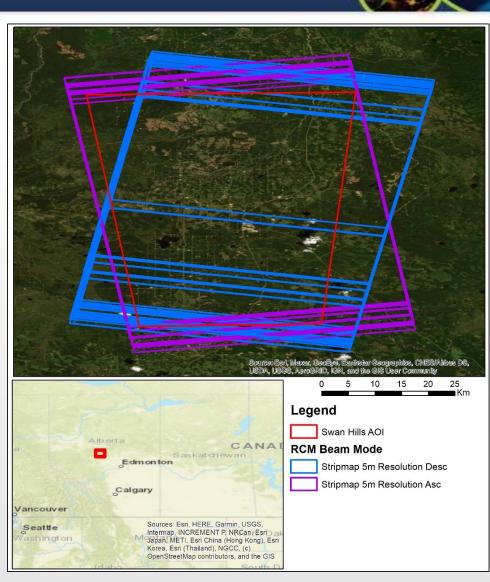
Transportation Corridors: Use case Swan Hills



Given the monitoring history, the Swan Hills site is considered ideal to develop and test the operational limitations of using space-based earth observation (SBEO) for landslide disaster risk management

Targeted collections of SAR data includes:

- Radarsat Constellation Mission (RCM) 5 m
 Stripmap mode data in Ascending and Descending mode. Captured roughly every 4 days from 2020-07-24 and acquisitions are ongoing
- SAOCOM data (L-band SAR) currently being negotiated in collaboration with CONAE

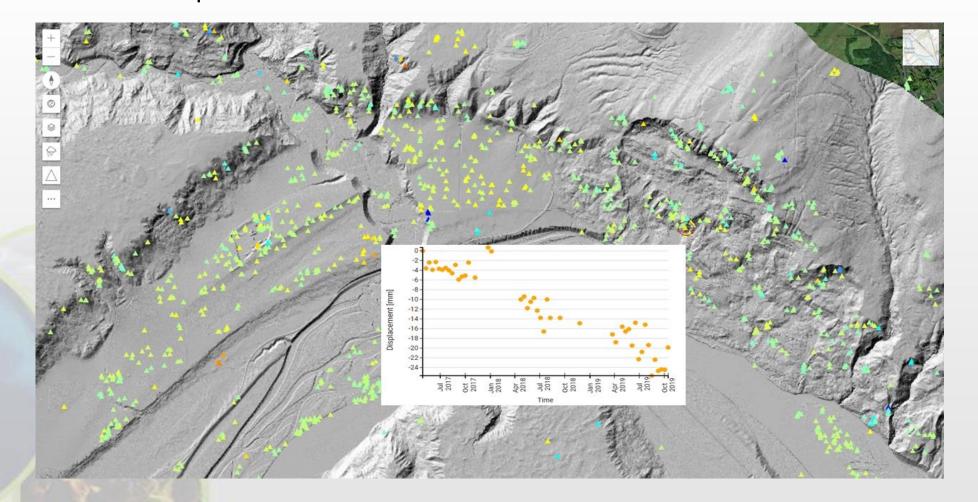




Transportation Corridors: Use case Swan Hills



Space based EO techniques used for risk-informed decision making in areas affected by slope instabilities in the presence of critical infrastructure and utilities



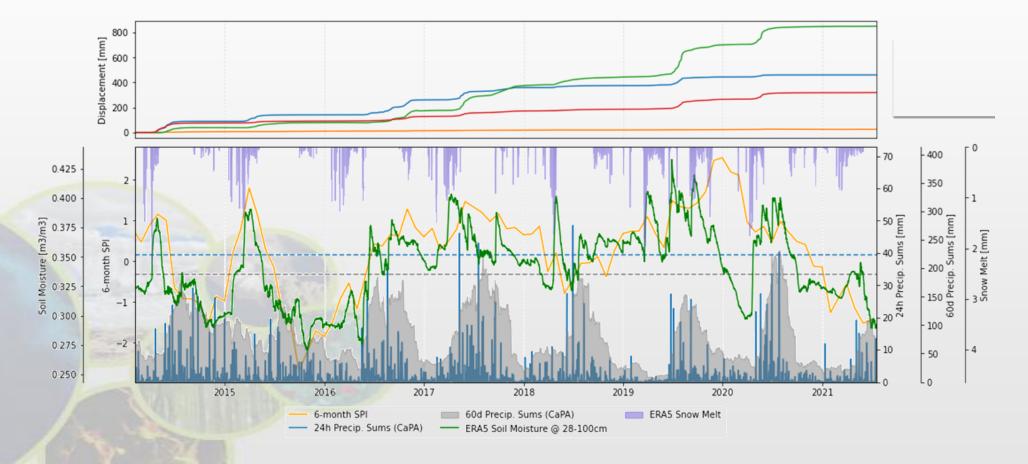




Transportation Corridors: Use case Swan Hills



The displacement rates are analysed with EO derived hydroclimatic parameters to assess spatial and temporal trends and their impacts on slope activity. The end results will aim to support regional landslide management programs







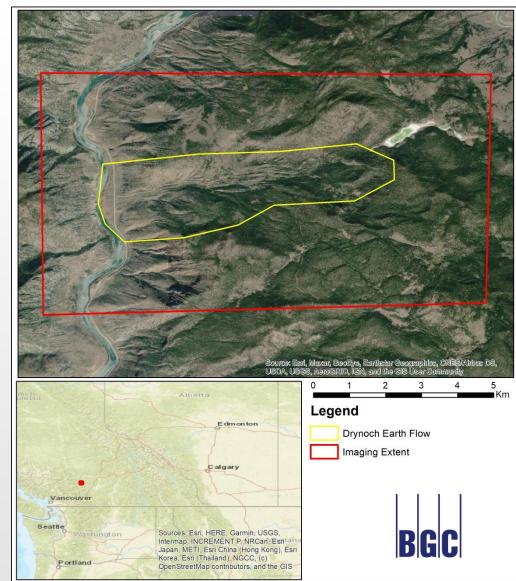
Transportation Corridors: Use case Drynoch



Given the monitoring history, the Drynoch earthflow will be used for developing tools for monitoring fast moving earthflows using a real-world rapidly moving earth flow as test case.

Targeted collections of space-based earth observation data include:

- TerraSAR-X High resolution Spotlight Mode acquisitions have been approved for collection by DLR. Data to be captured between 22-to-33-day intervals between October 2021 and July 2023
- Pléiades 70 cm tri-stereo acquisitions are currently being negotiated. Time series data acquisitions anticipated between Q4 2021 and Q4 2023

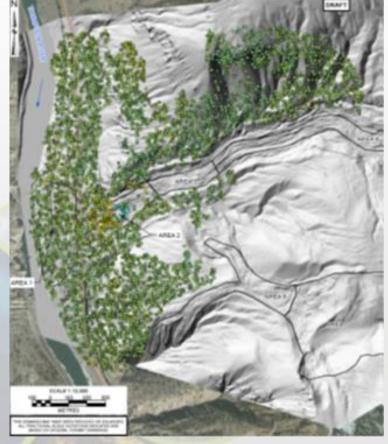




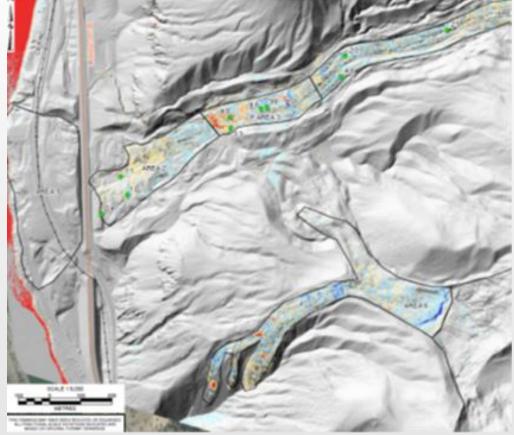
Transportation Corridors: Use case Drynoch



LiDAR and InSAR combined to assess different activity zones: slower moving marginal zones vs. fast moving earth flow



C-band InSAR (2015 - 2019)



ALS Change detection (2016 - 2017)





Transportation Corridors: Use case La Valette



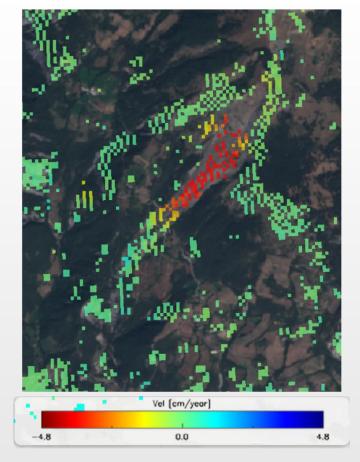


- Large slow-moving landslide (2 to 5 m.yr⁻¹) affecting a railway and a national road
- Use case to develop methods combining InSAR / optical image correlation motion products
- LiDAR and automated total station (50 benchmarks) for accuracy assessment of the SBEO products
- Part of the GIRN/Alps Local Landslide Early-Warning System (LEWS)

MPIC-OPT-SLIDE ground motion (S2)



P-SBAS ground motion (S1)



Goals:

- Fusion of motion products
- From medium resolution (Sentinel) to high resolution (TSX + Pléiades)







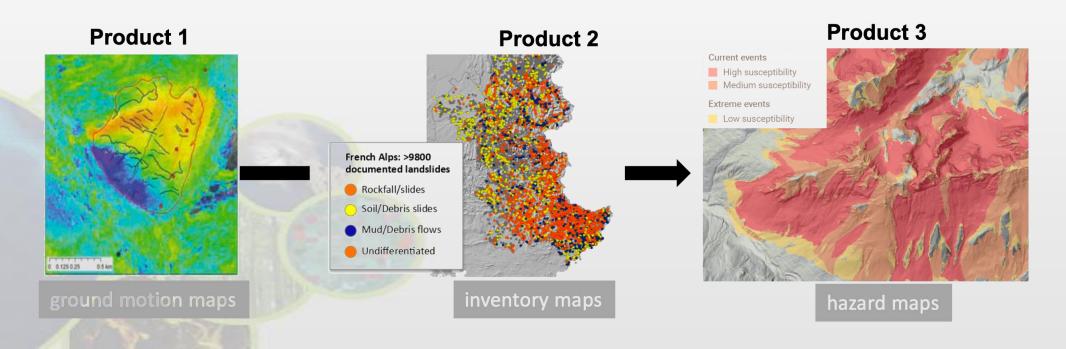
In Q3 2022: an operational system for landslide monitoring/hazard modelling in the Alps





"eo4alps-landslide" products delivered to end-users

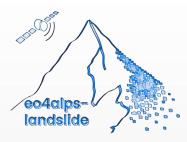
- automatic landslide detection/ground motion using satellite optical/InSAR services
- harmonised and advanced landslide catalogues
- susceptibility/hazard maps consisting of possible landslide source areas and landslide runout modelling





In Q3 2022: an operational system for landslide monitoring/hazard modelling in the Alps





"is user-tailored and focuses on categories of services







Landslide-Motion

This service is dedicated to the survey of unstable slopes in near-real time and in a systematic mode, and generates landslide ground motion products.



User-driven

The services are user-driven with the engagement of many authorities and stakeholders responsible for landslide Disaster Risk Management.



Landslide-Inventory

This service is dedicated to the creation and update of detailed catalogues of landslide events.



Scales of analysis

The services are tailored for three analysis scales using specific data and models (Tier 1: regional/basin authority level; Tier 2: municipality level; Tier 3: slope specific level).



Landslide-Hazard

This service is dedicated to the forecast of spatial landslide hazard and landslide evolution scenarios.



Interoperability

The services are accessible online and optimized for high performance computing. They are designed as generic as possible for application in other settings and interoperability with other information systems.





Application 2: Operational Landslide EO Products for Disaster Risk Financing and

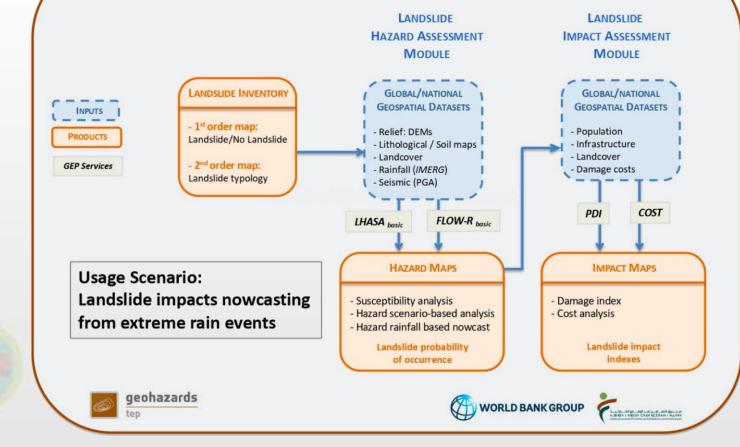
Insurance Program (World Bank)

Demonstrator Leads: Clément Michoud (Teranum) and Jean-Philippe Malet

Industry Participant: World Bank

Goal: implement a platform prototype to respond to likely landslide events (in Near-Real Time, NRT) in order to provide estimates of parameters suitable to inform parametric insurance calculations.

- → Prototype for North Morocco (with state stakeholders)
- → All the developments are generic to be easily transferred to other countries and risk situations (especially in SE Asia).



LHIS / LANDSLIDE HAZARD INFORMATION SYSTEM - PROTOTYPE



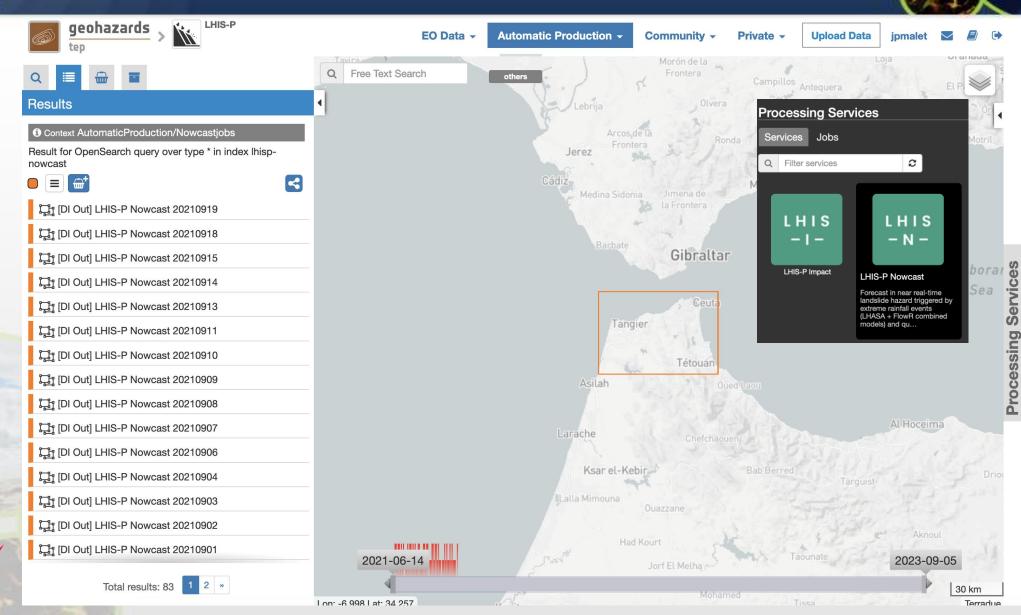








LHIS prototype implemented on GEP











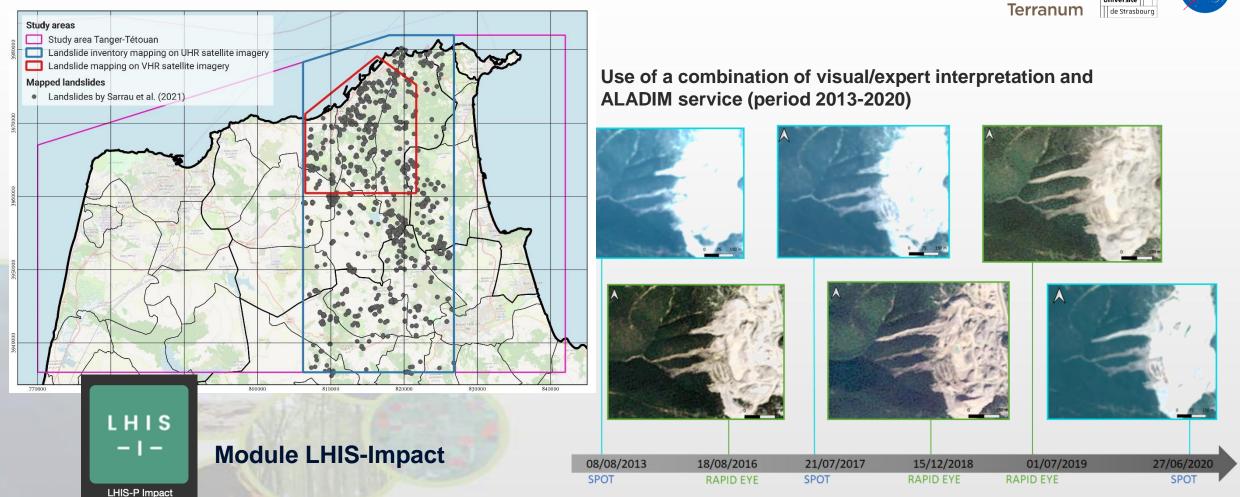


Morocco/Rif Area: multi-date landslide inventory





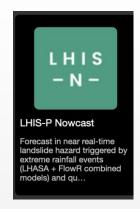


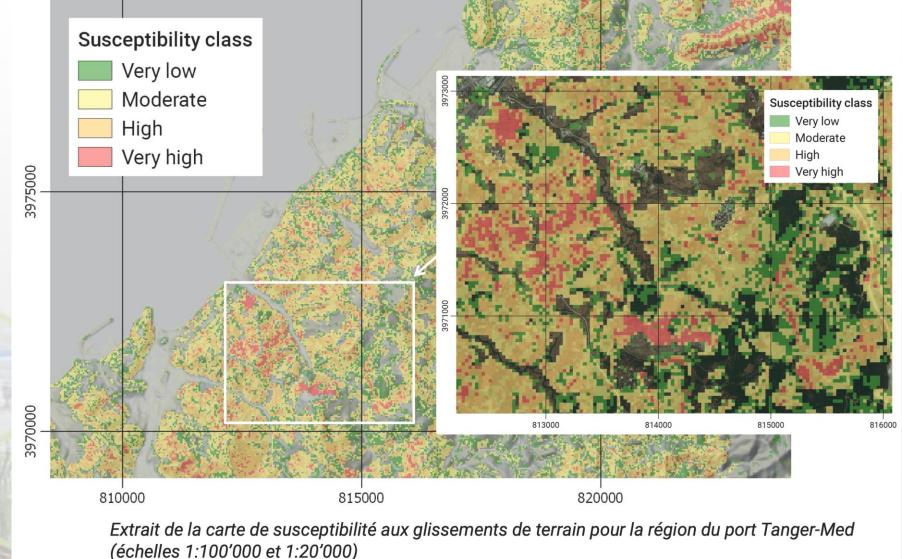






Module LHIS-Nowcast









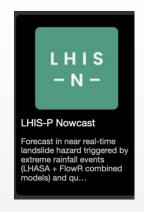


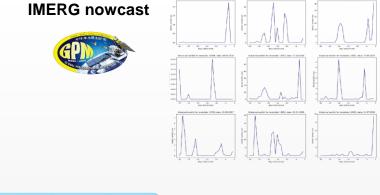
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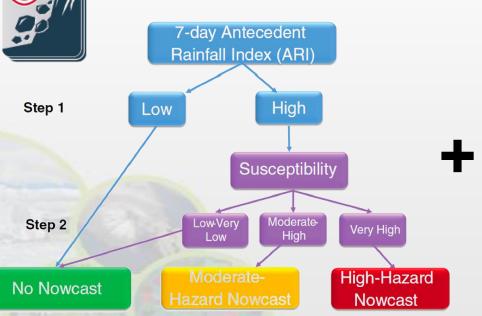




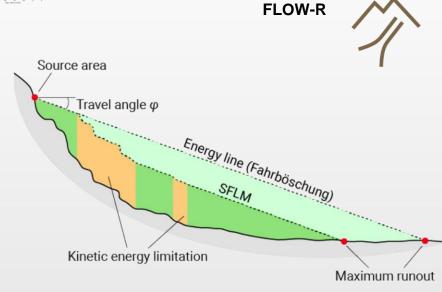
Module LHIS-Nowcast







LHASA









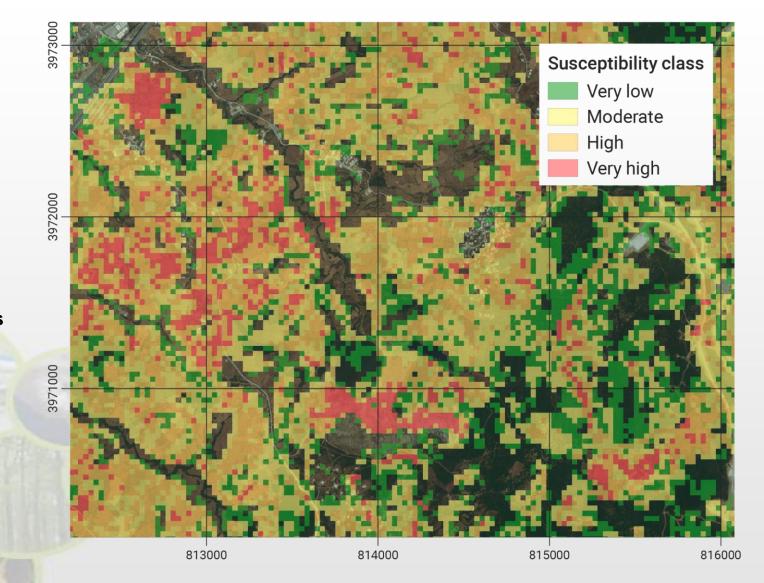




Module LHIS-Nowcast



Modelling landslide source areas









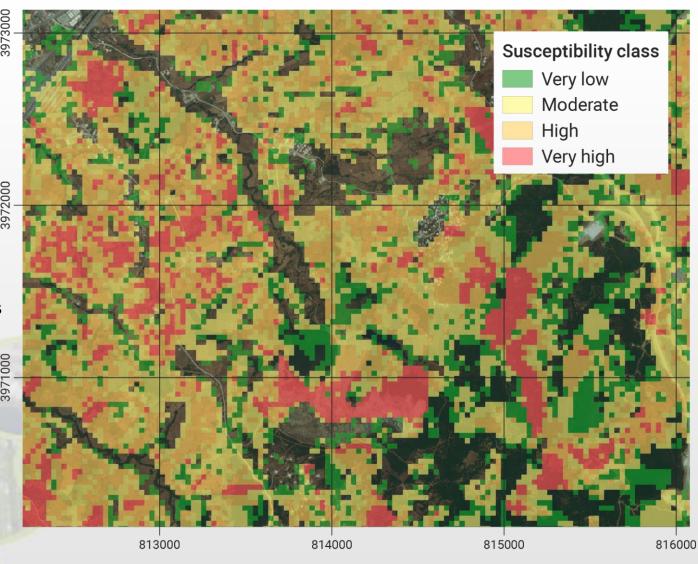




Module LHIS-Nowcast



Modelling landslide propagation areas













Module LHIS-Nowcast

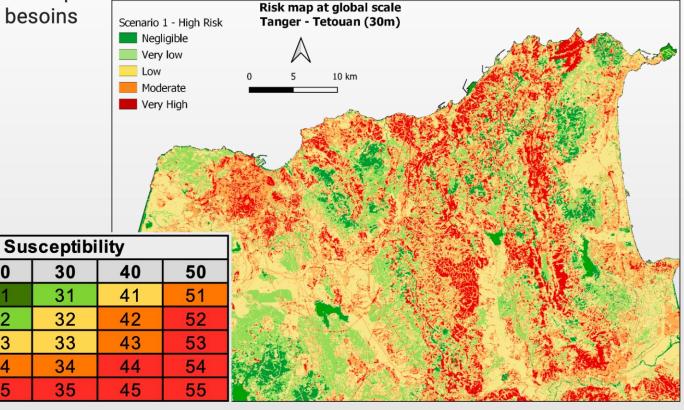


Modelling landslide damage

Potential Damage Index

- Croisement de la carte de susceptibilité avec les dommages potentiels
- Selon la matrice de risque → ajustable aux besoins

PDI





Next steps

Morocco: from a region prototype to a national scale system

- Increase the quality of the landslide inventory (for increasing the quality of the hazard/risk assessment) use of InSAR services and new optical VHR data
- From nowcast to forecast
- Training with other operational stakeholders
- Engage with CRTS (Moroccan Space Agency) with support of CNES and World Bank for service take up

Global:

Test the system over tropical countries subjected to extreme rainfall events



Application 3: Global Landslide Data



Application 3: Advancing EO-based landslide inventories for extreme forcing events (heavy rains, high-magnitude earthquakes)

The goal of this application is to coordinate and share methodologies for the establishment of landslide inventories accross different geologic and morphologic zones. In this activity we will proose standard for creating and publishing EO-based landslides inventories, with the goal of develoing an online open system to share algorithms and inventories using SAR and optical methodologies. This work will be done in coordination with the newly formed LandAware consortium's Data Working Group, with EGS (EuroGeoSurveys) and with JRC

Methodologies Inventories

- New, open methods for SAR and optically-derived inventories. Definition of quality criteria for validating EObased inventory and store the information, data standards
- System to store and disseminate inventories on-line

Models

- Comparison and sharing of models that provide automatic mapping capabilities and calculation of advanced statistics from the EO database.
- Establish correlation with triggers (thresholds, scaling laws)
 for benchmark inventories.

Demonstrator Leads: Dalia Kirschbaum, Jean-Philippe Malet (CNRS/EOST) and Olivier Dewitte (RMCA).

Industry Participants: LandAware Consortium, World Landslide Forum, USGS, EuroGeoSurveys, JRC and other geological mapping agencies



Application 3: Global Landslide Data



- Kirschbaum (NASA) and Mirus (USGS) co-leading a Landslide Early Warning System (LEWS) Data Working Group
- LandAware Kickoff Meeting, December 2020
- LEWS Data WG KO (Jan. 2021) + WG meetings (March 2021, Sept. 2021)

Topics:

- LEWS Data Review White Paper and Journal Article
- Collection of Benchmark Datasets
- Repository and Metadata for inventories and other products
- What is an ideal landslide benchmark dataset?



JOIN LANDAWARE

The international network on Landslide Early Warning Systems



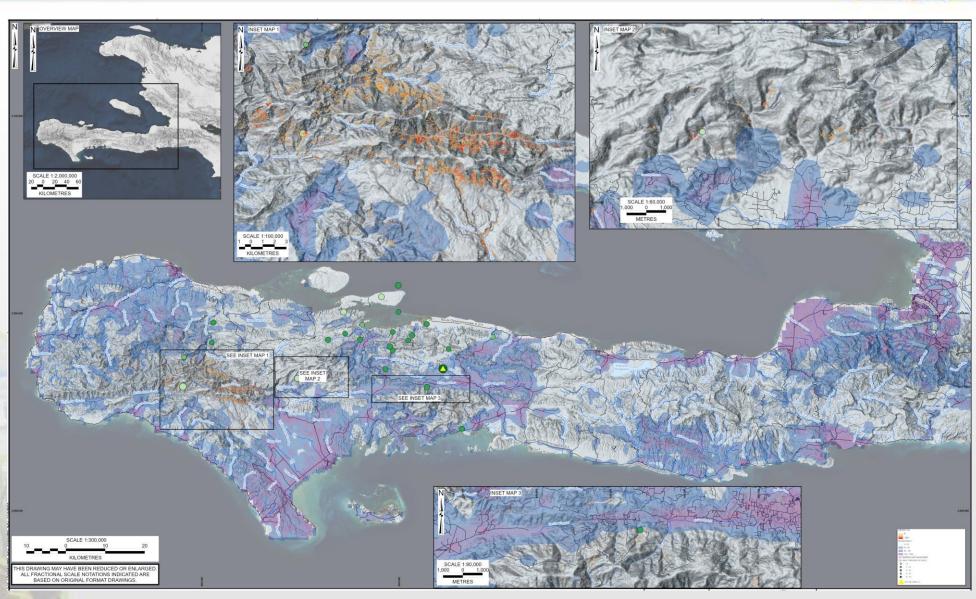


NDVI-based landslide detection

Thresholding

Source: Sentinel-2

Credit: BCG Engineering









SAR backscatter change

landslide proxy density map for Haiti earthquake

Use of 1 post-event imagery

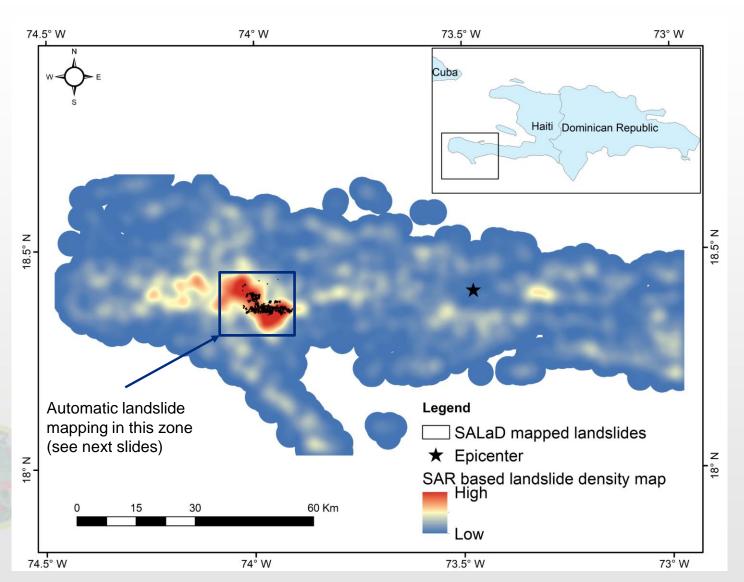
Source: Sentinel-1

Pre-event stack: 01/01/2020 - 08/13/2021

Post-event stack: 08/14/2021 - 08/16/2021

Credit: A. Handwerger (JPL) and M.-H. Huang (UMD)

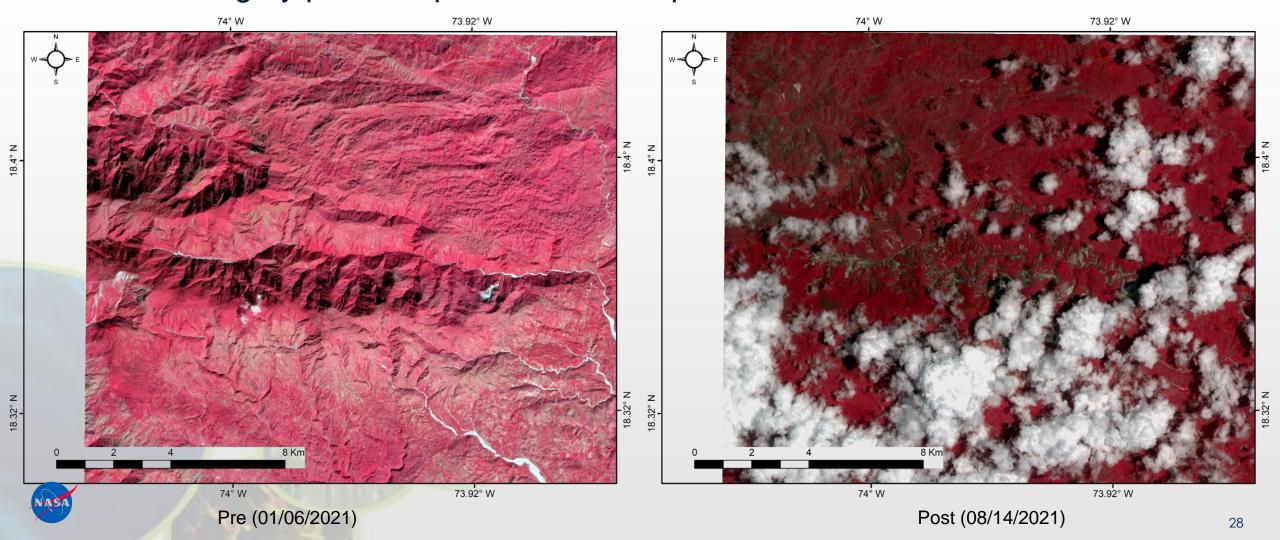








Sentinel-2 imagery pre- and post- Haiti earthquake







SALaD mapped landslides post Haiti Earthquake

Source: Sentinel-2

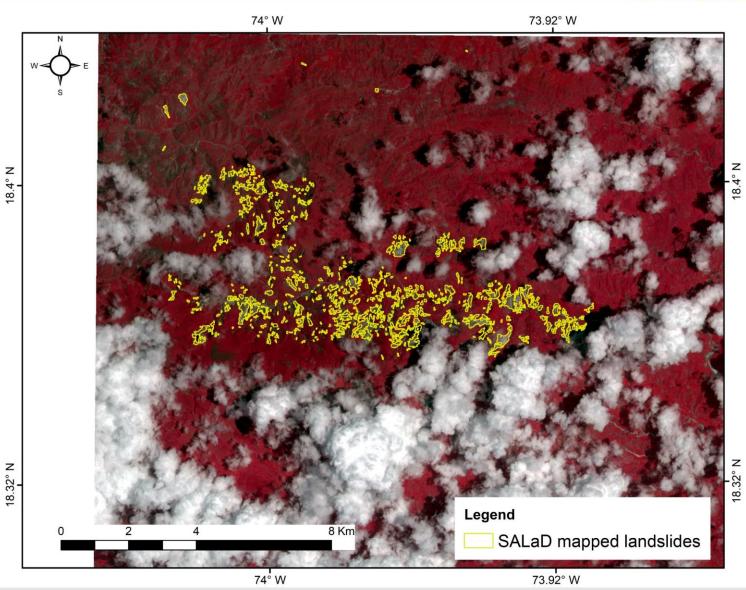
Pre-event: 01/06/2021

Post-event: 08/14/2021

Credit: P. Amatya (USRA)

https://maps.disasters.nasa.gov/arcgis/home/item.html?id=e34b9f8f6f774d6ca2f6ae6ad3d8b21b



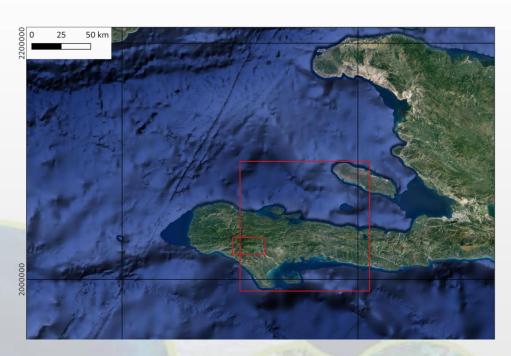


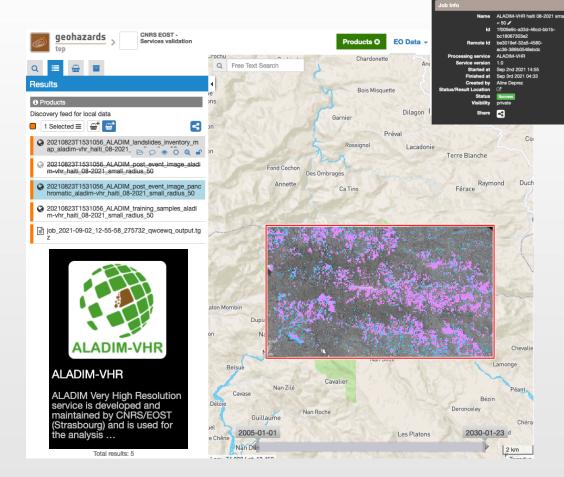




ALADIM VHR-Pléiades mapped landslides post Haiti Earthquake using GEP















ALADIM VHR-Pléiades mapped landslides post Haiti Earthquake using GEP

Source: Pléiades

Mono-date detection using machine learning

Post-event: 23/08/2021

Input: MS image

Credit: A. Déprez (EOST/A2S)















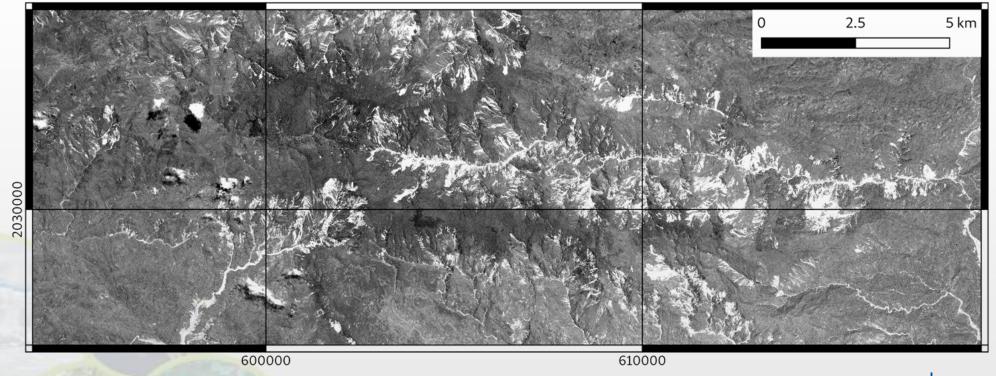
ALADIM VHR-Pléiades mapped landslides post Haiti Earthquake using GEP

Source: Pléiades

Mono-date detection using machine learning

Post-event : 23/08/2021 Input: P-band image

Credit: A. Déprez (EOST/A2S)













ALADIM VHR-Pléiades mapped landslides post Haiti Earthquake using GEP

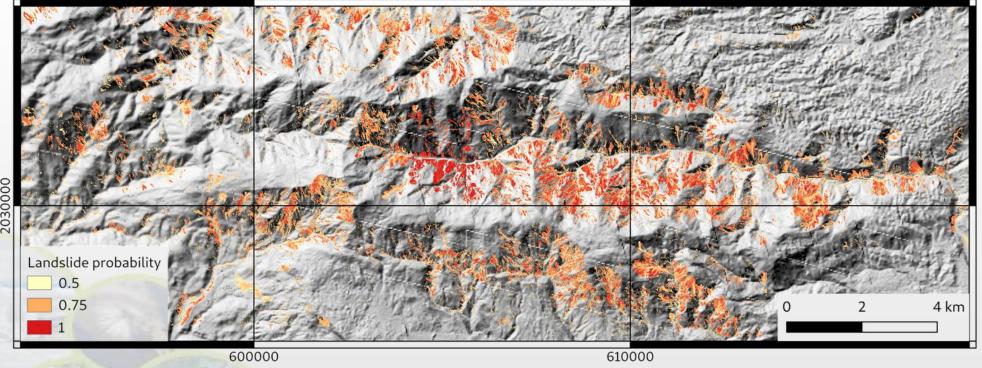
Source: Pléiades

Mono-date detection using machine learning

Post-event: 23/08/2021

Results: landslide detection probability

Credit: A. Déprez (EOST/A2S)















ALADIM VHR-Pléiades mapped landslides post Haiti Earthquake using GEP

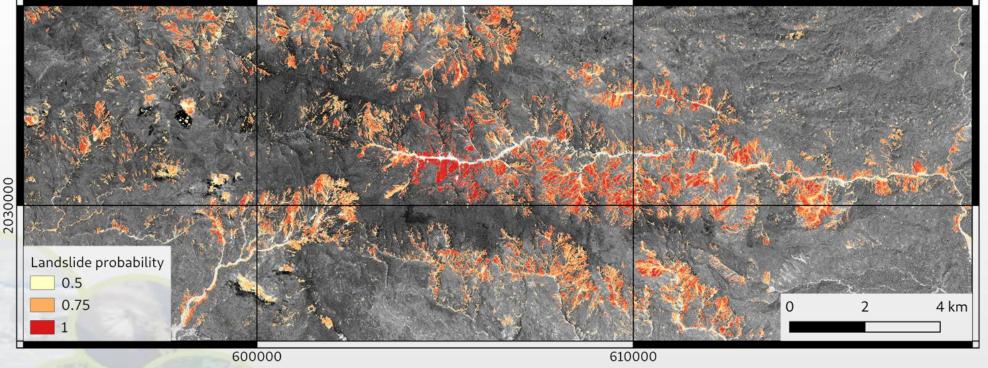
Source: Pléiades

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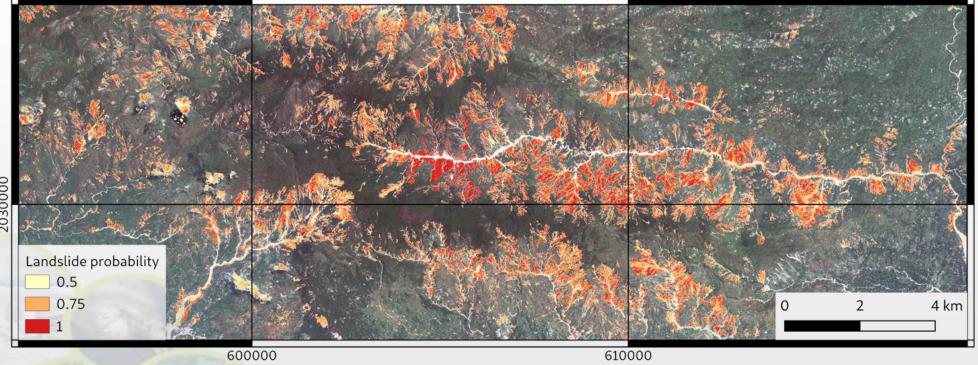
Source: Pléiades

Mono-date detection using machine learning

Post-event: 23/08/2021

Results: landslide detection probability

Credit: A. Déprez (EOST/A2S)



Landslide statistics in relation with topography, ETQ magnitude and rainfall amounts in progress











- We have made significant progress since June 2021!
- Satellite Acquisitions are continuing and still need some negotiations, particularly for Application 1
- A summary report from Application 2 (Morroco WB Project) will be developed and ultimately circulated
- Wrap up report for the Landslide Pilot will be completed by the end of the calendar year