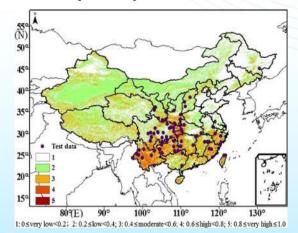


Aerospace Information Research Institute (AIR) Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS)









Progress for CEOS Landslide Pilot in Chinese Region

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Cordoba, 18-20 April, 2023



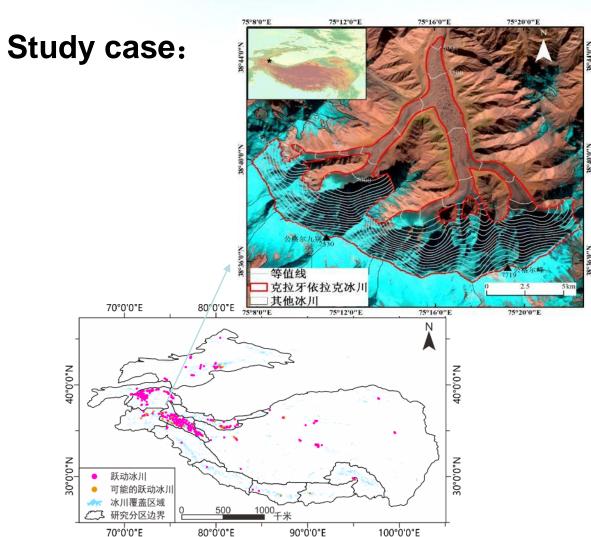
Objective:

- Feature database construction for the perception of slow and rapid evolutionary change in the cryosphere;
- Build algorithms for the perception of slow and rapid evolutionary change;
- Develop software for cryosphere environmental evolution perception

Key Variables:

- Cryosphere features: Glaciers, permafrost, deserts, snow
- Cryosphere environment: Ecology, hydrology, disasters, meteorology
- Cryosphere disasters: Glacier jumps, glacial mudslides, freeze-thaw landslides





- Date: May, 2015
- Location: Xinjiang province
- Landslide type: Glacier Mudslides
- Pastures and some houses were submerged by ice

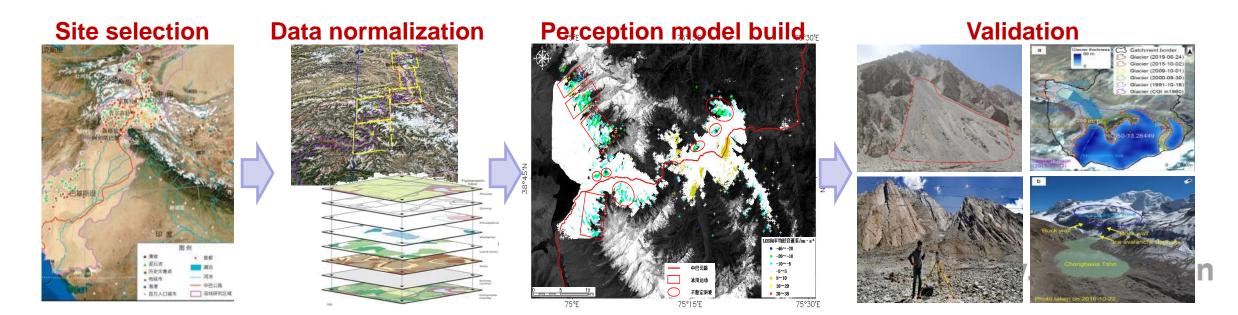
Target achievement:

- Algorithm of evolution perception model for cryosphere deformation
- Software of evolution perception for cryosphere deformation www.aircas.ac.cn



Steps:

- Sites selection: according to the frequency of disasters in local areas;
- Data normalization: Multiple source of data, meet the input requirement of the perception model;
- Perception model build: perception model based on test data, software;
- Validation: ground-based data applied, support the modification of the perception model.





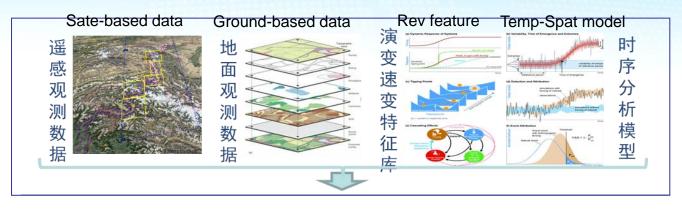
Data collected:

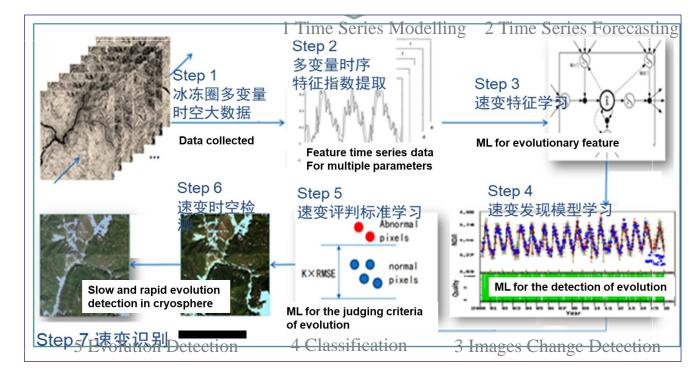
Assistant data	Meteorological data	Near-ground meteorological data of study region
	Geographic data	soil texture data of study region
		Second Glacier inventory in China
		Plant functional types map in China
Satellite data	SAR data	Sentinel-1 SAR
	HR optical data	GF, Sentinel-2, Landsat
	MR optical data	MODIS,VIIRS
Validation data	Ground observation data	Snow depth data
	Other regional database	Frozen soil map in study region
		Dataset of glacier changes in study region
		Ice triggered disasters catalogue



Key strategy for optical images

- Analyzing the temporal and the spectral features of a time series images
- Rapid revolutionary detection
- ◆ The accuracy of the detection is up to84 percent due to our previous study



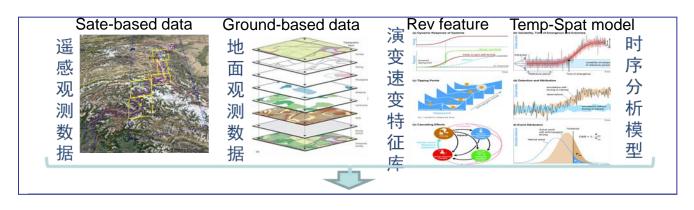


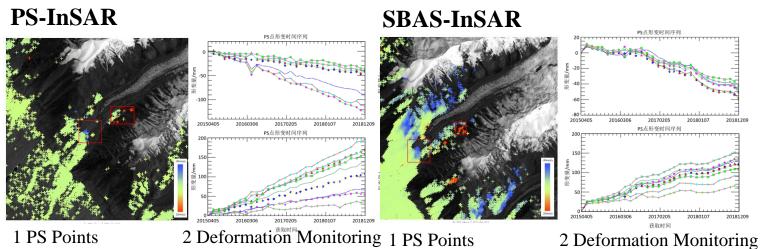


On-going project about cryosphere deformation detection

Key strategy for SAR images

- ◆ PS-InSAR and SBAS-InSAR methods are both applied;
- Mainly for the slow revolutionary conception.





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On-going project about cryosphere deformation detection

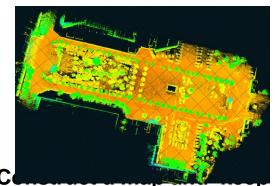
Ground Validation Methods:

Simultaneous localization and Mapping (SLAM) technology





(Inertial Measurement Unit)



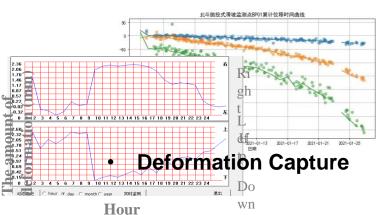
track of the location

Topographic Deformation Monitor



The Beidou /GNSS Monitoring System





UAV-borne lidar



Elevation point cloud mapping



On-going project about cryosphere deformation detection

□ Timeline

2022.11-2023.10(Year 1)

2023.11-2024.10(Year 2)

2024.11-2025.10(Year 3)

- Scheme
- Model algorithm
- **♦** Software prototyping

- Key technology
- Software prototype testing

- Iterative optimization
- Application demonstration

□ Milestones

2024. 5

■ Algorithm library and Core model

■ Software prototype

2025. 4

Model application and Validation 2025, 10

■ Software delivery

■ Project closure

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Next Steps

- Landslide Deformation detection algorithm
- Develop an algorithm for synergetic use of optical, SAR, UAV derived information to obtain a complete picture of the landslide situation
- Landslide detection system
- Establish a landslide detection system based on satellite and UAV observation for disaster management



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