CEOS Working Group

 on Information Systems and Services

WGISS Connected Data Assets

Error Handling Guide

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## Overview

The requirement to provide meaningful status messages to clients when exceptional conditions are encountered in OpenSearch request and response processing is a challenge. Moving forward with the WGISS Connected Data Assets (WCDA) will require additional coordination with both FedEO and with new remote data partners, while at the same time attempting to minimize the need for additional development initiatives.

For OpenSearch, the capabilities for exception handling are more meager, relying almost exclusively on HTTP status codes with little supplemental information.

The aim of this document is to provide information on how clients and servers in the Connected Data Assets framework handle exceptional error situations and to present use cases as a starting point for discussion about strategies for handling additional issues.

## Current Exception Handling

### OpenSearch/Atom

#### CEOS-BP-017 - Exception codes [Recommended]

WGISS Connected Data Assets (WCDA) servers currently support the CEOS Best Practices recommendations for handling errors in the request/response cycle. In particular, the OpenSearch Geo and Time Extensions [OGC 10-032r8] recommends the use of HTTP status codes as following, 4xx for client errors, and 5xx for server errors.

* 400 Bad Request: The request has an invalid syntax (i.e. badly formatted geometry)
* 413 Request Entity Too Large: The request originates too many returnable hits
* 415 Unsupported media type: Media type in the request is not available or valid.
* 500 Internal Server Error: Default code for the server side for an execution error.
* 501 Not Implemented: When requesting an unimplemented feature
(e.g. relation operator not supported).
* 503 Service Unavailable: When the search service is temporarily not available
(due to overload or other reasons).
* 504 Gateway Timeout: When the search engine is a broker or aggregator to other services that fail to produce an answer within a giving time frame.

CEOS OpenSearch implementations are recommended to support these codes.

## Use Cases

### Server limits

**Use Case**: A user wants to request a search for granules obtained within the last calendar year. The remote server permits requests only for six months at a time. How should the user’s client be informed that the temporal range of the request is too large?

**Discussion**: Remote data servers can have internal limits on search dimensions for reasons of resource limitation, search time or other outside constraints. There is not a good way to communicate those limitations through the WCDA proxy back to remote clients within the constraints of the OpenSearch OSDD. These are not conventional limitations such as spatial or temporal boundaries. More commonly, they are constraints on spatial footprint, temporal range, or result set size, among others.

The issue for WCDA partners is to determine how to identify such limits from remote server and how to inform clients before submitting request so that requests can be well-formed and comply with the available limitations. Examples may include limits on the size of the spatial footprint (search area must be less than 20 square degrees), temporal range (search range must be less than 3 months) or result set size (search must yield fewer than 1000 results). These are not generally known *a priori*.

### Time outs

**Use Case**: A user submits a valid search for granules to a remote data collection. The search has a large spatial footprint and seems to take a long time and then the remote server connection disappears.

**Use Case**: A user submits a valid search for granules and requests a maximum of 10000 hits. Before a response is received, the connection to the remote server disappears.

**Discussion**: Searches occasionally can take longer than the time the HTTP connection can be maintained, and the connection may terminate before the search completes. The time it takes a search to run to completion cannot be anticipated by the remote data provider. To the client, a long running search may just disappear without indicating an error. How should the client be made aware that the error is due to a search timeout because the search took too long to complete?

### Http status code extensions?

It is possible, although not advisable, to extend the standard HTTP status codes to indicate special types of errors. Since these are not standardized response codes, naïve clients may not recognize them although specialized WCDA clients may be aware of their meaning. Should WGISS data partners adopt specialized, non-standard HTTP status codes to provide more detailed information about possible errors?

### Atom response text?

For OpenSearch, it may be possible to provide some predictable descriptive text in the (Atom) HTTP response body in addition to the HTTP status code in the HTTP response header. This might, at least in the case of OpenSearch, provide additional annotative text on the cause of errors that clients could incorporate to better inform users of problems with the request and give some guidance to formulating more successful requests. An implication of this is that clients should not assume responses are Atom. In case of errors, the server might return an HTML exception report.

For non-fatal exceptions, the atom response may be extended with additional information (e.g. by including additional diagnostics information[[1]](#footnote-1) ). In case of fatal exceptions, the HTTP message body may not contain an Atom feed but an alternative structure. See for instance the use of ows:Exception Report in FedEO (Annex B).

### OpenSearch <os:query> Feedback

The Atom response typically contains an <os:Query role=”request” …/> element which echoes the original user request parameters. In case the original request parameters are not acceptable to the server due to server limits, the server may decide to alter the parameters (e.g. reduce a temporal or geographical constraint) and inform the client about this by including one or more <os:Query role=”correction” totalResults=”..” title=”..” …/>[[2]](#footnote-2) response elements with a corrected set of search parameters. In addition the server can include a “title” attribute describing the modification, e.g. title=”Time interval should be less than 1 year.” and an indication of how many responses it will return for the modified query.

<os:Query eo:parentIdentifier="LANDSAT.ETM.GTC" role="request" time:end="2010-01-31T00:00:00Z" time:start="2000-01-01T00:00:00Z"/>

<os:Query eo:parentIdentifier="LANDSAT.ETM.GTC" role="correction" time:end="2001-01-31T00:00:00Z" time:start="2000-01-01T00:00:00Z" totalResults=”37695” title=”Time interval should be maximum one year.”/>

### Distributed Search

**Use Case**: The asset broker/gateway may need to combine results from two remote metadata sources for responding to a client request. In case one of the data partners provides results and the other data partner raises an exception, the broker must be able to return partial results and inform the client that the set of responses is incomplete. This requires a mechanism for non-fatal exceptions, thus returning an Atom feed with the partial results in combination with a diagnostic message informing the client about the exception.

# Appendix A - WCDA Exceptions and HTTP Status Codes

The accepted mechanism for handling errors in the OpenSearch environment is to use HTTP Status Codes for designating errors. It is, however, possible to return supplementary, human-readable text along with the status code, so this document defines the HTTP Status Code associated with each exception defined in the WCDA Exception Handling document.

In general, 4xx status codes, i.e., client errors, will refer to the server to do the basic syntax checking on incoming requests. A few may be related to internal server errors.

The 5xx status codes, *i.e.*, server errors, will generally refer to problems in connecting to or parsing responses from the remote data provider system, since these exceptions are generally not correctable nor controllable locally.

## XML Errors

### Invalid XML Request

* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: UNABLE\_TO\_PARSE\_REQUEST - Incoming request payload could not be parsed

### Incoming Search Request

* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: MISSING\_REQUEST - Request query string not specified
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: UNRECOGNIZED\_REQUEST – Request not recognized
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: INVALID\_QUERYABLES - Requested parameter value(s) not valid. Check OSDD to get the supported parameters
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: INVALID\_STARTPOSITION – Requested startIndex or startPage was not a positive integer
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: INVALID\_MAXRECORDS – Requested maxRecords was not a positive integer
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: MISSING\_DATASET – No dataset identifier defined in this request
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: INVALID\_DATASET – Unrecognized dataset identifier
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: INVALID\_STARTDATE\_VALUE – startTime not valid. Supported formats are 'yyyy-MM-dd', 'yyyy-MM-ddTHH:mm:ssZ' or 'yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss'
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: INVALID\_ENDDATE\_VALUE – endTime not valid. Supported formats are 'yyyy-MM- dd', 'yyyy-MM-ddTHH:mm:ssZ' or 'yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss'
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: INCONSISTENT\_START\_END\_DATE\_VALUES – Start date and time must be before end date and time
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: MISSING\_BBOX – boundingBox not found in this request and is required by data provider
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: INVALID\_QUERYABLE – Parameter specified in request is incorrect
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: MISSING\_RECORDID – No uid element specified in request and is required by data provider
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: MISSING\_RECORDID\_VALUE – No uid value specified in request
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: INVALID\_RECORDID – Found unrecognized record identifier
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_EXCEPTION: INVALID\_DATASET – Found unrecognized dataset from the record identifier

##

## Request Limitations & Data Validation

### Request Limitations

* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: TOO\_MANY\_RECORDS – The request asked for more records than can be handled
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: TEMPEXTENT\_TOO\_BIG – The request asked for a larger temporal extent than can be handled
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: SPATIAL\_TOO\_BIG – The request asked for a larger spatial extent than can be handled
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: UNSUPPORTED\_PARAMETER – The requested parameter was not supported
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: UNSUPPORTED\_MULTIPLE\_DATASET – The request asked for multiple datasets in single GetRecords request
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: MISSING\_TEMPORAL\_RANGE – Temporal range parameters are required by the requested catalog
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: INVALID\_RECORDID\_FORMAT – Found unrecognized record identifier

### Data Validation

* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: BAD\_LL\_LON\_VALUE – Longitude of lower left corner is not numeric
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: INVALID\_LL\_LON\_VALUE – Longitude of lower left corner should be between [-180.0, 180.0]
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: BAD\_UR\_LON\_VALUE – Longitude of upper right corner is not numeric
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: INVALID\_UR\_LON\_VALUE – Longitude of upper right corner should be between [-180.0, 180.0]
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: BAD\_LL\_LAT\_VALUE – Latitude of lower left corner is not numeric
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: INVALID\_LL\_LAT\_VALUE – Latitude of lower left corner should be between [-90.0, 90.0]
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: BAD UR\_LAT\_VALUE – Latitude of upper right corner is not numeric
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: INVALID\_UR\_LAT\_VALUE – Latitude of upper right corner should be between [-90.0, 90.0]
* **(400 Bad Request)** REQUEST\_LIMITATION: INCONSISTENT\_LAT\_VALUES – Latitude of lower left corner cannot be greater than upper right corner

## Remote System & Communication Errors

* **(500 Internal Server Error)** COMM\_EXCEPTION: REMOTE\_SEARCH\_FAILED – Could not reach remote server
Generally, this means the remote server is down.
* **(500 Internal Server Error)** COMM\_EXCEPTION: REMOTE\_SEARCH\_FAILED – Server returned error
The search failed and returned an HTTP error. The exception message contains the error text returned by the server.
* **(504 Gateway Timeout)** COMM\_EXCEPTION: NO\_RESPONSE – Failed to get response from remote server
The connection to remote server timed out.
* **(500 Internal Server Error)** COMM\_EXCEPTION: NO\_CONNECTION\_INFO – No connection information is available. Contact support staff.
* **(500 Internal Server Error)** COMM\_EXCEPTION: INVALID\_CONNECTION\_INFO – Connection information is not valid for opening a connection to the remote server. Contact support staff.
* **(502 Bad Gateway)** COMM\_EXCEPTION: UNABLE\_TO\_PARSE\_RESPONSE – Response from remote server could not be parsed (e.g., the connector received a bad response from the remote server)
* **(502 Bad Gateway)** COMM\_EXCEPTION: UNRECOGNIZED\_RESPONSE – Response from remote server could not be successfully converted to a valid response.

## Other Exceptions

* **(500 Internal Server Error)** NumberFormatException – Conversion from string to numeric failed
* **(500 Internal Server Error)** CONFIG\_EXCEPTION: FILE\_READ\_ERROR – unable to read contents of file
* **(500 Internal Server Error)** CONFIG\_EXCEPTION: FILE\_OPEN\_ERROR – unable to open file for reading
* **(500 Internal Server Error)** VALIDATION\_ERROR – error in validating XML (not user-accessible)
* **(500 Internal Server Error)** CONFIG\_EXCEPTION: CONFIGURATION\_ERROR – connection configuration could not be read. Contact the support staff

# Appendix B - FedEO Exceptions and HTTP Status Codes

The HTTP message body may contain a standard ows:ExceptionReport element as defined in OGC 06-121r9, OGC Web Services Common Standard[[3]](#footnote-3) (chapter 8). An OpenSearch exception response has 4 elements:

• HTTP exception code 4XX or 5XX as per OGC 13-026r8

• ows:Exception exceptionCode: as per table 28 of OGC 06-121r9,

• ows:Exception exceptionLocator: as per OGC 06-121r9,

• ows:ExceptionText with a human readable message as per OGC 06-121r9

Example 1: OpenSearch response in case of exceptions

HTTP/1.1 400 Bad Request

Content-Type: application/xml

…

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<ows:ExceptionReport xmlns:ows="https://www.opengis.net/ows/2.0" xmlns:xsi="https://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:schemaLocation="https://www.opengis.net/ows/2.0 https://schemas.opengis.net/ows/2.0/owsExceptionReport.xsd" version="1.0.0" xml:lang="en">

 <ows:Exception exceptionCode="InvalidParameterValue" locator="httpAccept">

 <ows:ExceptionText>MIME type {application/rdf+xml} is not supported for dataset series {urn:ogc:def:EOP:MDA-GSI:RSAT2\_NRT}.</ows:ExceptionText>

 </ows:Exception>

</ows:ExceptionReport>

The following table lists the possible exceptions.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***HTTP exception Code*** | ***OWS exceptionCode*** | ***OWS ExceptionText*** |
| 400 | InvalidParameterValue | Parameter {PARAM\_NAME} has an invalid value. |
| 400 | InvalidParameterValue | Parameter {PARAM\_NAME} should be a number. |
| 400 | InvalidParameterValue | Parameter {PARAM\_NAME} should be an integer. |
| 400 | InvalidParameterValue | Missing parameter {PARAM\_NAME}. |
| 400 | InvalidParameterValue | Parameter {PARAM\_NAME} should be a number and between [UPPER\_BOUND,LOWER\_BOUND]. |
| 400 | InvalidParameterValue | Parameter {PARAM\_NAME} should be a range. |
| 400 | InvalidParameterValue | Parameter {PARAM\_NAME} should have upper bound value. |
| 400 | InvalidParameterValue | Could not find dataset series {IDENTIFIER\_VALUE} in the system configuration. |
| 400 | InvalidParameterValue | {time:end} must be after {time:start} |
| 400 | InvalidParameterValue | Parameter {PARAM\_NAME} is not supported by dataset series {IDENTIFIER\_VALUE}. |
| 401  | InvalidParameterValue | Missing parameter credentials. |
| 403 | InvalidParameterValue | Forbidden. Your credentials were checked, but you have no access. |
| 415 | InvalidParameterValue | MIME type {MIME\_TYPE} is not supported for dataset series {IDENTIFIER\_VALUE}. |
| 500 | NoApplicableCode | Internal Server Error. |
| 500 | NoApplicableCode | {Error message received from backend catalogue} |
| 501 | InvalidParameterValue | Parameter {PARAM\_NAME} is not supported by dataset series {IDENTIFIER\_VALUE}. |

Table 1: List of exception codes

1. https://docs.oasis-open.org/search-ws/searchRetrieve/v1.0/os/part3-sru2.0/searchRetrieve-v1.0-os-part3-sru2.0.html#diagnostics [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. https://www.opensearch.org/Specifications/OpenSearch/1.1/Draft\_5#OpenSearch\_Query\_element [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. https://portal.opengeospatial.org/files/?artifact\_id=38867 [↑](#footnote-ref-3)